

Projection column Aggregate

SELECT student.name, **MAX**(enrolled.score)

FROM student, enrolled \leftarrow Query tables

WHERE student_id = enrolled.student_id \leftarrow Join conditions and student.level = 'senior' \leftarrow Query conditions

GROUP BY student.student_id \leftarrow GROUP BY clause

HAVING COUNT (enrolled.course_id) > $2 \leftarrow$ **HAVING clause**

ORDER BY student.name ← ORDER BY clause

SELECT student.name, < Aggregate>

FROM student, enrolled

WHERE student.student_id = enrolled.student_id

and < Query Condition>

GROUP BY < Column Name(s)>

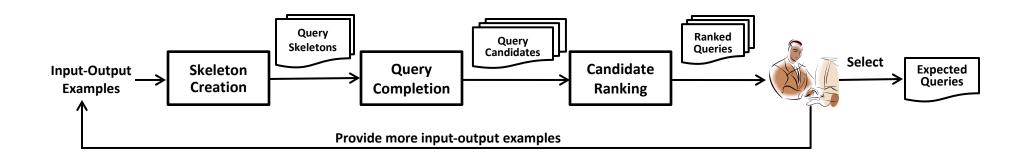
HAVING < Query Condition>
ORDER BY < Column Name(s)>

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name	score
Bob	1
ВОВ	4
Dan	5
	•
Jim	2

- (a) The input table: student (b)
- (b) The output table
- 1. select name from student where score > 2



Aggregation Features

student_id	course_id	score	name	level
1	1	4	Adam	senior
1	2	2	Adam	senior
2	1	3	Bob	junior
2	2	2	Bob	junior
2	3	3	Bob	junior
3	2	1	Erin	senior
4	1	4	Rob	junior
4	3	4	Rob	junior
5	2	5	Dan	senior
5	3	2	Dan	senior
5	4	1	Dan	senior
6	2	4	Peter	senior
6	4	5	Peter	senior
7	1	2	Sai	senior
7	3	3	Sai	senior
7	4	4	Sai	senior

Aggregation reatures					
Group by student_id					
COUNT(course_id)	MAX(score)				
2	4				
2	4				
3	3				
3	3				
3	3				
1	1				
2	4				
2	4				
3	5				
3	5				
3	5				
2	5				
2	5				
3	4				
3	4				
3	4				
·	·				

(d)

COUNT(course_id) >2
&& level = "senior"

student_id	course_id	score	name	level
5	2	5	Dan	senior
5	3	2	Dan	senior
5	4	1	Dan	senior
7	1	2	Sai	senior
7	3	3	Sai	senior
7	4	4	Sai	senior

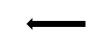
(b)

Project on column: name, and aggregate: MAX(score)

name	max_score
Dan	5
Sai	4
Sai	4

(c)

(a)



(e)

group by student_id

stı	udent_id	course_id	score	name	level
	5	2	5	Dan	senior
	5	3	2	Dan	senior
	5	4	1	Dan	senior
id	7	1	2	Sai	senior
	7	3	3	Sai	senior
	7	4	4	Sai	senior

student_id	course_id	score	name	level
2	1	3	Bob	junior
2	2	2	Bob	junior
2	3	3	Bob	junior
5	2	5	Dan	senior
5	3	2	Dan	senior
5	4	1	Dan	senior
7	1	2	Sai	senior
7	3	3	Sai	senior
7	4	4	Sai	senior

	Aggregation Features													
An ir	•		Group by C1			Group by C2					Comparison Features			
tak	ie													
C1	C2	COUNT (C2)	COUNT(DISTINCT C2)	MIN(C2)	MAX(C2)	AVG(C2)	COUNT(C1)	COUNT(DISTINCT C1)	MIN(C1)	MAX(C1)	AVG(C1)	C1 = C2	C1 < C2	C1 > C2
2	4	3	2	1	4	2	1	1	2	2	2	0	1	0
2	1	3	2	1	4	2	3	2	1	2	5/3	0	0	1
2	1	3	2	1	4	2	3	2	1	2	5/3	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	2	5/3	1	0	0

Column1	Column2	Column3	Column 4
101	2001	3020	01-01-11
101	2001	3002	02-01-11
101	2001	3001	03-01-11
102	2002	3002	01-01-11

Column1	Column2	Column 3
20011	2001	200131
20012	2001	200132
20013	2001	200133

Column1	Column 2
20011	Site
20012	Site
20013	Site

from T1, T2, T3

where T1.Column2 = T2.Column2
and T2.Column1 = T3.Column1

group by T2.Column3

T3 (right)

(b) A SQL query inferred by SQLSythensizer

(c) The output table

101	200131	01-01-11	Site
101	200132	01-01-11	Site
101	200133	01-01-11	Site

student_id	name	level
1	Adam	senior
2	Bob	junior
3	Erin	senior
4	Rob	junior
5	Dan	senior
6	Peter	senior
7	Sai	senior

student_id	course_id	score
1	1	4
1	2	2
2	1	3
2	2	2
2 2 3	3	3
3	2	1
4 4	1	4 4
4	3	
5	2	5
5	3	2
5	4	1
6	2	4
6	4	5
7	1	2
7	3	3
7	4	4

name	max_score
Dan	5
Sai	5

SELECT student.name, **MAX**(enrolled.score) FROM student, enrolled

WHERE student.student_id = enrolled.student_id
 and student.level = 'senior'

GROUP BY student.student_id
HAVING COUNT(enrolled.course_id) > 2

(a) Two input tables: student (Left) and enrolled (Right)

(b) A SQL query inferred by SQLSynthesizer

(c) An output table