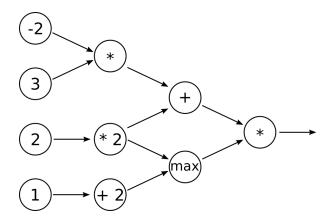
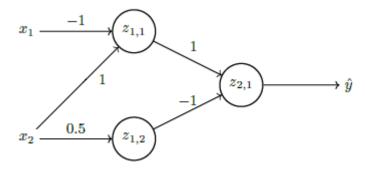
Problem 1 (Backpropagation in Compute Graph) (8 pt). Given the following computation graph:



- (a) (3 pt) Perform a forward pass.
- (b) (5 pt) Perform a backward pass.

Problem 2 (Backpropagation in Neural Networks) (22 pt).

Consider the neural network depicted below. Weights are shown at arrows and bias terms are omitted in this exercise.



- (a) (4pt) Perform the forward pass for the single input datapoint x = (1, 2) using the ReLU activation function at the hidden layer and the sigmoid activation function for the final output.
- (b) (3pt) Given the single training instance $x=(1,2),\ y=1$ we want to perform backpropagation to update all the weights. We are using the log-likelihood objective function function $J=-y\ln(\hat{y})-(1-y)\ln(1-\hat{y})$, sigmoid activation function, learning rate $\lambda=1$ and without any regularization. Draw the corresponding compute graph with weights as inputs.
- (c) (8pt) Update all the weights once via back-propagation. *Problem 2.1 might be useful here.*
- (d) (5pt) Perform another forward pass, using the updated weights, and compute \hat{y} and the resulting loss.
- (e) (2pt) What result in (d) is expected? You can answer this question even if your calculations might turn out wrong.

Exercise Sheet #5: Neural Networks & Backpropagation

Due date: May 30, 2017, before 11 am

Problem 3 (XOR function) (10 pt).

Consider the logical XOR operation on the following data set

x_1	x_2	\boldsymbol{y}
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

- (a) (1pt) Is there a single-layer perceptron model which has a 100% accuracy on the dataset? Justify your answer.
- (b) (1pt) Show that the binary XOR function can be realized as a combination of the binary AND and OR functions plus negations.
- (c) (8pt) Design a Neural Network consisting of 3 neurons which realizes the binary XOR function. Provide a full explicit description of the network! (activation function, weights, bias etc.)