action	
repair or replace the unloading valve	
repair or replace the pump	
adjust the relief valve	_
adjust the rener valve	

,
open the discharge valve
inspect the line for broken or loose connections to determine the source of the leak
inspect the line for broken or loose connections to determine the source of the leak
report this as an engineering problem; it may require design changes. clean filters

report this as an engineering problem; it may require design changes. clean filters
report this as an engineering problem; it may require design changes
increase the supply source level
moreuse the supply source level.
ah ah kha ayaki ay ayakan ayah ahayda fay aiyiyayaa iifkha ayyaa ia fayya ayyad ah ah ka ay if
check the suction system and glands for air ingress. if the source is from a pond, check to see if
there are any whirlpools sucking air into the system. throttle the pump to reduce the rate of
withdrawal from the supply source

perform vibration analysis to determine the source of the problem(s). mechanical maintenance should conduct alignment checks and make the necessary adjustments
perform vibration analysis to determine the source of the problem. mechanical maintenance
should conduct balancing corrections
lower the suction temperature
increase the clearance at the exit tips of vanes to eliminate and avoid discharge restrictions
6

have maintenance open the pump casing and remove any obstruction that may be there. check to ensure that there is no further damage
to ensure that there is no further damage
inspect the oil well sight glasses, or check the dipsticks. add lubricant as necessary. determine if
the proper grade of lubricant is being used. change the lubricant if necessary
the pump should be turned frequently when it is on standby to avoid false brinelling and other
surface defects on bearings
contact mechanical maintenance to have the installation checked

check the direction of the arrow that is usually cast on the casing to verify the rotation direction. have electricians check the wiring connections and correct them
direction. Have electricians theta the wiring connections and correct them
check the direction of the arrow that is usually cast on the casing to verify the rotation
direction. have electricians check the wiring connections and correct them
check the direction of the arrow that is usually cast on the casing to verify the rotation direction. have electricians check the wiring connections and correct them
have mechanical maintenance verify the impeller mounting and reverse the impeller on the
shaft

have maintenance verify and correct the problem
check the pressure differential across the filter. if the differential is too high, change and clean filters
throttle the discharge valve until the rated capacity is reached
perform phase angle analysis to determine piping misalignment. perform soft-foot analysis. check to see if the correct grease is used and correct application. determine if the bearing was installed per manufacturer's procedure

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perform phase angle analysis to determine piping misalignment. perform soft-foot analysis.
check to see if the correct grease is used and correct application. determine if the bearing was installed per manufacturer's procedure
use the maintenance management tracking system to see if the bearing was replaced in an emergency with a substitute bearing because it was
close enough

and the substitute was never replaced with the correct one
and the substitute was hever replaced with the correct one
tighten the glands slightly. check the suction line for leaks
tighten the gianus slightly. Check the suction line for leaks
replace wear rings. determine correct wear ring clearances
replace wear rings. determine correct wear ring clearances

determine the proper size of the foot valve
determine the correct speed and specific gravity or viscosity. a design change may be required
replace the shaft
replace the shart
remove the shaft and inspect

accon the gland clightly if the striffing havis to stight
oosen the gland slightly if the stuffing box is too tight
contace the rings
replace the rings
replace the rings
epiace the rings
concult with the lubricant manufacturer to verify the correct grade of lubricant, and replace the
consult with the lubricant manufacturer to verify the correct grade of lubricant, and replace the
old grease or oil with the correct one

add oil until the oil level is just below the center of the lowest ball or roller in the bearing
purge the bearing until only the lower half is 1/2 to 2/3 full of grease
purge the bearing until only the lower half is 1/2 to 2/3 full of grease
replace with a bearing that meets the original design specification

determine what the true bore is and scrape the housing to relieve the pinching of the bearing
check the running clearance of the rotating seal to eliminate rubbing. check the alignment of
the bearing
<u> </u>
check the running clearance of the rotating seal to eliminate rubbing. check the alignment of
the bearing
the bearing
the bearing

rebalance the machine. replace the housing with one having the correct size bore
clean the clogged holes to vent the oil gauge. ensure bearing material is not the clogging agent.
if it is, the bearing may have to be overhauled or replaced
in it is, the bearing may have to be overhauled or replaced
ah ada ail an an fan bha na ahina an duna bha annsash an da af lubui an b
check oil specs for the machine, and use the correct grade of lubricant
clean out the bearing housing. replace any worn seals
diedii ode tile sedi ilig ilodsilig. Fepidee dii y worii sedis

rotate chafts 1/4 turn in all stationary machines at least once nor two weeks
rotate shafts 1/4 turn in all stationary machines at least once per two weeks
ensure insulation and grounding gear are in good order
add a shroud or a finger to throw off any foreign matter
annefully along the housing and always are fought to the start
carefully clean the housing and always use fresh lubricant

efully clean the housing and always use fresh lubricant
place the bearing
place the bearing without hammering any part of it. use a press to install the bearing or
formly heat or chill bearing to set it
to thing fieur of ethin bearing to see it
place the bearing without hammering any part of it. use a press to install the bearing or
formly heat or chill bearing to set it
formly heat of chill bearing to set it
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· ·

check every moving part for interference. reset the parts to provide the necessary clearance
rebalance the unit. replace the housing with one that has the correct size bore
carefully examine the bearing for wear spots that are separated by the distance equal to the
spacing of the balls. replace the bearings
Spacing of the sansi replace the scalings
romaching the chaft fillet to obtain the correct curport
remachine the shaft fillet to obtain the correct support
remachine the shaft fillet to obtain the correct support
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remachine the shaft fillet to obtain the correct support

