

RenderMan and OpenGL Shaders

CS557

Project # 3

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1. Source listings

```
##OpenGL GLIB
LookAt 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 0
Perspective 70

Vertex chaozhang.vert
Fragment chaozhang.frag
Program OvalNoise
    Ad <.01 .05 .5> Bd <.01 .02 .5>
    NoiseAmp <0. 1. 10.> NoiseFreq <0. 1. 10.>
    Alpha <0. 1. 1.> mColor {1., .5, 0. }
    Tol <0. 0. 1.>
    UseChromaDepth <false>
    ChromaRed <-10. -5. -1.> ChromaBlue <-10. -3. -1.>

Color 1. 1. 1.
Sphere 1 60 60

MessageBox This implements the Alpha and the ChromaDepth extra credit
```

chaozhang.glib

This file include all the definition I need to use. The ChromaRed and ChromaBlue are both in the range of -10 to -1, and the default is -5. mColor is still the beaver orange. This time I didn't use the teal as background color because it is not clear to see the tol. So I use the write as background color.

```
#version 330 compatibility

out vec3 vMCposition;
out vec4 vColor;
out float vLightIntensity;
out vec2 vST;
out float z;

const vec3 LIGHTPOS = vec3( -2., 0., 10. );

void
main( )
{
    vec3 tnorm = normalize( gl_NormalMatrix * gl_Normal );
    vec3 ECposition = vec3( gl_ModelViewMatrix * gl_Vertex ).xyz;
    vLightIntensity = abs( dot( normalize(LIGHTPOS - ECposition), tnorm ) );
    z = ECposition.z;
    vMCposition = gl_Vertex.xyz;
    vColor = gl_Color;
    vST = gl_MultiTexCoord0.st;
    gl_Position = gl_ModelViewProjectionMatrix * gl_Vertex;
}
```

chaozhang.vert

Z= ECposition.z is the vertex position in eye coordinates. The vLightIntensity is the computed lighting in the vertex shader. tnorm for storing the transformed normal. The vMCposition, vcolor, cLightIntensity, VST and z will be trans to the .freq file.

```
#version 330 compatibility

in vec3 vMCposition;
in vec4 vColor;
in float vLightIntensity;
in vec2 vST;
in float z;

uniform bool UseDiscard;
uniform float Ad;
uniform float Bd;
uniform vec4 mColor;
uniform float NoiseAmp;
uniform float NoiseFreq;
uniform sampler3D Noise3;
uniform float Tol;
uniform float Alpha;
uniform bool UseChromaDepth;
uniform float ChromaRed;
uniform float ChromaBlue;
```

Part1 chaozhang.freq

This is part of the .freq file. This part will get the data from the vertex shader and define the variable.

```

ChromaDepth( float t )
{
    t = clamp( t, 0., 1. );

    float r = 1.;
    float g = 0.0;
    float b = 1. - 6. * ( t - (5./6.) );

    if( t <= (5./6.) )
    {
        r = 6. * ( t - (4./6.) );
        g = 0.;
        b = 1.;
    }

    if( t <= (4./6.) )
    {
        r = 0.;
        g = 1. - 6. * ( t - (3./6.) );
        b = 1.;
    }

    if( t <= (3./6.) )
    {
        r = 0.;
        g = 1.;
        b = 6. * ( t - (2./6.) );
    }

    if( t <= (2./6.) )
    {
        r = 1. - 6. * ( t - (1./6.) );
        g = 1.;
        b = 0.;
    }

    if( t <= (1./6.) )
    {
        r = 1.;
        g = 6. * t;
    }

    return vec3( r, g, b );
}

```

Part2 chanzhang.freq

This part is to implement the different color for the ChromaDepth. Use different color for different range of t. This can change the sphere into rainbow sphere.

```

void
main( )
{
    vec4 nv = texture3D( Noise3, NoiseFreq * vMCposition );
    float n = nv.r + nv.g + nv.b + nv.a;      // 1. -> 3.
    n = n - 2.;                      // -1. -> 1.
    float delta = NoiseAmp * n;
    float s = vST.s;
    float t = vST.t;
    float up = 2. * s;
    float vp = t;
    up += delta;
    vp += delta;
    int numins = int( up / Ad);
    int numint = int( vp / Bd);
    float Ar = Ad/2;
    float Br = Bd/2;

    gl_FragColor = vColor;      // default color

