- 1. What is machine-level language also known as?
- => Binary code
- 2. What consists of instructions directly executed by a computer's hardware?
- => Assembly code
- 3. What is an advantage of machine-level programming language?
- => Direct control over hardware
- 4. What is a disadvantage of machine-level programming language?
- => Easy for humans to read and write
- 5. What is one step above machine code in programming languages?
- => Assembly language
- 6. What do low-level programming languages use to represent operations and memory addresses?
- => Mnemonics and symbols

- 7. Which type of programming language provides a balance between low-level and high-level languages?
- => Mid-level language
- 8. In which language are instructions represented using mnemonics like MOV for move and ADD for addition?
- => x86 Assembly Language
- 9. What type of programming languages provide powerful constructs for solving complex problems?
- => High-level language
- 10. What is an advantage of high-level programming languages?
- => Portability across platforms
- 11. Which language introduced structured programming concepts like loops and blocks?
- => ALGOL (Algorithmic Language)
- 12. Which programming language is known for its readability and English like syntax?
- => COBOL

- 13. Who were the creators of the Java programming language?
- => James Gosling and Mike Sheridan
- 14. When was Java officially announced to the public?
- => 1995
- 15. What was the original name of the language before it was renamed to Java?
- => 0ak
- 16. What is the slogan that highlights Java's platform independence?
- => Write Once, Run Anywhere (WORA)
- 17. What component is required to execute Java bytecode on a specific platform?
- => Java Compiler
- 18. What feature of Java allows it to be platform independent?
- => Write Once, Run Anywhere (WORA)
- 19. Which company acquired Sun Microsystems, taking over the development of Java? => Oracle Corporation

- 20. What consists of sequences of binary digits (0s and 1s) that directly control the computer's hardware?
- => Bytecode
- 21. Which programming language is one step above machine code?
- => Assembly language
- 22. What is a major disadvantage of machine-level programming language?
- => Highly specific to architecture
- 23. Which programming language provides more human-readable representation of computer instructions using mnemonics and symbols?
- => Low-level language
- 24. Which type of programming language is closer to hardware compared to high-level languages?
- =>Low-level language
- 25. What do low-level programming languages like assembly use to represent operations and memory addresses?
- =>Mnemonics and symbols

- 26. Which type of language offers higher-level abstractions while still allowing direct access to system resources?
- =>Mid-level language
- 27. Which language is known for its use of
 mnemonics like MOV for move and ADD for addition?
 => x86 Assembly
- 28. Which type of programming languages are designed to be more abstract and user-friendly? =>High-level language
- 29. What is a key advantage of high-level programming languages?
- =>Portability across platforms
- 30. Which language introduced structured programming concepts like loops and blocks?
- => ALGOL (Algorithmic Language)
- 31. What is one of the characteristics of COBOL programming language?
- => Readability and English-like syntax

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- => Write Once, Run Anywhere (WORA)
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- => Oracle Corporation

- 39. What was the original purpose of the "Green Project" initiated by Sun Microsystems?
- => To develop a programming language for interactive television
- 40. What is machine-level language also known as?
- => Binary code
- 41. What is an advantage of machine-level programming language?
- => Direct control over hardware
- 42. What is a disadvantage of machine-level programming language?
- => Requires deep understanding of computer
 architecture
- 43. What is one step above machine code in programming languages?
- => Assembly language
- 44. What do low-level programming languages use to represent operations and memory addresses?
- => Mnemonics and symbols

- 45. Which type of language offers higher-level abstractions while still allowing direct access to system resources?
- => Mid-level language
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