remachine the housing fillet to obtain the correct support. check the manufacturer's tolerance
measurement guides
check the running clearance of the rotating seals to eliminate rubbing
replace with a new bearing without hammering it into place. follow the bearing manufacturer's
fitting recommendations
remachine the housing fillet to relieve stress. remachining may require a shoulder collar

check the balance of the machine. rebalance the machine if necessary
remachine the parts to obtain squareness. ensure that there is a radius machined in at the root of the shoulder to minimize stress riser
remachine the parts to obtain squareness. ensure that there is a radius machined in at the root
of the shoulder to minimize stress riser
metalize the shaft, and regrind it to obtain a proper fit. retighten the adapter to get a firmer grip on the shaft

metallize and regrind the shaft to the proper size. stress relieve shaft before putting it back into service
remachine the shaft fillet to relieve stress. this may require a shoulder collar to be fitted
remachine the housing shoulder to clear the seal
grind and hone the shaft to obtain a proper fit between the inner ring of the bearing and the shaft

remachine the housing shoulder to clear the seal
grind and hone the shaft to obtain a proper fit between the inner ring of the bearing and the
shaft
shim the pillow blocks to correct the alignment. ensure that the shafts are coupled in a straight
line. this is especially important when three or more bearings operate on one shaft
ine. this is especially important when three or more bearings operate on one shart
remachine the housing fillet to obtain the proper support
remaining the housing finet to obtain the proper support

rework the shaft, the housing, or both to obtain a proper fit. a new shaft may be required
, , ,
and the edge water baffing to discount the discount of the eighteen
provide adequate baffling to divert the direction of the airflow
use a thin layer of gasket cement to seal off the leakage. shutdown the equipment if the
leakage is excessive
always carefully clean the housing and use fresh lubricant
always carefully clean the housing and use fresh lubricant
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tighten the packing enough to stop the leak
repack the gland with new, correctly sized packing rings
check the number of packing rings that should be in the gland. repack the gland with sufficient turns
stagger the ring butts by placing the first at 0°, the next at 180°, and then a 90°-270°. repeat
the rotating sequence until the stuffing box is filled

raplace the value ctam, check why it is seered first
replace the valve stem. check why it is scored first
replace with the correct grade
replace with the correct grade
adjust the gland follower to correctly place the follower at a 90° angle to the stem axis

replace the gasket with a new one. smear the gasket surfaces with a suitable lubricant to help
preserve it
preserve it
replace the gasket with a new one. smear the gasket surfaces with a suitable lubricant to help
preserve it
preserve te
replace the gasket with a new one. smear the gasket surfaces with a suitable lubricant to help
preserve it
preserve it
replace the gasket. gaskets should always be cut with a circular cutter and holes put in using a
belt punch

replace with the correct gasket material. the most expensive material is not always the best.
use the gasket material that is recommended for the application
replace with a new gasket. new gaskets should always be used for replacements. never reuse
the old gasket
adjust the packing until the valve operates easily
check the drawing for the correct number of turns required, and adjust

brook the joint, and correctly realign the pine to the valve, align pining with zero cold caring
break the joint, and correctly realign the pipe to the valve. align piping with zero cold spring
straighten the stem to +/- 0.002" tir max
Stranger the Stem to 1/ Stock the man
check the specifications, and replace with the proper handwheel
i see and a see a se
clean the threads, using thread chaser

contact maintenance. to prevent this problem from occurring, avoid forcing the valve into the seat in high temperature systems
scat in high temperature systems
avaid twicting value hady, aspecially shock values, gate values, and butterfly values
avoid twisting valve body, especially check valves, gate valves, and butterfly valves
avoid twisting valve body, especially check valves, gate valves, and butterfly valves
adjust the valve to fully open or fully closed. gate valves are not designed to control or throttle
flow. do not use them for this function

install spring hangers, and check the valve to the piping nozzle alignment. piping to valve alignment should have zero-cold-spring. in other words, both connections should be perfectly aligned with each other with no stress open or shut the valve completely. the gate valve should always be fully open or shut
open of shut the valve completely. the gate valve should always be fully open of shut
change the mass by stiffening the valve. add a weight to the pipe as close as possible to the valve
change the valve for a non-rising stem valve

ghten the yoke nut
shiell the yoke hat
ution: during throttling operations, do not close the valve far enough to induce a high-
tched screaming noise
aution: during throttling apprations, do not close the valve for anough to induce a high
ution: during throttling operations, do not close the valve far enough to induce a high-
tched screaming noise
achine the disc and seat to produce a very parrow contact hand around the seat and disc
achine the disc and seat to produce a very narrow contact band around the seat and disc
achine the disc and seat to produce a very narrow contact band around the seat and disc ces. ideally, maintain a 0.5° differential angle between the seat and disc faces

change the valve immediately if the valve is rated at 200 wog and 125 s and is operating in a 400-psi steam system
400-psi steam system
warning: if the valve is overpressurized, it is dangerous to operate at this pressure. it should be operating at no more than 200 psi in a water, oil, or gas system, and no more than 125 psi in
steam system
remove the stem, and check the tir. straighten the valve stem
change the valve. check piping alignment to the valve body. piping should have zero cold spring
with valve nozzle