```

Part3 chaozhang.freq

This part use the Noise3 to create the noise. There are four values in this, the r,g,b and a. The “noise vector” texture nv is a vec4 whose components have separate meanings.

```

float n = nv.r + nv.g + nv.b + nv.a;
n = n - 2;

```

Those two lines made the range of the four-octave function from 0 to 1. The rest of the code is like the project1 and 2. It is for the eclipse.

```

if( ( (numins+numint) % 1 ) == 0. )
{
    float uc = numins*2. * Ar + Ar;
    float vc = numint*2. * Br + Br;
    up = (up - uc)/Ar;
    vp = (vp - vc)/Br;
    float d = up * up + vp * vp;
    if( abs(d - 1) <= Tol )
    {
        float m = smoothstep( 1 - Tol, 1 + Tol, d);
        gl_FragColor = mix( mColor, vColor, m);
    }
    if( d <= 1.-Tol )
    {
        if( UseChromaDepth )      //MessageBox "This implements the ChromaDepth extra credit";
        {
            float t = (2./3.) * ( z - ChromaRed ) / ( ChromaBlue - ChromaRed );
            t = clamp( t, 0., 2./3. );
            gl_FragColor = vec4( ChromaDepth( t ), 1. );
        }
        else
        {
            gl_FragColor = mColor;
        }
    }
    if( d >= 1.+Tol )
    {
        if( UseDiscard )      //MessageBox "This implements the Alpha extra credit";
        {
            discard;
        }
        else
        {
            gl_FragColor = vec4( 1, 1, 1, Alpha);
        }
    }
}
gl_FragColor.rgb *= vLightIntensity;      // apply lighting model

```

part4 chaozhang.freq

This part is the most important part of this project.

```

if( abs(d - 1) <= Tol )

{
    float m = smoothstep( 1 - Tol, 1 + Tol, d);
    gl_FragColor = mix( mColor, vColor, m);
}

```

Those lines for the Tol function. With the increase of tol, the edge of the eclipse smooth. I mix the color to achieve the smooth goal.

```

if( d <= 1.-Tol )

{
    if( UseChromaDepth )      //MessageBox "This implements the ChromaDepth extra credit";

