COMPSCI/SFWRENG 2C03

Data Structures and Algorithms

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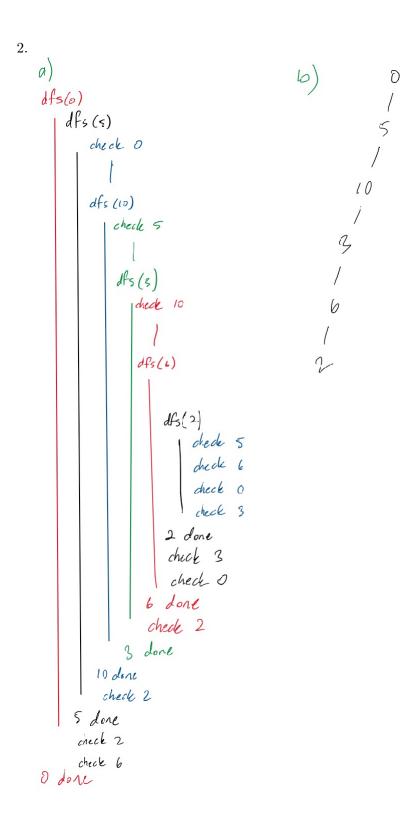
Assignment 3

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- 1. a. 0: $5 \to 2 \to 6$ 1: $4 \to 8 \to 11$ 2: $5 \to 6 \to 0 \to 3$ 3: $10 \to 6 \to 2$ 4: $1 \to 8$ 5: $0 \to 10 \to 2$ 6: $2 \to 3 \to 0$ 7: $8 \to 11$ 8: $1 \to 11 \to 7 \to 4$ 9: 10: $5 \to 3$
 - 11: $8 \to 7 \to 1$ b. Adjacency Matrix:
 - 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
 - 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
 - 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
 - 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
 - 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
 - 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
 - 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
 - 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
 - 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1,
 - 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
 - 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
 - 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,



3. bfs(o) bfs (5) check o bfs (10) check 5 check 3 check 2 bfs (2) check 5 check 6 check o 6fs (3) check 10 check 6 check 2 bfs(6) check 2 check 3 check o

4. Consider by contradiction that the edge of maximum weight in the cycle C, edge e, belongs to the MST of the graph. Since MST does not contain any cycles, there is at least one edge in C that is not in the MST. Let's call one of these edges g. Now add g to the MST. There is now a cycle in the MST. Since e has the maximum weight in the cycle C and all edge weights are distinct, it means that weight(g) < weight(e). Removing the edge e after having added the edge g would generate a new MST prime with total weight, less than the total weight in MST, therfore contradicting its minimality.

5. a. 0:
$$6 \to 5$$

1:

$$2: 0 \rightarrow 3$$

$$3: 10 \to 6$$

4: 1

$$5: 10 \to 2$$

6: 2

7:
$$8 \to 11$$

$$8: 1 \rightarrow 4$$

9:

10: 3

11: 8

b. Adjacency Matrix:

0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,

1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,

6. Edges:

$$0 \rightarrow 6, 5$$

$$2 \rightarrow 0, 3$$

$$3 \to 10, 6$$

$$5 \to 10, 2$$

$$6 \rightarrow 2$$

$$10 \rightarrow 3$$

$$0 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 0$$

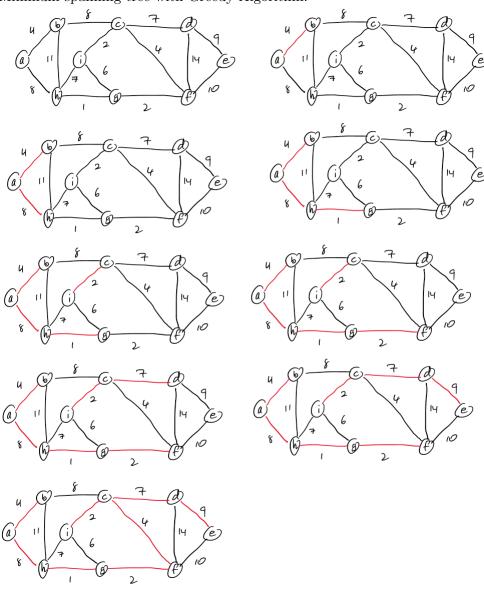
Therefore, It's strongest component is 0 2 3 5 6 10.