add shims one at a time between the stem nut and disc shoulder until sufficient float is achieved
retighten the bonnet lock nut. warning: if this problem is not corrected, the valve may blow out and cause injury. to avoid this problem, do not force the stem to the backseat against the cover, particularly using a valve wrench
verify the need for a lock screw or tab by reading the drawing or manufacturer"s documentation, and reinstall the tab or lock screw if necessary. warning: never install a screwed bonnet globe valve in a high-pressure system or a dangerous substance system because the bonnet can become unscrewed if it is forced against the backseat
verify the setting, using a torque wrench to correct the setting if required

to each other and at the zero cold spring setpoint. always use a new gasket when installing a valve or making repairs if the compression is less than 60% and no other damage is apparent, then tighten the gasket to the correct setpoint. if the compression is greater than 60%, scrap the gasket, and replace it with a new gasket. flexitallic gasket corrugations must be compressed to a minimum of 60% of the original thickness for effective sealing. if the gasket is compressed beyond 90%, it becomes ineffective correct the setting, or contact maintenance. warning: ensure that a gag is not left in place or being used to try to stop leakage across valve seat. pressure tests the valve to lift at 110% of	loosen the bolts, and retighten properly. flange bolts need to be tightened sequentially around the bolt pitch circle. after the first nut is tightened snugly, go 180° across to the second nut, and tighten it snugly. go 90° to the third nut, and tighten it snugly. go 180° to tighten the fourth nut. repeat this sequence until all the bolts are snugly tightened. torque all nuts to specification in the same sequence to complete the tightening process
to the correct setpoint. if the compression is greater than 60%, scrap the gasket, and replace it with a new gasket. flexitallic gasket corrugations must be compressed to a minimum of 60% of the original thickness for effective sealing. if the gasket is compressed beyond 90%, it becomes ineffective correct the setting, or contact maintenance. warning: ensure that a gag is not left in place or being used to try to stop leakage across valve seat. pressure tests the valve to lift at 110% of	scrape the flange clean of all foreign material. ensure that the flange faces are properly aligned to each other and at the zero cold spring setpoint. always use a new gasket when installing a valve or making repairs
to the correct setpoint. if the compression is greater than 60%, scrap the gasket, and replace it with a new gasket. flexitallic gasket corrugations must be compressed to a minimum of 60% of the original thickness for effective sealing. if the gasket is compressed beyond 90%, it becomes ineffective correct the setting, or contact maintenance. warning: ensure that a gag is not left in place or being used to try to stop leakage across valve seat. pressure tests the valve to lift at 110% of	
being used to try to stop leakage across valve seat. pressure tests the valve to lift at 110% of	if the compression is less than 60% and no other damage is apparent, then tighten the gasket to the correct setpoint. if the compression is greater than 60%, scrap the gasket, and replace it with a new gasket. flexitallic gasket corrugations must be compressed to a minimum of 60% of the original thickness for effective sealing. if the gasket is compressed beyond 90%, it becomes ineffective
	correct the setting, or contact maintenance. warning: ensure that a gag is not left in place or being used to try to stop leakage across valve seat. pressure tests the valve to lift at 110% of the working pressure of the boiler

reface the seat face and disc face to maintain a 1/2 degree angle differential between the
points of contact
perform a visual inspection of the spring for cracks or breaks. if the spring can be taken off
valve without being broken, hang it on a string, and strike it very lightly with a peen hammer. if
the spring rings loudly and clearly, it does not have a crack. if the spring makes a clunking
sound, it is cracked. replace it
check the stem tir to ensure that the stem is not bent. straighten the stem if necessary
avaluate the current setucints to encure that they meet specifications
evaluate the current setpoints to ensure that they meet specifications

remove anything that should not be on the piping. piping and valves may be loaded down with
scaffolding or maintenance walkways. this can alter the mass, affecting the natural frequency and causing the scaffolding or walkways to vibrate in tune with a pump or motor having the same natural frequency. this vibration can have devastating results
ensure that the steam traps are operating and do not need maintenance. clean the traps as necessary. open the drain valves during any plant shutdown
check the direction arrow casting on the side of valve body. reverse the body installation if the directional arrow indicates that the valve is incorrectly installed
inspect and report the findings to maintenance. piping misalignment can distort the valve body and can cause the disc shaft trunnions to get out of alignment and bind up

check the valve seat to ensure that it did not kink or roll during installation. straighten as necessary take the stem out of the valve. and run a die-nut down the thread if it is a standard thread. if it
is an acme thread, use a thread chaser or a fine file to remove any imperfections
remove the shaft, and check tir. straighten the shaft, and reinstall in the valve
separate the pipe from the valve, and observe how far the pipe moves out of alignment. if the pipe is out of alignment, the pipe must be bent until it meets the valve nozzle with zero cold spring. warning: if a hand-operated valve cannot be moved without difficulty, it requires maintenance. never force a valve by using a wrench

separate the pipe from the valve, and observe how far the pipe moves out of alignment. if the
pipe is out of alignment, the pipe must be bent until it meets the valve nozzle with zero cold
spring. warning: if a hand-operated valve cannot be moved without difficulty, it requires
maintenance. never force a valve by using a wrench
, 3
contact maintenance and the machine shop to correct this problem and replace the valve
slacken off the gland follower, and allow the packing to move slightly
repack the valve

