

## Projection column Aggregate

**SELECT** student.name, **MAX**(enrolled.score)

**FROM** student, enrolled  $\leftarrow$  Query tables

WHERE student\_id = enrolled.student\_id  $\leftarrow$  Join conditions and student.level = 'senior'  $\leftarrow$  Query conditions

**GROUP BY** student.student\_id  $\leftarrow$  GROUP BY clause

**HAVING COUNT** (enrolled.course\_id) >  $2 \leftarrow$  **HAVING clause** 

ORDER BY student.name ← ORDER BY clause

name	score
Bob	4
Dan	5
Jim	2

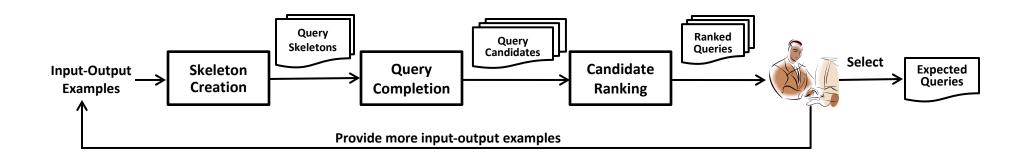


(a) An input table: student (b) An output table

(b) An output table: Student (b) An output table

1. SELECT name FROM student WHERE score > 2

2. SELECT name FROM student WHERE score > 2



## **Aggregation Features**

student_id	course_id	score	name	level
1	1	4	Adam	senior
1	2	2	Adam	senior
2	1	3	Bob	junior
2	2	2	Bob	junior
2	3	3	Bob	junior
3	2	1	Erin	senior
4	1	4	Rob	junior
4	3	4	Rob	junior
5	2	5	Dan	senior
5	3	2	Dan	senior
5	4	1	Dan	senior
6	2	4	Peter	senior
6	4	5	Peter	senior
7	1	2	Sai	senior
7	3	3	Sai	senior
7	4	5	Sai	senior

Aggregation reatures						
Group by <b>student_id</b>						
COUNT(course_id) MAX(score)						
2	4					
2	4					
3	3					
3	3					
3	3					
1	1					
2	4					
2	4					
3	5					
3	5					
3	5					
2	5					
2	5					
3	4					
3	4					
3	4					

(d)

<del></del>
COUNT(course_id) >2
&& level = "senior"

student_id	course_id	score	name	level
5	2	5	Dan	senior
5	3	2	Dan	senior
5	4	1	Dan	senior
7	1	2	Sai	senior
7	3	3	Sai	senior
7	4	5	Sai	senior

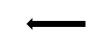
(b)

Project tuples on column: name, and aggregate: MAX(score)

name	max_score
Dan	5
Sai	5

(c)

(a)



(e)

group by student\_id

	student_id	course_id	score	name	level
	5	2	5	Dan	senior
	5	3	2	Dan	senior
	5	4	1	Dan	senior
_	id 7	1	2	Sai	senior
	7	3	3	Sai	senior
	7	4	4	Sai	senior

student_id	course_id	score	name	level
2	1	3	Bob	junior
2	2	2	Bob	junior
2	3	3	Bob	junior
5	2	5	Dan	senior
5	3	2	Dan	senior
5	4	1	Dan	senior
7	1	2	Sai	senior
7	3	3	Sai	senior
7	4	4	Sai	senior

## Aggregation Features

An input table

table				
C2				
4				
1				
1				
1				

		Group by	C1					Group by <b>C</b>	2		
COUNT (C2)	COUNT (DISTINCT C2)	MIN(C2)	MAX (C2)	SUM(C2)	AVG (C2)	COUNT (C1)	COUNT (DISTINCT C1)	MIN(C1)	MAX (C1)	SUM(C1)	AVG (C1)
3	2	1	4	6	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
3	2	1	4	6	2	3	2	1	2	5	5/3
3	2	1	4	6	2	3	2	1	2	5	5/3
1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	2	5	5/3

**Comparison Features** 

C1 = C2	C1 < C2	C1 > C2
0	1	0
0	0	1
0	0	1
1	0	0

Column1	Column2	Column3	Column 4
101	2001	3020	01-01-11
101	2001	3002	02-01-11
101	2001	3001	03-01-11
102	2002	3002	01-01-11

Column1	Column2	Column 3
20011	2001	200131
20012	2001	200132
20013	2001	200133

Column1	Column 2
20011	Site
20012	Site
20013	Site

**from** T1, T2, T3

where T1.Column2 = T2.Column2
and T2.Column1 = T3.Column1

group by T2.Column3

T3 (right)

(b) A SQL query inferred by SQLSythensizer

(c) The output table

101	200131	01-01-11	Site
101	200132	01-01-11	Site
101	200133	01-01-11	Site

student_id	name	level
1	Adam	senior
2	Bob	junior
3	Erin	senior
4	Rob	junior
5	Dan	senior
6	Peter	senior
7	Sai	senior

student_id	course_id	score
1	1	4
1	2	2
2	1	3
2	2	2
2 2 2 3	3	3
3	2	1
4 4 5	1	4 4
4	3	
5	2	5
5	3	2
5	4	1
6	2	4
6	4	5
7	1	2
7	3	3
7	4	5

name	max_score
Dan	5
Sai	5

**SELECT** student.name, **MAX**(enrolled.score)

FROM student, enrolled

WHERE student.student\_id = enrolled.student\_id
 and student.level = 'senior'

GROUP BY student.student\_id
HAVING COUNT(enrolled.course\_id) > 2

(a) Two input tables: student (Left) and enrolled (Right)

**(b)** A SQL query inferred by SQLSynthesizer

(c) An output table