7. Topological order:

$$p - n - o - s - m - r - u - y - v - w - z - q - t - x$$

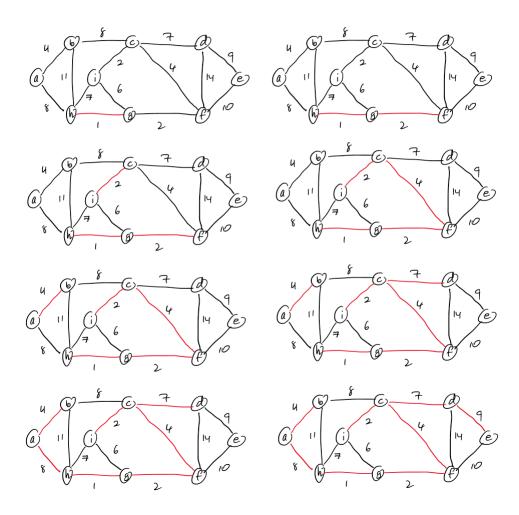
8. Suppose by contradiction there are two minimum trees, E and F. Let e be the edge in just one of E,F with the smallest cost. Suppose it is in E but not F. Suppose e is the edge MN. Then F must contain a path from M to n which is not simply the edge e. So if we add e to F, then we get a cycle. If all the other edges in the cycle were in E, then E would contain a cycle, which it cannot. So the cycle must contain an edge f not in E. Hence, by the definition of e (and the fact that all edge-costs are different) the cost of f must be greater than the cost of e. So if we replace f by e we get a spanning tree with smaller total cost, which derives a contradiction.

9. a. Minimum spanning tree with Greedy Algorithm:

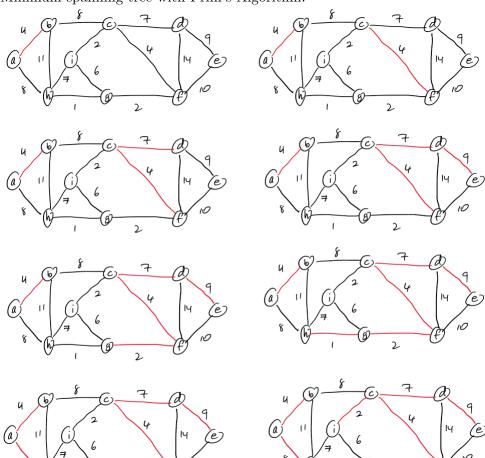


b. Minimum spanning tree with Kruskal's Algorithm:

Monday, April 6, 2020 3:16 AM



c. Minimum spanning tree with Prim's Algorithm:



10. a to a (0.00)
a to b (2.00) a→b 2.00
a to c (6.00) a→j 4.00 j→c 2.00
a to d (6.00) a→b 2.00 b→f 3.00 f→d 1.00
a to e (8.00) a→l 5.00 l→e 3.00
a to f (5.00) a→b 2.00 b→f 3.00
a to h (5.00) a→h 5.00
a to i (5.00) a→h 5.00
a to j (4.00) a→j 4.00 j→i 1.00
a to j (4.00) a→j 4.00
a to k (7.00) a→b 2.00 b→f 3.00 f→d 1.00 d→k 1.00
a to l (5.00) a→l 5.00

11. s to s (0.00)
s to t (2.00) s→y 7.00 y→x -3.00 x→t -2.00
s to x (4.00) s→y 7.00 y→x -3.00
s to y (7.00) s→y 7.00