check the slack side span for 2% deflection, and adjust the chain tension as necessary
:heck the drive for proper lubrication. lubricate the drive as necessary
check the drive for proper lubrication. lubricate the drive as necessary
check the drive for proper lubrication. lubricate the drive as necessary
check the drive for proper lubrication. lubricate the drive as necessary
check the drive for proper lubrication. lubricate the drive as necessary
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check the drive for proper lubrication. lubricate the drive as necessary
check the drive for proper lubrication. lubricate the drive as necessary
check the drive for proper lubrication. lubricate the drive as necessary
check the chain and sprocket for wear, and have it replaced if worn
sheek the chain and sprocket for wear, and have it replaced it worm
check the alignment, and realign as necessary

draw up all bolts and brace the casings as required
aram ap an sons and brace the casings as required
check chain drive spec chart. change the chain
check for chain wear. replace chain as necessary
check chain tension. increase tension as needed

lean sprocket. eliminate cause of material buildup
otify the maintenance department
othy the maintenance department
hange the driver arrangement to get more sprocket-teeth in contact with the chain, or use an
dler take-up sprocket to increase the wrap
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dler take-up sprocket to increase the wrap
dler take-up sprocket to increase the wrap
dler take-up sprocket to increase the wrap

shook drive for proper speed, adjust as required
check drive for proper speed. adjust as required
check for the correct type and amount of lubricant
I check for the correct type and amount of lubricant
usa tha ail atuagus guatana ta lukuisata tha ahain
use the oil stream system to lubricate the chain
check the drive for obstructions, and check the guard design. remove all obstructions

check for chain wear and replace the chain as necessary
clean and lubricate the sprockets correctly
check the grade of the lubricant, and refer to the lubricant chart for that particular chain drive
configuration. replace with the recommended lubricant as necessary
correct the tension. the tension should be set to deflect 2% of the pitch between the driver and
the driven sprockets

and the first Comment and the comment of the commen
replace the bad joints or install a new chain
install a chain take-up or idler sprocket or adjust the centers of the sprockets
reduce the load where possible or replace the chain with one of suitable length
reduce the load where possible of replace the chain with one of sultable length
investigate why the chain is wearing in an irregular manner. replace the chain

have maintenance check the alignment and correct as necessary
replace the chain. provide the correct lubrication
replace the chain provide the correct actions.
clean and lubricate the chain correctly. refer to the lube manual for the correct lubricant and
application
remove any corrosion, lubricate the chain correctly, and protect the chain from further
corrosion by keeping it clean and well lubricated

identify the overload cause and reduce it
clean and lubricate the chain more frequently
check for chain interference and repair as necessary to remove peeping marks
remove the chain and correct the alignment of the sprockets and shafts

check the number of sprocket teeth to ensure that it is within the recommended limits for the speed involved. use a shorter pitch chain of equal or greater strength. select a sprocket with more teeth, if necessary
remove material buildup from the sprockets
reduce the shock loads
check the shaft runout for eccentricity paying particular attention to the locking device on the sprocket hub. the locking device can draw the hub off-center if there is a loose fit on the shaft

lubricate the chain correctly
check the sprockets for wear and correct the bottom diameter
remove any corrosion from the chain or sprocket, lubricate the chain correctly, and protect the
chain and sprocket from further corrosion by keeping the chain clean and well lubricated
adjust the take-ups to restore the proper tension
adjust the take-ups to restore the proper tension
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adjust the take-ups to restore the proper tension

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increase the size of the sprocket or increase the conveyor speed
remove the obstruction and ensure that the lower strand is not striking a foreign object
clean and lubricate the chain correctly
clean and labricate the chain correctly
and the second state to the constraint of the second state of the
replace with sprockets having the correct number of teeth

correct eccentricity of hub hole
check the chain and sprocket clearances. remove any foreign materials
sheek the chain and sprouket dearanges remove any roreign materials
reduce excessive shock loads or change to steel sprockets
eliminate the obstruction. tap the ends back until the cotter pin fits snugly against the side
plates or use a riveted chain

correct the faulty installation
correct the radity installation
repair or replace the damaged parts
repair of replace the damaged parts
remove the obstruction
remove the obstruction
shook timing converge about algoristics, and should relation
check timing sequence, chain elongation, and chain selection

check the alignment of the unit. check the condition of the coupling. if misalignment is the problem, have the maintenance group perform an alignment of the shafts
problem, have the maintenance group perform an anginitent of the sharts
check oil level. add lubricant if needed. determine if lubricant is the correct grade. if the lubricant is not the correct grade, replace with the correct lubricant
check the tension and alignment of the drive auxiliaries and relieve the tension if required
check the tension and angliment of the drive advinances and relieve the tension in required
adjust or replace the worn parts

reduce the load
check the lubricant against the specification instructions. replace with the correct lubricant
check the level in the sight glass, and fill to the correct level. ensure that the air breather is
clean and functioning properly
reduce the load
reduce the load

check the air supply for proper fan circulation. remove any obstructions. avoid any high
surrounding ambient temperatures. if the ambient temperature is high because of a local heat
source, place some form of barrier between the heat source and the machine
recheck the oil level with the unit shut down. remove any excess oil
remove the breather, and clean it
,
tighten all of the joints and end cap bolts

chack and realign the system, tighten all of the helts
check and realign the system. tighten all of the bolts
close the pump relief valves
close the pump rener valves
check pump relief valves and the pressure control valve for normal operation. adjust as needed
check for an oil leak. repair as necessary

check the system control valve, and adjust as needed
check the flow controls for proper settings and positive indication of flow. adjust the setting as
necessary
adjust the system pressure control valve to maintain a constant system pressure
check the oil level in the reservoir and the free-floating operation of the floating suction. verify
there are no obstructions causing flowing suction to stick. remove any debris from operation
area. check the suction line and the strainer to the pump for a possible air leak. check the pressure tanks. if the tank is empty of oil, air may be leaking into the system from the air
connection. add oil as necessary

