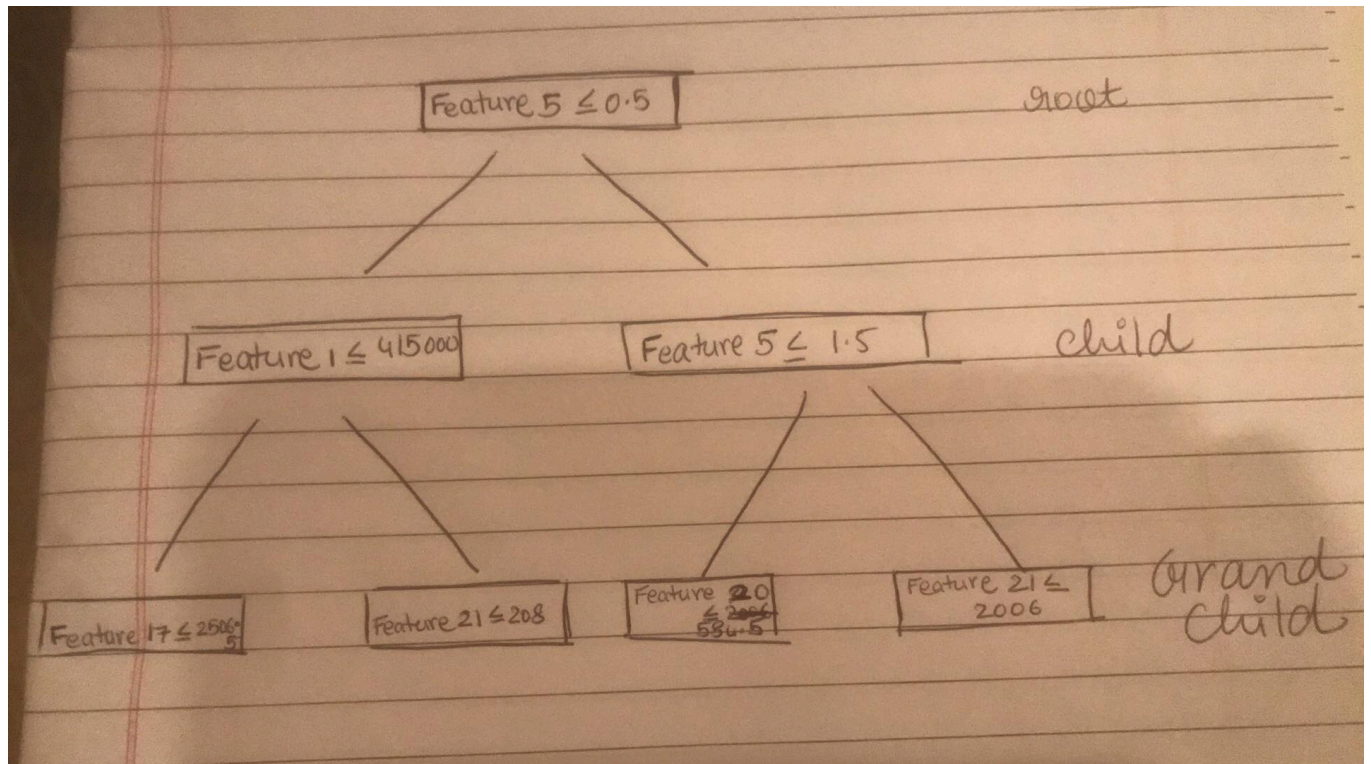


Programming Assignment 2

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CSE 151

Q1. The below picture are the decision rules selected.



Root

Feature 5 \leq 0.5

The training points are 2000

Left Child

Feature 1 \leq 415000

The training points are 1319

Right Child

Feature 5 \leq 1.5

The training points are 681

Left Left Grandchild

Feature 17 \leq 2505.6

The training points are 1284

Left Right Grandchild
Feature 21 \leq 208
The training points are 35

Right Left Grandchild
Feature 20 \leq 584.5
The training points are 292

Right Right Grandchild
Feature 21 \leq 2006
The training points are 389

Q2. The training error is 0.0
The test error is 0.498

Q3. Validation error before pruning: 0.461

Pruning
Decision rule is feature 1 \leq 415000
Validation error is 0.442
Test error is 0.485

Pruning
Decision rule is feature 4 \leq 2.5
Validation error is 0.442
Test error is 0.485

Q4. Feature 5 which is payment delay September

```
import numpy as np
from collections import Counter
import math
import random
```

```
text = np.loadtxt('./pa2train.txt')
validate = np.loadtxt('./pa2validation.txt')
other = np.loadtxt('./pa2test.txt')
```

```
def total_entropy(values):
    counts = Counter([x for x in values])
    total_length = len(values)
    probability = []
    for i in counts.values():
```

```

    probability.append(i/total_length)
return [sum([-x*math.log(x) for x in probability]), counts]

