

Condensation and Evaporation of Hexane in Nanoporous Alumina Membranes

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Overview

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- 4 Experimental setup
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Context

Grand scheme

- Condensation and evaporation of fluids in confinement

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Plan

- Anodized alumina membranes (AAM)
- Test setup using Hexane → working at room temperature permits much faster executable experiments
- Transfer to **helium** experiment

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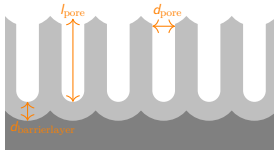
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- Performing isotherm measurements on many membranes for **statistics**
- Comparing the pore diameters extracted from the volumetric measurements those from scanning electron microscopy (SEM) images
- Improving the fabrication process to reduce the dispersion
- Testing the efficiency of the ALD process as a means to reduce the pore diameters

Membrane production



Two step anodizing
in oxalic acid
($C_2H_2O_4$) at $0^\circ C$



Immersion in
 $27.2\text{ g } CuCl_2$
copper chloride
+ $0.21\text{ HCL}(37\%)$
hydrochloric acid
+ 0.81 H_2O
water



Floating on
phosphoric acid
(H_3O_4P) till milky
aspects appear
plus 15 min



Experimental setup

Data evaluation

Inverse funnelling

Atomic layer deposition