purge any air from the filter casing before changing over to the standby filter to put it into service
nurse any air from the filter easing before changing ever to the standby filter to put it into
purge any air from the filter casing before changing over to the standby filter to put it into service
change the pump selector switch to reverse pumps. if the system now runs normally,
investigate the pump taken out of service for a problem, such as a broken shaft
set the standby mercoid switch approximately 5 and 15 psi below the desired system pressure

look for oil leaks or some drastic change causing increased oil flow
check that oil temperature on discharge side of cooler is within 10 °f of operational
temperature. if it is not, make adjustments accordingly
adjust the fluid supply to the pump
adjust the pressure-relief valve to lower the pressure

adjust the pump
adjase the partip
locate and correct the leak
decrease the pump speed
have resintenence align the restor and name
have maintenance align the motor and pump

ind obstruction. clear intake. clean suction filters
epair or replace the pump
ower the suction temperature
The second secon
ower the suction temperature
ower the suction temperature

avoid discharge restrictions. increase the clearance at exit tips of vanes. /never/ install higher
horsepower driver without redesigning discharge and suction piping
increase the tension. the deflection of the belt at midspan should be 1/64' for each inch of span
between the centerlines of the driven and driving sheaves
_
increase the belt size
clean or change the belts or sheaves
dieum di dilunge the delta di ancuves

ease the tension
gthen the center distance, or use an idler
uce the drive centers when you are installing the helts, adjust the motor position to lessen
uce the drive centers when you are installing the belts. adjust the motor position to lessen
tension on the belts. install new belts, and retention them
tension on the belts. install new belts, and retention them
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tension on the belts. install new belts, and retention them
tension on the belts. install new belts, and retention them

test the shaft runout for eccentricity. have maintenance make repairs. increase the tension or
drive capacity
arrive capacity
reduce the drive centers when you are installing the belts. adjust the motor position to lessen
the tension on the belts. install new belts, and retention them
provide protective guards
replace the sheaves

ncrease the sheave diameter	\Box
norease the sheave diameter	
align the drive	
angli the drive	
neroaco the drive canacity	
ncrease the drive capacity	
aravida the correct running elegrance	
provide the correct running clearance	

rack down and eliminate the heat source. provide ventilation
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rack down and eliminate the heat source. provide ventilation
rack down and eliminate the heat source. provide ventilation
educe the drive centers, or provide an idler
educe the drive centers, or provide an idler
l l

open the vent/drain plug, and purge the lubricant cavity with fresh lubricant. leave the vent open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
open for approximately 30 minutes, and then close it
adjust the belt tension. the deflection of the belt at midspan should be 1/64' for each inch of
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span between the centerlines of the driven and driving sheaves
span between the tenternines of the driven and driving sheaves
contace the drive helts with matching helts
replace the drive belts with matching belts
replace the drive belts with matching belts
replace the drive belts with matching belts
replace the drive belts with matching belts
replace the drive belts with matching belts
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replace the drive belts with matching belts

move the motor inwards to detension the belts, and replace with matching belts, using the proper installation procedure. /caution/ do not use different manufacturers' belts to make up a set. always use belts from one manufacturer because manufacturing processes differ from one manufacturer to another
replace all the belts
roduce the everload, or install a larger drive system
reduce the overload, or install a larger drive system
replace the belt. /caution/ never use a pry bar to install the belt in the sheave because this breaks the inner fibers on the belt and can break the sidewalls of the sheave

rankaga with matching halte
replace with matching belts
check and adjust the alignment of the sheaves, and correct the tension
check and adjust the alignment of the sheaves, and correct the tension
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and and the factor
replace the belts

contace the helts	
replace the belts	
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replace the sheaves	
cpide the sheares	
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replace with properly sized sheaves	
chace with property sized sheaves	
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check and adjust the belt tension	
	ſ

remove the obstruction
adjust and inspect the belt. replace as required
adjust and hispect the self. replace as required
clean and inspect the belt. replace the belt as required
check the belt for an abrasive condition or any of the conditions mentioned as a probable cause; replace the belts as required

clean and inspect the belt; replace the belt as required
clean and inspect the belt; replace the belt as required
check whether any other fans are discharging into the same outlet as the fan having problems; this could be a design problem; inform engineering for an evaluation
check to see whether any dampers have been accidentally closed; open any dampers that should be open

check the drive belts for slippage. adjust the tension if the belts are not damaged. ensure there is adequate lubrication to bearings. have the electricians check out the motor
is adequate tastication to seatings. have the electricians check out the motor
readjust the damper control linkage turnbuckles to the calibrated setpoints
check the pressure differential across the filters, and clean or replace the dirty filters
walk ducting system down, and check for leaks. an ultrasonic leak detector is an ideal tool to
determine exactly where leaks occur

ensure that the belt drive is not crossed. have the electricians check the rotation of the motor
stop the fan, and have maintenance reverse the wheel
perform vibration analysis to determine the magnitude of the problem, and then balance the
fan. water wash the fan blades to remove the buildup of dirt. if the fan operates in a boiler exhaust system or some other high-temperature gaseous system, descale the blades
check the foundations for cracks and breakage. report the findings to engineering for
resolution

perform vibration analysis to determine the magnitude of the problem, and then align the fan shafts perform a soft-foot check on all the feet of the unit to determine if a soft-foot condition is the
problem. add or remove shims to correct condition
check for ducting distortion if no expansion or flex joint is fitted. adjust the hangers as needed
ensure that the sheaves are the same width and are properly aligned with each other

