## Assignment for the course *The statistical analysis of time series*

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## 1 Theoretical aspects

[1.]

[ 1.1 ] Compute the autocovariance function  $\gamma_X(k) = \text{cov}(X_t, X_{t+k})$  for k = 0, 1, ... Is  $\chi$  stationary? Do we need a restriction on  $\theta$ ?

$$\begin{split} \gamma_X(k) &= \text{cov}(X_t, X_{t+k}) \\ &= \text{E}((W_t + \frac{1}{\theta}W_{t-1})(W_{t+k} + \frac{1}{\theta}W_{t+k-1})) - \text{E}(W_t + \frac{1}{\theta}W_{t-1})\text{E}(W_{t+k} + \frac{1}{\theta}W_{t+k-1}) \\ &= \text{E}((W_t + \frac{1}{\theta}W_{t-1})(W_{t+k} + \frac{1}{\theta}W_{t+k-1})) \\ &= \text{E}(W_t W_{t+k} + \frac{1}{\theta}W_t W_{t+k-1} + \frac{1}{\theta}W_{t-1} W_{t+k} + \frac{1}{\theta^2}W_{t-1} W_{t+k-1}) \\ &= \begin{cases} \sigma_W^2(1 + \frac{1}{\theta^2}) & h = 0 \\ \frac{\sigma_W^2}{\theta} & |h| = 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \end{split}$$

- $\Rightarrow$   $X_t$  is weakly stationary. No conditions for  $\frac{1}{\theta}$  necessary to get stationarity on MA(q) processes.
- [ 1.2 ] Use the definition of Fourier transform of  $\gamma_X$  and derive the expression of the spectral density,  $f_X(\lambda)$ ,  $\lambda \in [-1/2, 1/2]$ .

$$\begin{split} f_X \lambda &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \gamma_X(k) \exp(-2\pi i \lambda k) \\ &= \sum_{k=-2}^{-\infty} \gamma_X(k) \exp(-2\pi i \lambda k) + \gamma_X(-1) \exp(-2\pi i \lambda \cdot (-1)) \\ &+ \gamma_X(0) \exp(-2\pi i \lambda \cdot 0) + \gamma_X(1) \exp(-2\pi i \lambda \cdot 1) + \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \gamma_X(k) \exp(-2\pi i \lambda k) \\ &= \sigma_W^2 \left( \frac{\theta(\exp(2\pi i \lambda) + \exp(-2\pi i \lambda)) + \theta^2 + 1}{\theta^2} \right) \\ &= \sigma_W^2 \left( \frac{\theta(\cos(2\pi \lambda) + i \sin(2\pi \lambda) + \cos(2\pi \lambda) - i \sin(2\pi \lambda)) + \theta^2 + 1}{\theta^2} \right) \\ &= \frac{\sigma_W^2}{\theta^2} (2\theta \cos(2\pi \lambda) + \theta^2 + 1) \end{split}$$

[2.]

[2.1] Compute the autocovariance function  $\lambda_Y(k) = \text{cov}(Y_t, Y_{t+k})$  for

$$\begin{split} k &= 0, 1, \dots \\ \gamma_Y(k) &= \operatorname{cov}(Y_t, Y_{t+k}) \\ &= \operatorname{E}((\frac{1}{3}W_{t-1} + \frac{1}{3}W_t + \frac{1}{3}W_{t+1})((\frac{1}{3}W_{t+k-1} + \frac{1}{3}W_{t+k} + \frac{1}{3}W_{t+k+1}))) \\ &= \begin{cases} \frac{\sigma_W^2}{3} & h = 0 \\ \frac{2\sigma_W^2}{9} & |h| = 1 \\ \frac{\sigma_W^2}{9} & |h| = 2 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \end{split}$$

[ 2.2 ] Use the definition of Fourier transform  $\lambda_Y$  and derive the expression of the spectral density  $f_Y(\lambda)$ ,  $\lambda \in [-1/2, 1/2]$ 

$$\begin{split} f_Y(\lambda) &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \gamma_X(k) \exp(-2\pi i \lambda k) \\ &= \gamma_Y(-2) \exp(4\pi i \lambda) + \gamma_Y(-1) \exp(2\pi i \lambda) + \gamma_Y(0) \\ &= +\gamma_Y(1) \exp(\pi i \lambda) + \gamma_Y(2) \exp(-4\pi i \lambda) \\ &= \sigma_W^2 \left( \frac{\exp(4\pi i \lambda) + \exp(-4\pi i \lambda) + 2 \exp(2\pi i \lambda) + 2 \exp(-2\pi i \lambda) + 3}{9} \right) \\ &= \sigma_W^2 \left( \frac{2 \cos(4\pi \lambda) + 4 \cos(2\pi \lambda) + 3}{9} \right) \end{split}$$

[3.]

[ 3.1 ] Derive the expression for joint autocovariance function  $\lambda_{WY}(k) = \text{cov}(W_{t+k}, Y_t)$ .

$$\begin{split} \gamma_{WY}(k) &= \text{cov}(W_{t+k}, Y_t) \\ &= \text{E}(W_{t+k}(\frac{1}{3}(W_{t-1} + W_t + W_{t+1}))) \\ &= \frac{1}{3}\text{E}(W_{t+k}W_{t-1} + W_{t+k}W_t + W_{t+k}W_{t+1}) \\ &= \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \frac{\sigma_W^2}{3} & h = 0 \text{ or } |h| = 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{array} \right. \end{split}$$

- [ 3.2 ] Derive the expression of the cross-spectrum
- [ 3.3 ] Let  $f_W$  be the spectral density of the white noise process. Making use of the result in point 3.2, rearrange the terms and express  $f_{WY}(\lambda)$ . and provide the form of the term  $|A_{WY}(\lambda)|^2$

[4.]

[4.1] Show  $\gamma_S(k)$ 

[4.1] Proof

## 2 Numerical exercises

Please see *Assignment\_TS.rmd* for the analysis (code and comments).