s to z (-2.00) s \rightarrow y 7.00 y \rightarrow x -3.00 x \rightarrow t -2.00 t \rightarrow z -4.00

```
12. public double diameter(EdgeWeightedDigraph edgeWeightedDigraph) {
              double diameter = Double.NEGATIVE_INFINITY;
              for (int v = 0; v < edgeWeightedDigraph.V(); v++) {</pre>
                       DijkstraSP dijkstraSP = new DijkstraSP(edgeWeightedDigraph, v);
                       for (int v2 = 0; v2 < edgeWeightedDigraph.V(); v2++) {</pre>
                                 if (dijkstraSP.distTo(v2) > diameter) {
                                           diameter = dijkstraSP.distTo(v2);
                                 }
                       }
             }
             return diameter;
   }
13. r to r (0.00)
   r to s (5.00) r\tos 5.00
   r to t (3.00) r\tot 3.00
   r to x (10.00) r\rightarrowt 3.00 t\rightarrowx 7.00
   r to y (7.00) r\rightarrowt 3.00 t\rightarrowy 4.00
   r to z (5.00) r\rightarrowt 3.00 t\rightarrowz 2.00
      a. Give a trace for LSD string sort for the keys:
14.
         no is thati fo al go pe to co to thai of the pa
         input
                   d=1
                          d=0
                                 output
         no
                   pa
                          ai
                                 ai
         is
                   ре
                          al
                                 al
         th
                   of
                          СО
                                 СО
         ti
                   th
                          fo
                                 fo
         fo
                   th
                          go
                                 go
         al
                   th
                          is
                                 is
                   ti
                          no
         go
                                 no
                   ai
                          of
                                 of
         ре
                   al
         to
                          рa
                                 рa
                   no
                          ре
                                 ре
         СО
         to
                   fo
                          th
                                 th
         th
                          th
                                 th
                   go
         ai
                   to
                          th
                                 th
         of
                   СО
                          ti
                                 ti
         th
                   to
                          to
                                 to
```

b. Give a trace for MSD string sort for the keys: no is th ti fo al go pe to co to th ai of th pa

to

to

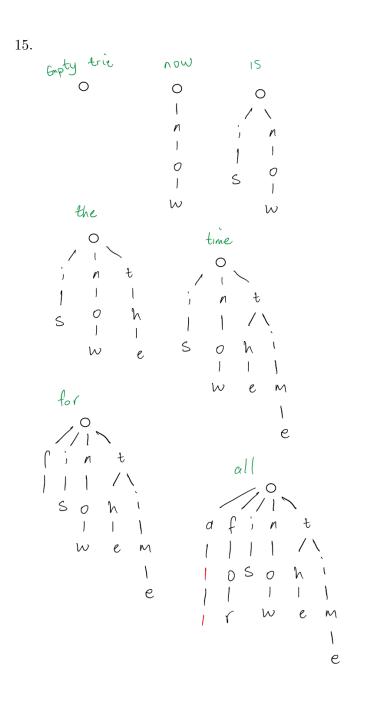
is

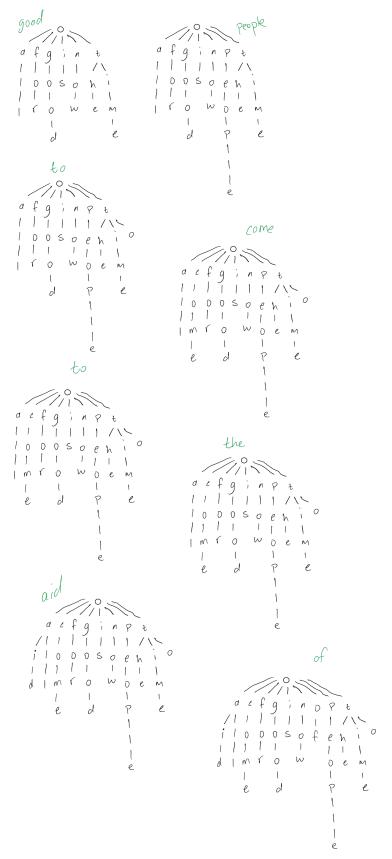
pa

input					output
no	al	ai	ai	ai	ai
is	ai	al	al	al	al
th	со		СО	со	со
ti	fo	со	fo	fo	fo
fo	go	fo	go	go	go
al	is	go	is	is	is
go	no	is	no	no	no
pe	of	no	of	of	of
to	pe	of		pa	pa
СО	pa	pe	pa	pe	pe
to	th	pa	pe		th
th	ti	th		th	th
ai	to	ti	th	th	th
of	to	to	ti	th	ti
th	th	to	to	ti	to
pa	th	th	to	to	to
		th	th	to	
			th		

c. Give a trace for MSD string sort for the keys: now is the time for all good people to come to the aid of