```

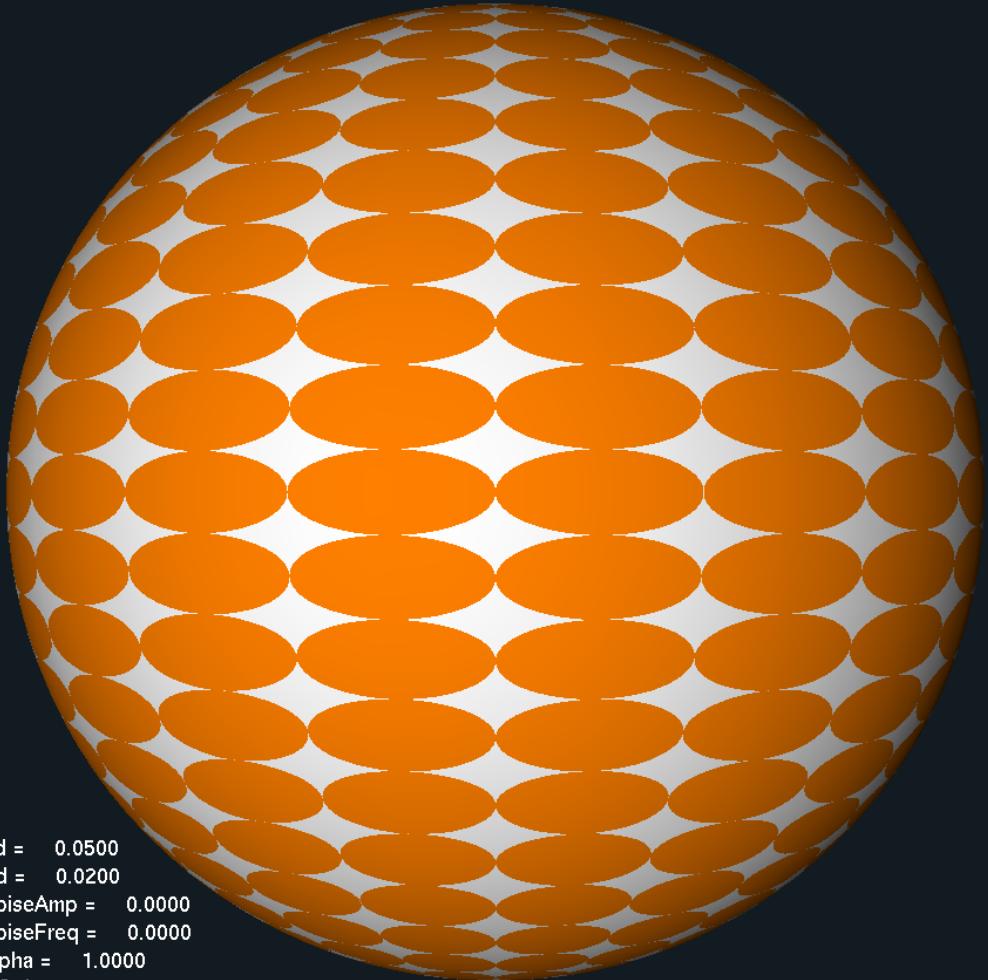
```

{
    float t = (2./3.) * ( z - ChromaRed ) / ( ChromaBlue - ChromaRed );
    t = clamp( t, 0., 2./3. );
    gl_FragColor = vec4( ChromaDepth( t ), 1. );
}
else
{
    gl_FragColor = mColor;
}
}

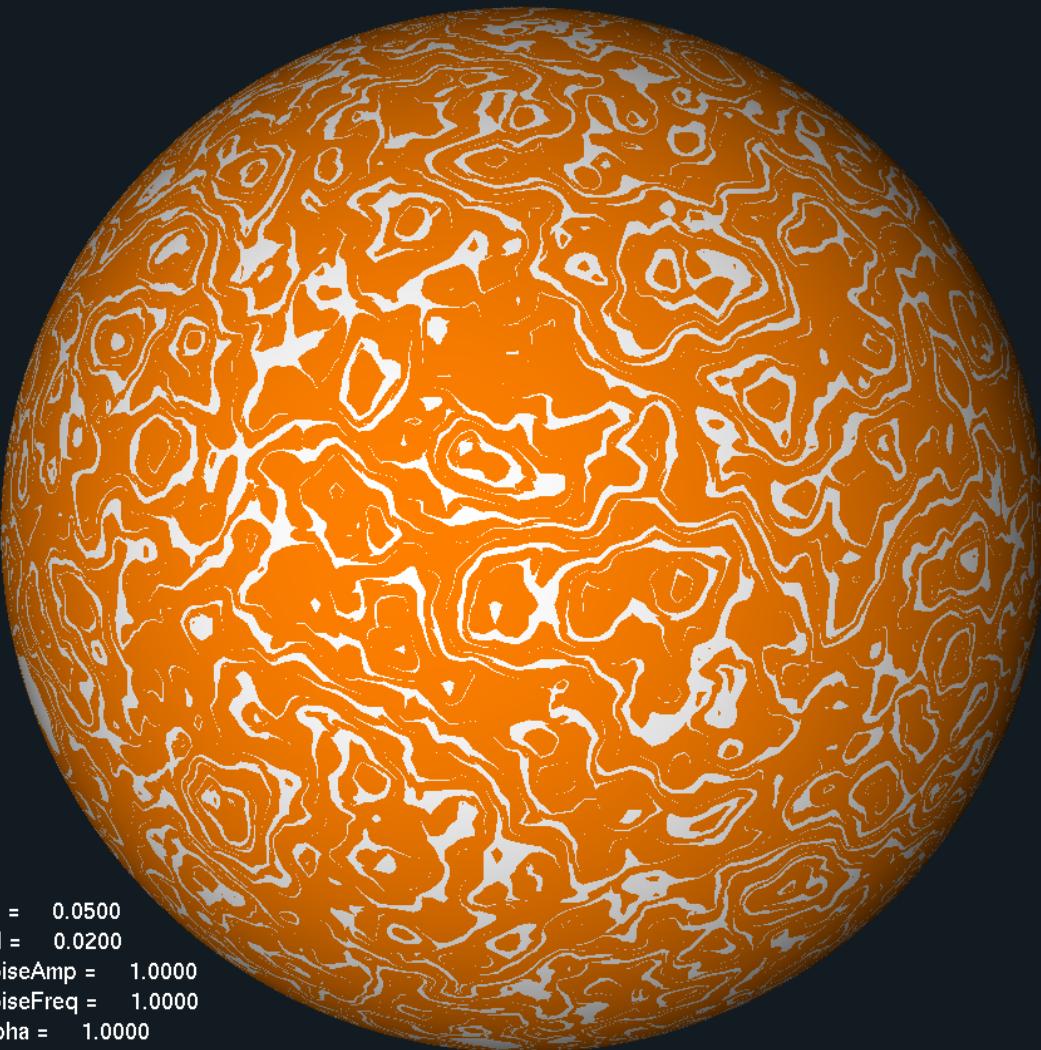
```

