

WonkyStuff m.mix/25 *MODIFIED* Assembly Instructions

Thanks for buying the WonkyStuff m.mix/25 micro-matrix-mixer. The mixer is a 5x5 passive matrix mixer designed to be as compact as possible.

These instructions are a work in progress. If they are unclear, or you spot any mistakes, or you just want to say 'hello', please email us at info@wonkystuff.net. Alternatively message us via facebook or twitter. Our website is http://wonkystuff.net/

There is a basic requirement that your soldering skills are up to scratch (I'm sure they are). If you need a reminder, you could do worse than to take a look at this soldering tutorial over at adafruit.com: https://learn.adafruit.com/adafruit-guide-excellent-soldering/

Parts List

Before starting, make sure that you have all of the parts listed below. There are not many different components, so identification should be easy - but there are a lot of repetitions!

Label	Part	Description
J1-J5; J11-J15	3.5mm jack socket x10	Thonkiconn style
R11-R55	5k6 Resistor x25	green/blue/red/gold stripes
-	PCB	a double-sided Printed Circuit Board

You'll also need a soldering iron, some solder, a pair of wire cutters, pliers and a space to work in.

Assembly

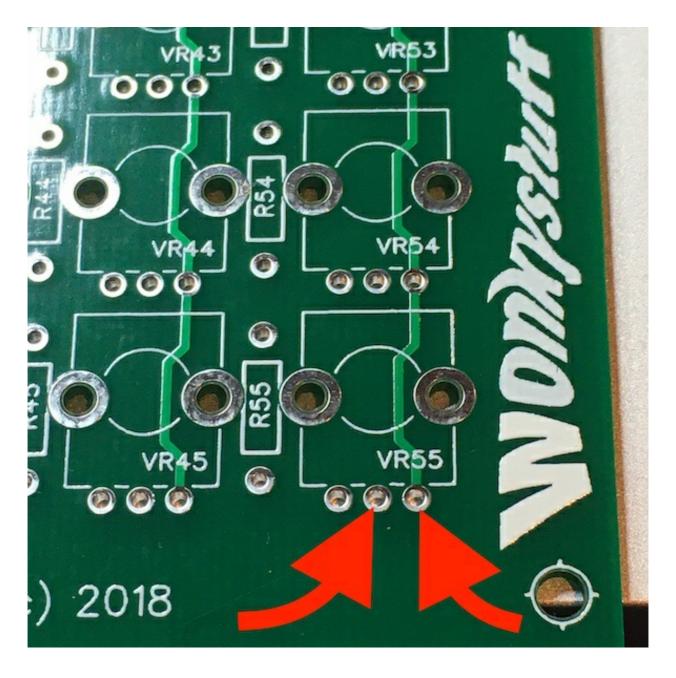
Assembly of this circuit is not complicated, but it is repetitive and accuracy is important! All components are added to the silk-screen printed side of the PCB (Basically assembly is done in height order).

- 1. Solder the 25 resistors in place you might find it easier to pre-form the wires to match the hole-spacing on the PCB. Check the soldering for bridges and dry joints as you go, and snip the legs to avoid problems with short-circuiting later.
- 2. Solder the jack sockets. You may need to squeeze the open pin slightly to fit the PCB. Again, check for solder bridges and dry joints as you go.

At this point in the regular kit, you'd be soldering 25 potentiometers now; but since this is a modified kit there are no potentiometers.

To use switches in place of the potentiometers, you'll need to use either SPST (on/off) or SPDT (on/on) switches:

SPST: or SPST switches, connect the two pins to the indicated pins (repeat x25)



SPDT: for SPDT switches, the connections should follow the order of the pads (centre/common switch pin connects to centre potentiometer pin).

That's it for assembly - give the soldering a look over to check for bad connections, short circuits etc. then try it out! As this is a passive circuit input signals can be 'hotter' than might be normal (but of course this is down to personal use-case and taste).

Sockets J1-J5 are inputs to the mixer, whilst sockets J11-J15 are outputs (although as this is a passive circuit, nothing will be damaged if connections are the other way around - you might even prefer the behaviour that way!)

Panel Design

There is no panel supplied with the kit, but each jack/control is spaced at 15.5mm (0.6 inches).

The shaft of each control is 6mm diameter - a 7mm hole will provide sufficient clearance. The audio jacks are also 6mm, so a 7mm hole will work here as well. The PCB can be mounted to a panel using the jack sockets and 10mm M3 spacers; there are 6 mounting holes on the PCB to attach as required.

Have fun, and thanks again for buying the kit!