Update: 30 December 2016

In preparation for our meeting, I present you with what I've found over the past week. Having transformed the ideology/extremism variables to match standard usage in the House and Senate I find that we still have the same problems in the Senate. Reverting entirely to the methods we previously used to construct the covariates found in senator\_year\_data<sup>1</sup>. The sorting method that relies only on the switch to emIRT() in the Senate gives us variables in line with what we would expect, however, our other two sets still give us problems. Specifically, it appears that the explanatory power of ideological extremism is being taken by the presidential vote share variable for some reason in the hybrid and flip flop reassignment based analyses. The regression tables are included below.

I checked to make sure there were not large differences between the variables produced by the different sorting methods by checking the emIRT() only model against the hybrid model, focusing on Democrats (though I also looked at the whole dataset). The results are found in the figure below. It does not appear that there are differences beyond what we would anticipate. Nor are there differences between the covariates in the datasets. I propose that we spend some amount of time either figuring out what is likely to be going on or discussing what tools I could employ in order to determine what is going on in the coming week.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>With a few slight corrections. I had forgotten to uncomment the part of the script that corrected Sen. D'Amato's name and reviewing the data we got from Wiseman revealed that we had previously failed to note 4 female Senators.

Table 1. chilled only, I ally, I have	Table 1: em	IRT Only,	Party A	Analysis
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Table 1: emiR1 Only, Party Analysis				
.1.1.1.	Democrats 2.700***	Republicans		
$ideological\_extremism$	3.720***	7.028***		
1 .	(0.415)	(0.359)		
chair	1.755**	4.056***		
	(0.538)	(0.697)		
responsiveness_noncalls	0.859***	0.897***		
	(0.035)	(0.035)		
vote_share	-4.109	14.207***		
	(2.172)	(2.785)		
$pres\_vote\_share$	16.868***	-9.455**		
_	(2.432)	(3.022)		
$power\_committee$	-0.049	0.440		
	(0.773)	(0.923)		
south13	-1.056	0.413		
	(0.554)	(0.570)		
female	1.892**	0.092		
	(0.698)	(1.084)		
afam	-0.236	-5.485		
	(2.715)	(4.133)		
latino	2.360	$5.875^{*}$		
	(2.276)	(2.670)		
$up\_for\_reelection$	-0.483	$-1.202^*$		
	(0.410)	(0.510)		
seniority	-0.053	0.094		
	(0.058)	(0.079)		
freshman	$-1.146^*$	2.661***		
	(0.576)	(0.752)		
retiree	5.021	1.067		
	(3.037)	(2.874)		
$best\_committee$	-0.060	-0.087		
	(0.127)	(0.161)		
leader	$2.143^{*}$	2.129		
	(1.008)	(1.182)		
(Intercept)	3.637	-0.805		
,	(3.396)	(3.461)		
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.696	0.668		
$Adj. R^2$	0.691	0.662		
Num. obs.	988	901		
RMSE	5.956	6.959		
	_			

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Table 2: emIRT Only,	Majority A	Analysis
	Majority	Minority
ideological_extremism	4.364***	7.128***
	(0.326)	(0.383)
chair	-0.026	5.038***
	(0.551)	(1.249)
responsiveness_noncalls	$0.847^{***}$	0.889***
	(0.031)	(0.036)
$vote\_share$	-2.219	7.029**
	(2.231)	(2.659)
$pres\_vote\_share$	12.588***	3.602
	(2.028)	(2.969)
$power\_committee$	0.419	-0.872
	(0.748)	(0.978)
south13	0.228	0.549
	(0.459)	(0.554)
female	0.997	2.412*
	(0.769)	(0.974)
afam	2.811	-3.435
	(4.008)	(3.031)
latino	0.749	8.200**
	(2.316)	(2.628)
$up\_for\_reelection$	-0.782	-0.812
	(0.412)	(0.526)
seniority	0.108	0.046
	(0.067)	(0.070)
freshman	-0.517	0.985
	(0.595)	(0.750)
retiree	0.933	4.791
	(2.569)	(3.669)
$best\_committee$	0.044	-0.276
	(0.125)	(0.166)
leader	0.978	2.783*
	(1.043)	(1.188)
(Intercept)	5.079	-2.350
	(3.216)	(3.665)
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.704	0.654
$Adj. R^2$	0.698	0.647
Num. obs.	886	907
RMSE	5.612	7.295

RMSE

\*\*\*p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Table 3: Random Reassignment of Flip Flop Votes, Party Analysis

<u> </u>	Democrats	Republicans
ideological_extremism	-3.770***	2.898***
	(0.741)	(0.571)
chair	-1.771**	-2.589****
	(0.661)	(0.751)
responsiveness_noncalls	0.831***	0.891***
	(0.036)	(0.032)
$vote\_share$	-4.670	4.824
	(2.624)	(2.974)
$pres\_vote\_share$	30.274***	-4.604
	(2.946)	(3.193)
$power\_committee$	0.014	1.386
	(0.934)	(0.975)
south13	-3.562***	-0.284
	(0.654)	(0.596)
female	-0.366	0.912
	(0.845)	(1.140)
afam	4.289	-7.377
	(3.277)	(4.361)
latino	-1.296	-7.184*
	(2.755)	(2.825)
$up\_for\_reelection$	-0.521	-0.054
	(0.495)	(0.541)
seniority	-0.029	0.149
	(0.070)	(0.083)
freshman	-0.766	0.587
	(0.699)	(0.803)
retiree	2.853	2.125
	(3.650)	(3.042)
$best\_committee$	-0.131	0.243
	(0.154)	(0.169)
leader	-0.788	0.434
	(1.219)	(1.255)
(Intercept)	6.468	4.838
	(3.427)	(3.190)
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.630	0.663
$Adj. R^2$	0.624	0.657
Num. obs.	987	901
RMSE	7.193	7.362