the inside loop is for the chromadepth. The reason it is a inside loop is because I only turn the eclipse color to rainbow not include the background color. The range of t is from 0 to 2/3 is because we want the red and blue.

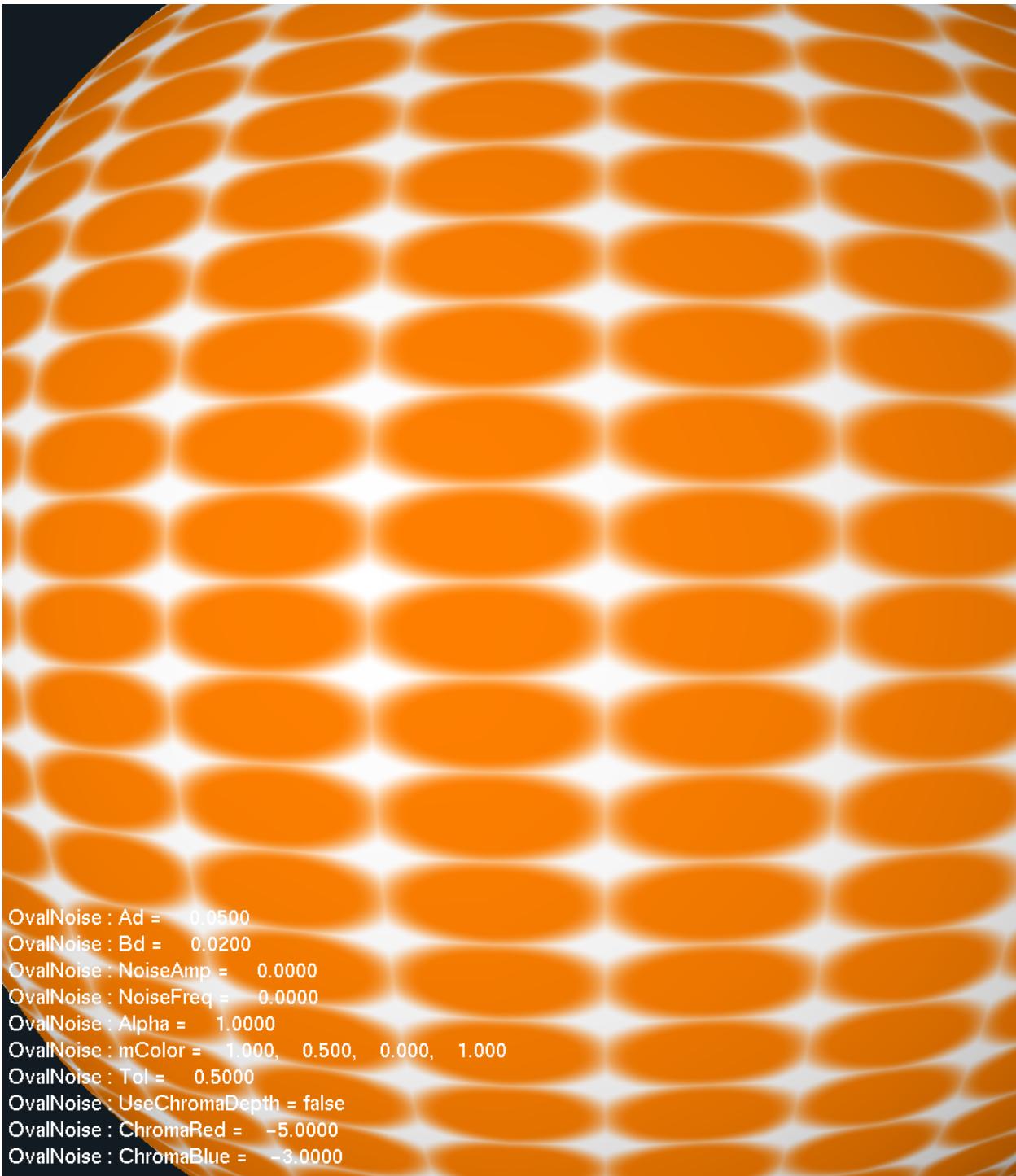
2. Results



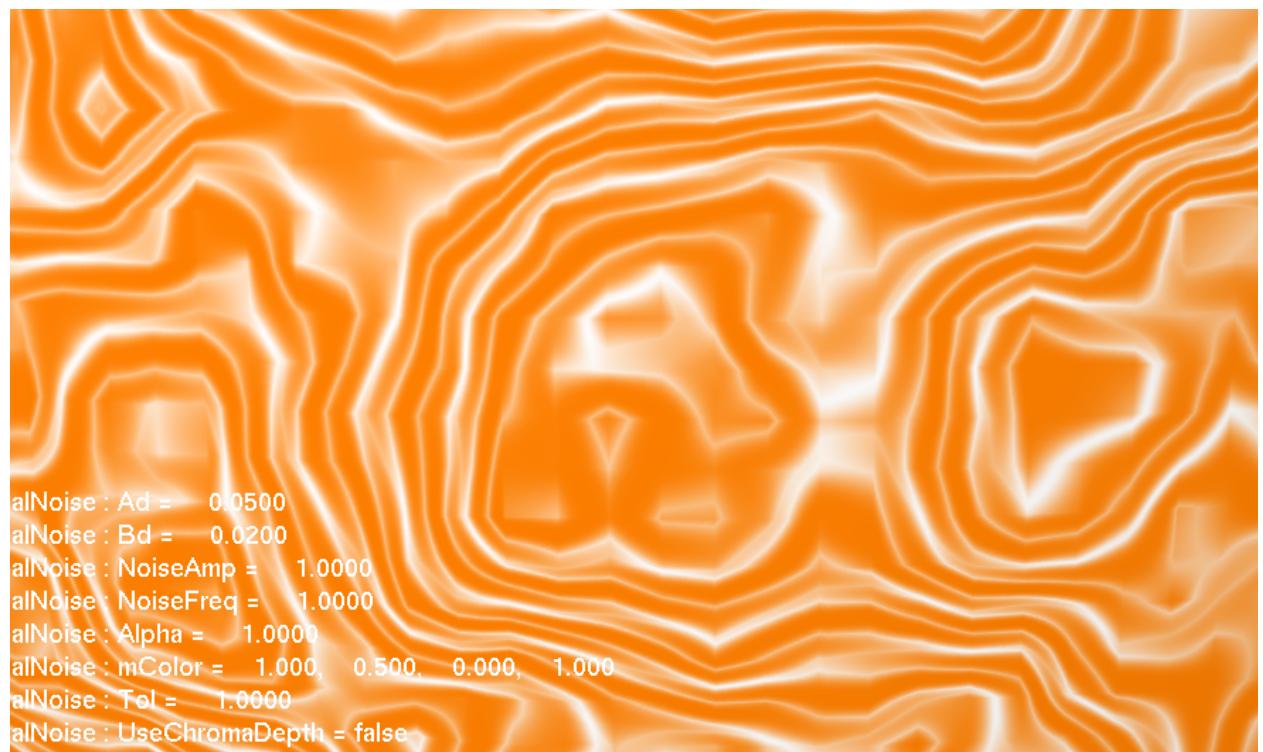
```
OvalNoise : Ad =  0.0500
OvalNoise : Bd =  0.0200
OvalNoise : NoiseAmp =  0.0000
OvalNoise : NoiseFreq =  0.0000
OvalNoise : Alpha =  1.0000
OvalNoise : mColor =  1.000,  0.500,  0.000,  1.000
OvalNoise : Tol =  0.0000
OvalNoise : UseChromaDepth = false
OvalNoise : ChromaRed =  -1.9878
OvalNoise : ChromaBlue =  -3.9085
```