input					output
now	all	aid	aid	aid	aid
is	aid	all	all	all	all
the	come		come	come	come
time	for	come	for	for	for
for	good	for	good	good	good
all	is	good	is	is	is
good	now	is	now	now	now
people	of	now	of	of	of
to	people	of	people	people	people
come	the	people			the
to	time	the	the	the	the
the	to	time	the	the	time
aid	to	to	time		to
of	the	to	to	time	to
		the	to	to	
				to	





```
16. Failure Function:
  P = abbababaaabab
       0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
  P[j] abbababaaab a b
  f(j) 0 0 0 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 2
  Solution using Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm:
  abaababaabababaabaabaababb
  123
  abbababaaabab
    45
    abbababaaabab
     678
     abbababaaabab
   _____
  a b a a b a b a a b a b a b a b a a a b a a b a a b a b b
                9 1011
                abbababaaabab
  a b a a b a a b a b a b a b a a a b a a b a a b a b b
                   12131415161718192021222324
                    abbababaaabab
  Final Answer:
  abaababaabababaabaabaababb
           abbababaaabab
```

The algorithm performs 24 character comparisons, which are indicated with numerical labels.

17. Solution using Boyer-Moore algorithm:

```
i j 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
b a c a a b a c c a b a c a b a a b b
3 2 1
0 3 a b a c a b
4
3 5 a b a c a b
10 9 8 7 6 5
9 5 a b a c a b
```

The algorithm performs 10 character comparisons, which are indicated with numerical labels.

18. Solution using Rabin-Karp algorithm:

text: bacaabaccabacabb pattern: abacab

 $19.\ {\tt Prefix-free}$ codes: code 3 and code 4

Uniquely decodable codes: code 3 and code 4

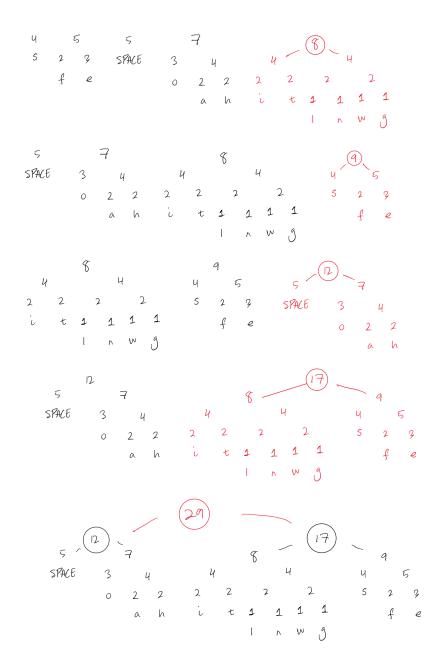
Decoding of 100000000000:

code 3: Not recognized by the alphabet

code 4: ADDDD

20.

```
1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 5
I n 1 1 i t a h f e o s SPACE
w g
2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 5
1 1 1 i t a h f e o s SPACE
1 n w 9
2 2 2 2 2 3 3
i t a h f e o 2 2 5 SPACE
                           SPACE
             1 1 1 1
              1 ~ ~ 9
1 ~ w .9
3 4 4 4 4 9 5 5
0 2 2 2 2 2 2 5 2 8 SPACE
  ahit 1111 fe
         1 ~ W ()
4 4 4 5 5 <del>7</del> 2 2 2 2 5 2 3 SPACE 3 4
i t 1 1 1 1 f e 0 2 2 1 h W (3)
```



Bits required: 93 + 142 + 8 = 243

Codeword table
key value
TO 81
OB 82
BE 83

84

ΕO

```
OR
           85
   RN
            86
   NO
            87
   OT
            88
   TT
            89
   TOB
            88
\mathbf{b}. \ \mathbf{Y} \ \mathbf{A} \ \mathbf{B} \ \mathbf{B} \ \mathbf{A} \ \mathbf{D} \ \mathbf{A} \ \mathbf{B} \ \mathbf{B} \ \mathbf{A} \ \mathbf{D} \ \mathbf{O} \ \mathbf{O}
   59 41 42 42 41 44 82
                                        86
                                                83
                                                        85
                                                               4F 4F 80
                                 84
   Codeword table
   key
          value
   YΑ
           81
   AB
            82
   BB
           83
   BA
            84
   AD
            85
   DA
            86
   ABB
            87
   {\tt BAD}
           88
   DAB
           89
   BBA
            88
   ADO
           8B
   00
           8C
41 81
              82
                         83
                                         84
                                                           85
                                                                                  80
```

Codeword table

key value

AA 81

AAA 82

AAAA 83

AAAAA 84

AAAAA 85