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Table 4: Random Reassignment of Flip Flop Votes, Majority Analysis

-	Majority	Minority
ideological_extremism	-1.106	1.692**
	(0.714)	(0.597)
chair	$-1.837^*$	-3.319**
	(0.731)	(1.281)
responsiveness_noncalls	0.866***	0.894***
	(0.038)	(0.032)
$vote\_share$	5.906*	-4.279
	(2.979)	(2.690)
$pres\_vote\_share$	13.942***	16.404***
	(2.751)	(2.932)
$power\_committee$	1.546	-0.617
	(0.994)	(0.992)
south13	-0.126	-1.600**
	(0.610)	(0.564)
female	0.720	1.462
	(1.019)	(0.985)
afam	0.467	-1.176
	(5.313)	(3.076)
latino	0.429	$-5.746^*$
	(3.073)	(2.673)
$up\_for\_reelection$	0.159	-0.898
	(0.547)	(0.534)
seniority	0.097	0.098
	(0.091)	(0.071)
freshman	0.873	0.596
	(0.791)	(0.763)
retiree	-1.177	8.162*
	(3.400)	(3.724)
$best\_committee$	0.212	-0.193
	(0.166)	(0.169)
leader	0.634	-1.306
	(1.384)	(1.210)
(Intercept)	-1.659	3.084
	(3.789)	(3.147)
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.576	0.670
$Adj. R^2$	0.569	0.664
Num. obs.	885	907
RMSE	7.437	7.406

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Table	5:	Hybrid	Model.	Party	Analysis

Table 5. Hybrid M		
idealamicalti	Democrats 2.702***	Republicans
ideological_extremism	-3.793***	3.037***
ala ain	(0.743)	(0.590)
chair	-1.747**	-2.995***
. 11	(0.663)	(0.773)
responsiveness_noncalls	0.845***	0.890***
, 1	(0.037)	(0.033)
vote_share	-4.258	6.099*
	(2.633)	(3.062)
$\operatorname{pres\_vote\_share}$	30.329***	-6.433
•	(2.954)	(3.289)
$power\_committee$	-0.022	1.601
	(0.937)	(1.004)
south13	-3.569***	-0.215
	(0.656)	(0.613)
female	-0.479	1.485
	(0.848)	(1.174)
afam	4.247	-7.187
	(3.287)	(4.490)
latino	-1.077	$-5.861^*$
	(2.765)	(2.908)
$up\_for\_reelection$	-0.510	-0.041
	(0.497)	(0.557)
seniority	-0.038	$0.200^{*}$
	(0.070)	(0.086)
freshman	-0.752	0.888
	(0.701)	(0.827)
retiree	3.116	1.573
	(3.662)	(3.132)
$best\_committee$	-0.136	0.244
	(0.154)	(0.174)
leader	-0.808	0.381
	(1.223)	(1.292)
(Intercept)	5.022	4.618
- ,	(3.441)	(3.289)
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.634	0.650
$Adj. R^2$	0.628	0.644
Num. obs.	987	901
RMSE	7.217	7.580

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Table 6: Hybrid Model	l, Majority	Analysis
	Majority	Minority
ideological_extremism	-1.122	1.717**
	(0.728)	(0.611)
chair	-1.931**	-3.503**
	(0.741)	(1.309)
$responsiveness\_noncalls$	0.878***	0.900***
	(0.039)	(0.033)
$vote\_share$	6.804*	-3.889
	(3.023)	(2.750)
${ m pres\_vote\_share}$	12.512***	17.201***
	(2.791)	(2.995)
$power\_committee$	1.654	-0.584
	(1.008)	(1.014)
south13	-0.109	-1.643**
	(0.618)	(0.577)
female	0.826	1.753
	(1.034)	(1.007)
afam	0.281	-1.071
	(5.387)	(3.144)
latino	0.777	-4.477
	(3.117)	(2.732)
$up\_for\_reelection$	0.123	-0.811
	(0.555)	(0.546)
seniority	0.121	0.104
	(0.092)	(0.073)
freshman	1.181	0.604
	(0.802)	(0.780)
retiree	-1.200	8.100*
	(3.448)	(3.806)
$best\_committee$	0.214	-0.212
	(0.169)	(0.173)
leader	0.525	-1.218
	(1.403)	(1.237)
(Intercept)	-2.928	1.912
	(3.853)	(3.219)
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.572	0.663
$Adj. R^2$	0.564	0.657
Num. obs.	885	907
RMSE	7.542	7.571

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Figure 1: Comparisons of Senate Variables for Democrats