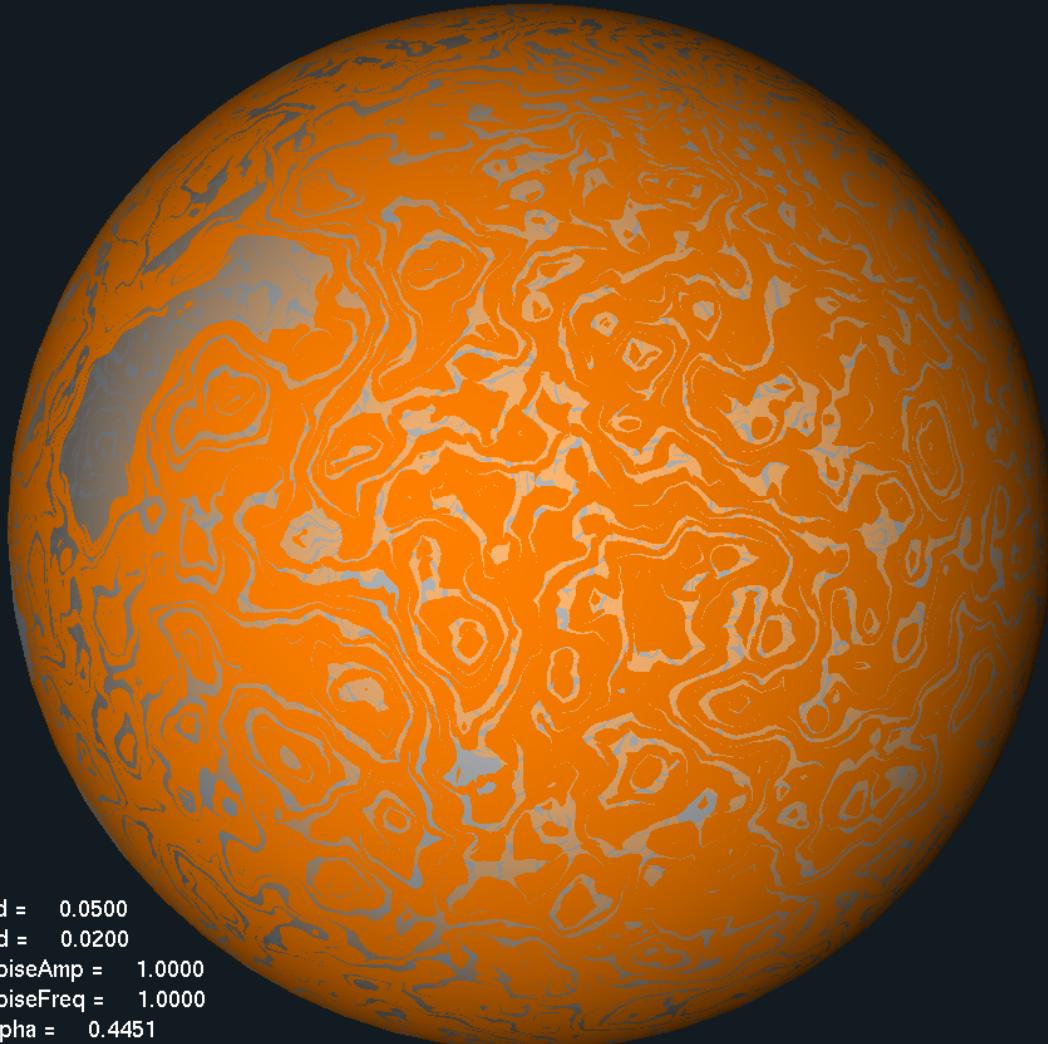
```
OvalNoise : Ad =  0.0500
OvalNoise : Bd =  0.0200
OvalNoise : NoiseAmp =  1.0000
OvalNoise : NoiseFreq =  1.0000
OvalNoise : Alpha =  1.0000
OvalNoise : mColor =  1.000,  0.500,  0.000,  1.000
OvalNoise : Tol =  0.0000
OvalNoise : UseChromaDepth = false
OvalNoise : ChromaRed = -5.0000
OvalNoise : ChromaBlue = -3.0000
```