```

```

def information_gain(values, rule, rule_Value):
    split = []
    sp = []
    for i in values:
        if i[rule] > rule_Value:
            split.append(i)
        else:
            sp.append(i)
    split_labels = []
    for j in split:
        split_labels.append(j[len(j)-1])

    label = []
    for a in sp:
        label.append(a[len(a)-1])

    probability_split = total_entropy(split_labels)[0]
    probability_label = total_entropy(label)[0]

    probaility_s = len(split_labels)/ len(values)
    probality = len(label)/ len(values)

    conditional = (probaility_s*probability_split) + (probality*probability_label)
    value_ttoal = []
    for b in values:
        value_ttoal.append(b[len(b)-1])

    return [total_entropy(value_ttoal)[0] - conditional, total_entropy(value_ttoal)[1]]

```

```

def candidate_rules(values):
    temp = []
    for y in range(22):
        temp_values = []
        for x in values:
            temp_values.append(x[y])
        sort_value = sorted(np.unique(temp_values))
        for i in range(len(sort_value)-1):
            temp.append([(sort_value[i]+sort_value[i+1])/2, y])
    return temp

```

```

def id3(values):

```

```

root = Tree()
root.data = values
root.left = Tree()
root.right = Tree()

value_label = []
ig = []
for x in values:
    value_label.append(x[len(x)-1])
counts = Counter([x for x in value_label])
if (len(counts) == 1):
    print(value_label[0])
    root.data = value_label[0]
    root.left = None
    root.right = None
    return root

elif(len(value_label) <= 0):
    return
else:
    cr = candidate_rules(values)
    for j in cr:
        i = information_gain(values, j[1], j[0])
        ig.append([i[0], [j[1], j[0]], i[1]])

max_value = -1
for c in ig:
    if c[0] > max_value:
        max_value = c[0]

max_ig = []
for c in ig:
    if c[0] == max_value:
        max_ig.append(c)

random_ig = random.choice(max_ig)
decison_feature = random_ig[1][0]
decison_value = random_ig[1][1]
keys = []
value_counts = []
for i in random_ig[2].items():
    keys.append(i[0])
    value_counts.append(i[1])

```

```
count_feature = [keys[0], value_counts[0]]
count_other = [keys[1], value_counts[1]]
```

```
split_left = []
split_right = []
```

```
for d in values:
    if d[decison_feature] <= decison_value:
        split_left.append(d)
    else:
        split_right.append(d)
```

```
root.feature = decison_feature
root.threshold = decison_value
root.pure = False
root.count = count_feature
root.other = count_other
decison = decison_feature+1
print("decision rule", decison, "<=", decison_value)
root.left = id3(split_left)
root.right = id3(split_right)
return root
```

```
class Tree:
    def __init__(self):
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.data = None
        self.threshold = None
        self.count = None
        self.pure = False
        self.other = None
        self.feature = None
```

```
def e(train, other):
    c = 0
    for i in range(len(other)):
        if other[i][-1] != train[i]:
            c = c+1
    return (c/len(other))
```

```
def make_predict(tree, values):
    a = []
```

```

for i in values:
    def make_redict(tree, values):
        if (tree.pure == True):
            if (tree.count[1] > tree.other[1]):
                a.append(tree.count[0])
                return
            else:
                a.append(tree.other[0])
                return
        else:
            if ( tree.left == None and tree.right == None):
                a.append(tree.data)
                return
            if values[tree.feature] <= tree.threshold:
                make_redict(tree.left, values)
            else:
                make_redict(tree.right, values)
    make_redict(tree, i)
return a

a = id3(text)
b = make_predict(a, text)
c = e(b, other)
d = e(b, text)
print(c)
print(d)

def tr(tree):
    queue = []
    queue.append(tree)
    counter = 0
    while queue and counter <= 6:
        want = queue.pop(0)
        print(want.feature, want.threshold, want.count, want.other)
        queue.append(want.left)
        queue.append(want.right)
        counter = counter + 1
    tr(a)

def prune(tree):
    queue = []
    queue.append(tree.left)
    queue.append(tree.right)
    before = e(b, validate)

```

```

print(before, "b")
counter = 0
while queue and counter < 2:
    wanted = queue.pop(0)
    print(wanted.feature, wanted.threshold)
    wanted.pure = True
    counter = counter + 1
    after = e(make_predict(a, text), validate)
    t_after = e(make_predict(a, text), other)
    print(after, "a")
    print(t_after)
    if after <= before:
        wanted.left = None
        wanted.right = None
        before = after
    if after > before:
        wanted.pure = False
        counter = counter - 1
    if wanted.left != None:
        queue.append(wanted.left)

    if wanted.right != None:
        queue.append(wanted.right)

return tree

pruned = prune(a)
print(pruned)

```