

# Assignment 8

*FOML (IT-582)*

Dhirubhai Ambani University

## Part I — Soft-Margin Role (Linear Kernel)

Dataset : IRIS

1. **Train Linear SVM:** Train a Support Vector Machine using a **Linear Kernel** with multiple values of the regularization parameter  $C$ .

$$C \in \{0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100\}$$

Use the `SVC(kernel='linear')` implementation from `scikit-learn`.

2. **Plot Decision Boundary:** For each value of  $C$ , plot the corresponding decision boundary along with the data points. Observe how the margin changes with varying  $C$ .
3. **Report and Analysis:**
  - Training accuracy for each  $C$  value.
  - Validation accuracy for each  $C$  value.
  - Number of support vectors used by the model.
  - Observe the following:
    - Margin width variation as  $C$  increases.
    - Number of misclassifications and how they change with  $C$ .

## Part II — Kernel SVM (Nonlinear Data using Toy Synthetic Datasets)

- **Datasets Used:**
  - `make_moons`: Nonlinear, two-class dataset.
  - `make_circles`: Nonlinear, concentric circles dataset.
  - Add Gaussian noise to both datasets to make them more realistic.

1. **Train SVMs with Different Kernels:**

- **Linear Kernel:** `kernel='linear'`
- **Polynomial Kernel:** `kernel='poly'`, with polynomial degrees  $d = 2, 3$  (tuned)
- **RBF Kernel:** `kernel='rbf'`, with parameter  $\gamma$  tuned

## 2. Report and Analysis:

- Record the following metrics for each combination of kernel :
  - Training accuracy
  - Validation accuracy
  - Number of support vectors
- **Observations:**
  - Examine the number of misclassifications and their dependence on kernel .
  - Compare how linear and nonlinear kernels handle complex decision boundaries in noisy data.