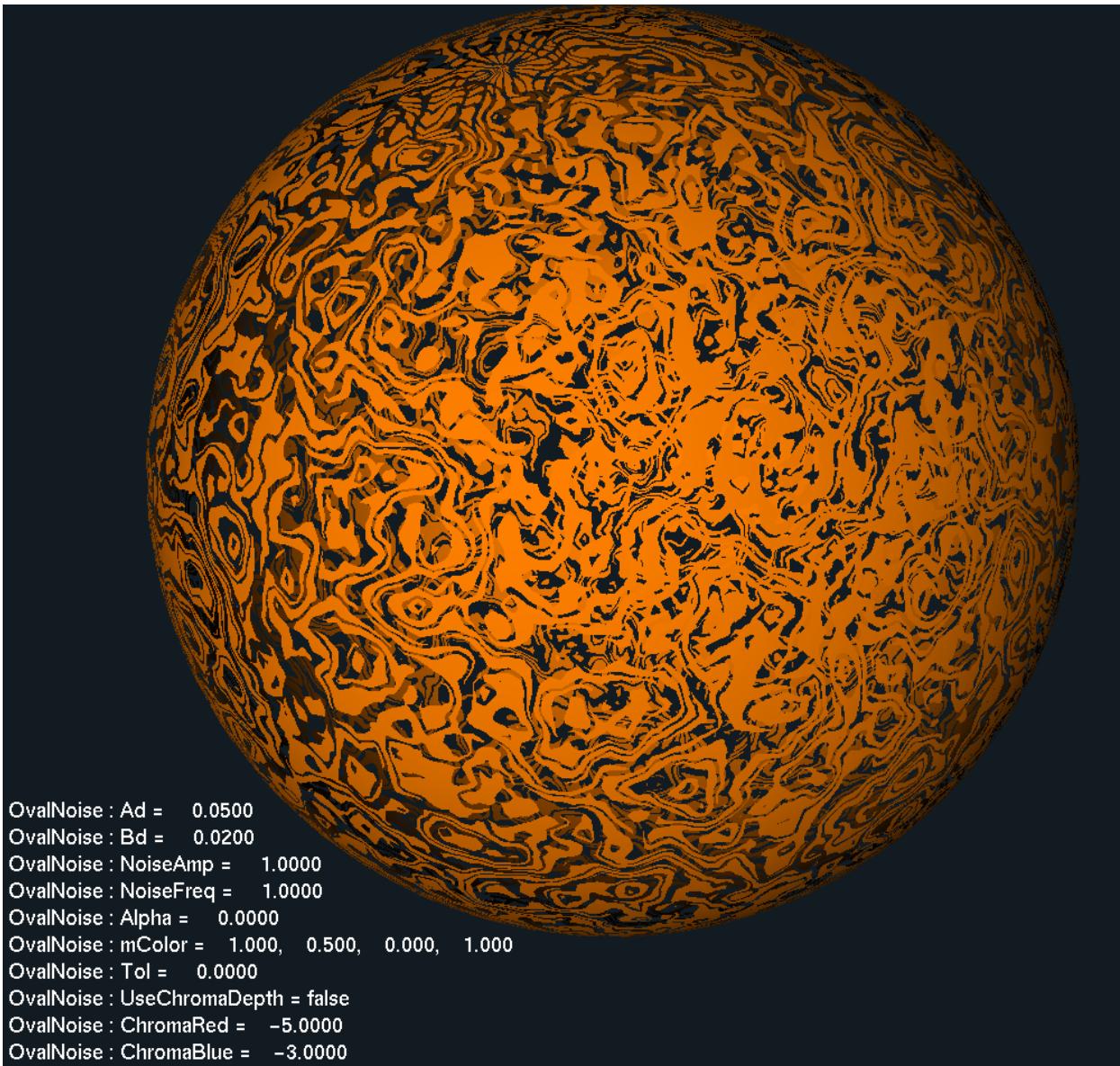




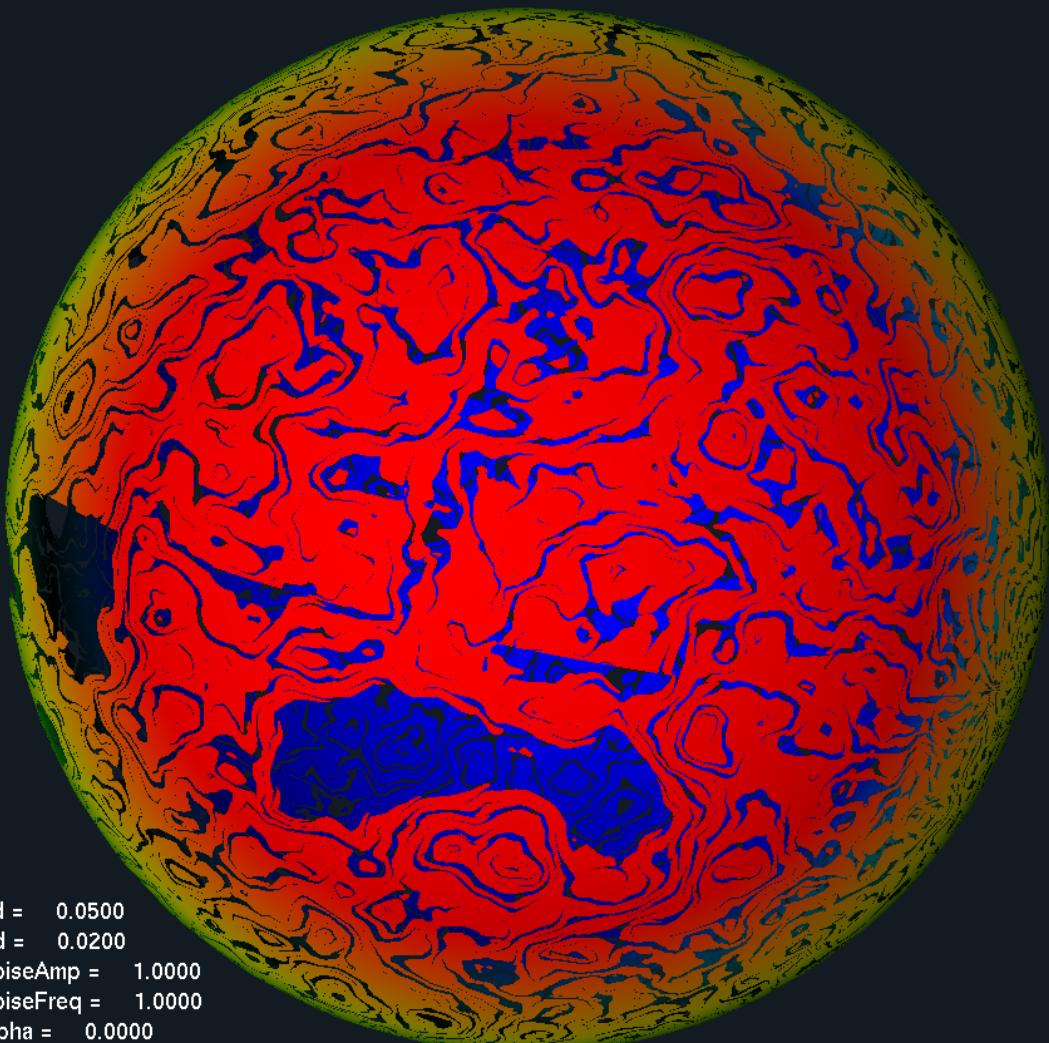
```
aNoise : Ad = 0.0500
aNoise : Bd = 0.0200
aNoise : NoiseAmp = 1.0000
aNoise : NoiseFreq = 1.0000
aNoise : Alpha = 1.0000
aNoise : mColor = 1.000, 0.500, 0.000, 1.000
aNoise : Tol = 1.0000
aNoise : UseChromaDepth = false
```



```
OvalNoise : Ad =  0.0500
OvalNoise : Bd =  0.0200
OvalNoise : NoiseAmp =  1.0000
OvalNoise : NoiseFreq =  1.0000
OvalNoise : Alpha =  0.4451
OvalNoise : mColor =  1.000,  0.500,  0.000,  1.000
OvalNoise : Tol =  0.0000
OvalNoise : UseChromaDepth = false
OvalNoise : ChromaRed = -5.0000
OvalNoise : ChromaBlue = -3.0000
```



```
OvalNoise : Ad =  0.0500
OvalNoise : Bd =  0.0200
OvalNoise : NoiseAmp =  1.0000
OvalNoise : NoiseFreq =  1.0000
OvalNoise : Alpha =  0.0000
OvalNoise : mColor =  1.000,  0.500,  0.000,  1.000
OvalNoise : Tol =  0.0000
OvalNoise : UseChromaDepth = false
OvalNoise : ChromaRed = -5.0000
OvalNoise : ChromaBlue = -3.0000
```



```
OvalNoise : Ad =  0.0500
OvalNoise : Bd =  0.0200
OvalNoise : NoiseAmp =  1.0000
OvalNoise : NoiseFreq =  1.0000
OvalNoise : Alpha =  0.0000
OvalNoise : mColor =  1.000,  0.500,  0.000,  1.000
OvalNoise : Tol =  0.0000
OvalNoise : UseChromaDepth = true
OvalNoise : ChromaRed = -2.2012
OvalNoise : ChromaBlue = -3.3598
```