ensure that the correct lubricant is being used and that the bearings are vented during the lubricant application
ensure that the bearing installation practices are correct
when the fan is off, ensure that the unit is turned to change the resting point periodically to prevent the shaft from sagging due to its own weight. check the bearing mounts for undue stress due to bad foundations and misaligned ductwork
ensure that the belts are sitting in the correct sheaves and are aligned to run true in the v-grooves. check the lineup of the sidewalls of the sheaves with a straightedge or a stretched string

conduct a vibration analysis to determine whether the coupling is worn. the wrong grade of lubricant may have been used and accumulated in one spot, causing an unbalanced condition
perform an evaluation to determine the extent of resonance and to track down the excitation source(s). to temporarily stop resonance-induced vibration, alter the mass of the unit by placing some weight, such as a bag of sand, on the unit
have electricians check the motor rotation and correct the rotation as required
ensure that no foreign objects are causing a partial blockage on the inlet side of the fan. as fan blades turn past the obstruction, they will be unable to carry the full load and deflect

determine the capacity of the bearing and follow the manufacturer's recommendations for lubrication
ensure that the belts are sitting in the correct sheaves and are aligned to run true in the v-grooves. check the lineup of the sidewalls of the sheaves with a straightedge or a stretched string
rotate the shaft, and let it roll until it comes to rest on its own to check for static unbalance. static unbalance can be corrected by hanging an appropriate weight opposite the resting, 6 o'clock position. engineers who have the proper instrumentation should do more complex balance correction
when the fan is off, make sure the unit is turned off the resting point periodically to prevent the shaft from sagging due to its owm weight. check for undue stress on bearing mounts because of bad foundations and misaligned ductwork

depress the belts at midspan, and measure the deflection to test the belt tension. the
deflection should be equal to 1/64' per inch of span between the centers of the driven and
driver units
this can be caused by gross misalignment between the driver and the driven units. it can also
be caused when one sheave is wider than the other one. to correct either one, align the belts
to the center of the v in each sheave
plug the bore, and remachine it true. eccentric bores cause the sheaves to turn off center,
causing the belts to tension and detension each revolution. this continual jerking back and
forth causes the bearings to take a terrible pounding. keys and setscrews can have the same
effect by drawing a sheave oflicenter when the force is tightened
effect by drawing a sheave officenter when the force is agricalled
prime the trap
prime the trap

orime the cleaned trap	
ornine the dealled trap	
remove or repair the bypass valve	
nstall a check valve ahead of the trap	
clean the trap	

repair or replace the defective parts
roplace the hellows
replace the bellows
repair or replace the defective parts
clean the trap

increase the line or pig tank size
no corrective action is required for this normal condition
install the correct size trap
replace the worn orifice

readjust or replace the pressure-reducing valve. the valve may require a new diaphragm
install the correct pressure change assembly
blow out the screen with air, or replace it
remove the obstruction

romaya ar ranair the hypacs valve
remove or repair the bypass valve
open the steam supply valve
spen the steam supply varie
clean the strainer, and reinstall it
repair or replace the defective mechanism

nstall the correct pressure change assembly	\neg
remove the restriction	
	_
nstall the correct pressure change assembly	
nstall the proper size trap	_
nstall the proper size trap	
	_

install the correct pressure change assembly
clean the trap internals, and reinstall the strainer
clean the strainer
replace the bellows

install a check valve on the inlet side of the trap	
·	
replace the worn parts	
replace the worm parts	
clean the trap	
clean the trap	
replace the worn parts	
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nstall the proper size larger trap
use thermic buckets, or increase the vent size
The state of the s
when steam traps are grouped, i.e. multiple traps are run into the same line, there is a
possibility of condensate backup due to pressure inconsistencies or obstructions. systems with
many traps feeding into one return line are hard to troubleshoot because it is hard to
nany traps feeding into one return line are hard to troubleshoot because it is hard to determine which trap has the problem. pipe traps individually from vessels
determine which trap has the problem. pipe traps individually from vessels
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determine which trap has the problem. pipe traps individually from vessels

readjust or replace the reducing valve
install a larger condensate return line
locate and repair other faulty traps
clean out pig tank vent line

ramava tha abstruction
remove the obstruction
install the correct pressure change assembly
mistall the correct pressure change assembly
replace with fuses that are at least 12% of the amperes listed on the nameplate
april a resident and a resident production a
check and reset the overload in the starter

verify, that the current cumulied matches the specifications on the mater removalets and the
verify that the current supplied matches the specifications on the motor nameplate and the load factor
check the connections, using the diagram supplied with the motor. if the wiring is connected
improperly, have the electricians rewire it to the connection specified on the diagram
have an electrician check for loose wiring connections. verify that the starting switch inside the
motor is closed. note: a humming sound when the switch is closed indicates an open circuit.
repulsion induction motors may spark at the brushes
stop the motor, and ensure that the motor and drive turn freely. check the bearings and
lubrication. add some lubricant to the bearings, and rotate the shaft slowly by hand. if it still
feels rough, have the motor repaired by the maintenance group

have maintenance rewind the motor. note: blown fuses indicate short-circuited stator
mave maintenance rewind the motor. Note: blown ruses malcate short-circuited stator
remove the end bell, and locate the connection problem, using a test lamp. if a fault is found,
have the electricians repair it
nave the electricians repair it
look for broken bars or end ring, replace/repair
roduce the lead
reduce the load

check the lines for the open phase
have maintenance rewind the motor. note: blown fuses indicate short-circuited stator
check for wear, and replace as necessary. check for the correct brush pressure. clean the commutator if it is dirty
verify that the type or size of motor is correct and is within the specified operational parameters. if the motor is not correct, an electrician should install a new motor that meets the specifications

duce the load	
sure the nameplate voltage is restored and maintained	
isure the nameplate voltage is restored and maintained	
eck overload relay, stator, and the push buttons to reset the fuses. replace the fuses if	
ieck overload relay, stator, and the push buttons to reset the ruses, replace the ruses if	
ecessary	
ecessary	
ecessary	

have an electrician check for loose connections to the line, to the fuses, and to the control. correctly tighten any loose connections that are found
derived by the strain any loose commediate to the found
consult supplier for the proper type of motor, and replace the motor with the correctly sized
unit
use a higher voltage on the transformer terminals, or reduce the load
correct the secondary control

check the load that the motor is supposed to carry at the start, and adjust as necessary
and the state of t
look for cracks near the rings, and repair or replace as necessary. new rotor may be needed.
repairs are usually temporary
locate the fault, using a resting device
reduce the load

check for high resistance. have an electrician correct any deficiencies found. refer to the
manufacturer's manual for guidance
replace with a new rotor
have the power company increase the power tap
reverse connections at motor or switchboard

reduce the load
clean the blower or air shield. note: a continuous stream of air leaving the motor indicates
good ventilation. if this does not happen after cleaning, check with the manufacturer for
advice. if the wrong blower or air shield is being used, the manufacturer may have to
recommend a design change
ensure that all of the leads are well connected
ensure that an of the leads are wen connected
ocate the fault and repair

check for faulty leads, connections, and transformers. and repair or replace as necessary
repair, and then check the wattmeter reading
have an electrician look for a faulty connection and correct the problem
mave an electrician look for a faulty conflection and correct the problem
have an electrician check the terminals of the motor, using a voltmeter. make adjustments to
have an electrician check the terminals of the motor, using a voltmeter. make adjustments to lower the voltage

have an electrician check the terminals of the motor, using a voltmeter. make adjustments to
raise the voltage
check the machining. if the rubbing is due to bad machining practices, replace the bearings
realign the motor
strengthen the base

dynamically balance the coupling
layilaniicany balance the coupling
dynamically balance the driven equipment
line up the bearings properly
raplace the bearing
replace the bearing

ynamically rebalance the rotor	\neg
ynamically repaidnee the rotor	
ynamically rebalance the rotor	\dashv
ynamically repairance the rotor	
heck for an open circuit	\dashv
neck for all open circuit	
djust the bearing, or add a washer	ㅓ
ajust the bearing, or dud a washer	

have an electrician check the leads and connections and adjust as necessary
have an electrician check the leads and connections and adjust as necessary
have an electrician check for open contacts
have an electrician check the control devices. correct the contacts
ensure that the brushes are properly seated and the shunts are in good condition

lear the fan	\neg
ical the fall	
emove the interference	
emove the interference	
ighten the hold down bolts	
ishten the hold down boils	
heck and correct the bracket fits or the bearing	
meak and contest the product his or the pearing	

dynamically halance the retor	٦
dynamically balance the rotor	
straighten or replace the shaft	٦
decrease the tension on the drive belts	
	4
move the pulley closer to the motor bearing	

vania aa wiith lawaan mullawa
replace with larger pulleys
and the second control of the second control
correct the misalignment. realign the units
remove bracket or pedestal with bearing. clean bearing housing and oil grooves. replace oil
use recommended lighter oil

use recommended heavier oil
ase recommended neuvier on
reduce the thrust that is induced by the driver. check the magnetic center of the motor
replace the defective bearing
maintain correct amount of lubricant in bearing
intaintain correct amount of fushicant in scaring

reduce the quantity of lubricant. /note/ reservoir should not be more than half full
remove the old grease, wash the bearing thoroughly with kerosene, and replace with new
grease
8
check the alignment and the side and end thrusts
eneak the digititent and the side and thid sid
clean housing thoroughly. replace the bearing

check the diameter of the sheaves to ensure that they are correctly sized for the unit. check the motor for the correct horsepower and loading. clear any obstacles
the motor for the correct horsepower and reading, electricity existances
check lubrication practices. correct as required
collect a gas sample, and have engineering and chemistry check the gas analysis to determine
the problem
ensure that the belt drive is not crossed. have the electricians check the rotation of the motor

when the fan is off, ensure that the unit is turned off the resting point periodically to prevent
the shaft from sagging due to its own weight
check for undue stress on the bearing mounts due to bad foundations and misaligned ductwork
ensure that the belts are sitting in their respective sheaves and are aligned to run true in the v-
grooves. check the lineup of sidewalls of the sheaves with a straightedge or a stretched string.
have electricians check wiring. check for overgreasing, especially on units that are greased by a
pump grease gun
nan

check the motor that has only a pedestal bearing with the other end connected to the coupling.
/note/ the fan could be badly misaligned, which would affect the air gap between rotor and
stator
perform a vibration analysis. /note/ this problem will require major work and may require a
new rotor
sand or turn down
grind or turn down balance of commutator

if extreme, lower with a mallet blow and tighten clamp ring grind true
undercut
undercut
and a subject of the
replace with harder grade — if worn too soon — and not by a rough commutator
adjust

eplace
ree them. clean brushes if glazed
vipe clean. clean brushes if glazed
est for a short. do this after removing metallic contact between commutator bars. repair
rmature

and and analogo had sail an announcia defeative 1919
cate and replace bad coil — or repair defective joint
alian cat
align set
nsure all connections are tight. resolder all connections
prrect. check source of power supply. do not try to make the motor turn as it may burn up

reduce load - or replace motor with unit of greater capacity
replace bearings - before scraping noise indicates rotor is rubbing against stator
check balance of rotor on parallel bars. check rotor tir. not to exceed +/- 0.002'
unancia the veter and clear
remove the rotor and clean

realign the set until knocking disappears. reset the magnetic center
determine source of vibration through analysis and correct problem
determine source of vibration through analysis and correct problem
misalignment. unbalance. bent shaft. resonance. oil whirl
realign set

eliminate source in machine, if possible. or change to a flexible belt drive may be in order
balance the rotor
compare nameplate rating. check for excessive friction. reduce load. replace motor with one of
a bigger capacity
ensure sufficient airflow across motor. clean out dirt with a suitable solvent
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replace bearings	\Box
test with wattmeter and correct	
test with waterneter and correct	
locate with a test lamp or growler and repair	
locate with a test famp of growler and repair	
roalign cot	
realign set	

reduce tension using the following formula: center span of belt deflection should be 1/64 inch per inch of centerline span between driver and driven units. chain deflection should be 2% of centerline span
reduce thrust from driver or machine. ensure motor's magnetic center is correctly located
relieve supply to point set by the manufacturer
clean, repair, or replace

dd to point set by the manufacturer	\neg
eplace with the proper grade	_
- France with the property of the second sec	
ecrease the brush spring tension	
educe the load. use a larger contactor	
the load ase a larger contactor	

clean any discolored or dirty connections, and retighten them to the recommended torque setting
adjust the overtravel as necessary. replace the contacts, and replace the contact springs as
required to correct any defects
clean the contact surfaces, using a fine file or sandpaper. /note/ when performing this task in a
dusty environment, use a dust-tight enclosure
change the operating procedure, and check with the factory for contacts more suitable for the length of use

reduce the load. provide better ventilation. relocate the starter. use a larger contactor
β
replace with line and cables that meet the proper nec standards recommendation
adjust the overtravel as necessary. replace the contacts, and replace the contact springs as
required to correct the defect
and the self-result of the second of the sec
correct the coil overvoltage condition. correct any mechanical defects

adjust contacts to touch simultaneously within 1/32' or to the manufacturer's specifications
reduce the jogging cycle. use a larger contactor
reduce the jogging cycle, use a larger contactor
readjust the accelerating time or the operating sequence. use a larger contactor
readjust the accelerating time of the operating sequence, use a larger contactor
insulate the starter from shock. provide a more rigid support for the starter
misdiate the starter from shock, provide a more rigid support for the starter

adjust the overtravel, replace the contacts, replace the contact springs, and set them to the
correct contact force as necessary
correct the coil overvoltage condition. correct any mechanical defects
clean and dress the contact faces in a dust-free environment. /caution/ do not use an emery
cloth to clean and dress the contact faces. use glasspaper or a diamond file
reduce the load. use a larger contactor
reduce the load. use a larger contactor
reduce the load. use a larger contactor
reduce the load. use a larger contactor
reduce the load. use a larger contactor
reduce the load. use a larger contactor
reduce the load. use a larger contactor
reduce the load. use a larger contactor

reduce the jogging cycle. use a larger contactor
replace with an air breaker contactor. /note/ an air breaker contactor may have 10 to 20 times longer contact life than an oil-immersed contactor of equal rating
the breaker may be operating properly and clearing an overload. have an electrician check to see if the current is in excess of the thermal trip rating
visually inspect the breaker for discoloration that would indicate loose connections. have electricians torque the connections to the correct setpoint

adjust the magnetic trip rating to the next higher setting or until the breaker does not trip when the motor is started
retest, using a six-cycle impulse test. /note/ a slow or gradual increase in current until the trip range is reached results in the breaker tripping at a lower value than that indicated on the trip unit. a six-cycle impulse test should be used. this is how the breakers are calibrated at the factory
close the open circuit. /note/ if an open circuit happens during transfer, the peak current during transfer could exceed 20 times the full-load amperes. /caution/ an extremely high magnetic trip setting can be supplied on the breaker, but the desired motor protection will be lost
remove the breakers from high humidity locations since high humidity can cause dielectric and other problems associated with moisture. install heaters in the enclosure if the breakers cannot be removed from the humidity

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remove the breakers from corrosive environments if possible
remove the cover from the breaker, and determine what type of attachment is fitted. ensure
that the attachment is functioning correctly. ensure that the proper voltage is applied to an
undervoltage release so that the breaker will operate when shunt trips are used. /warning/
ensure that the shunt trip is not energized while the operator is trying to close the breaker
adjust and secure the core clamps. if other problems exist, have a qualified electrician correct
them
ulelli
adicat and account the case clauses if athem much large societ have a societied electricies assured
adjust and secure the core clamps. if other problems exist, have a qualified electrician correct
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adjust and secure the sere clamps if other problems exist have a qualified electrician correct
adjust and secure the core clamps. if other problems exist, have a qualified electrician correct them
them
inform electrical maintenance

ave them correct the condition	\Box
epair or replace as necessary	
epail of replace as fiecessary	
lean the coils	
	_
lean the air ducts	

place the insulation. reset the breakers or fires	