Lab 1 Report

UDP Server and Client

I put the IP address, Port Number, Buffer Size and Transfer Rate as my program arguments.

I check program arguments and make sure that they are appropriate (Exp: Transfer rate is not below 0).

The connections and the packages were already made so I didn't play around with them much.

I created an if condition. It checked the Transfer Rate put in in the Program Argument. If it was 0 it would not loop just send the data. I approximated sending and receiving data as 0.5 milliseconds so I made the program sleep the rest of the time until I was 1 seconds.

```
socket.send(sendPacket);
socket.receive(receivePacket);
Thread.sleep((long) (1000-0.5));
```

If Transfer Rate was more than 0 It would loop that many times and the program would sleep ((1000 ms-(0.5*TR)/TR-1(Each loop))

```
int x=Integer.valueOf(args[2]);
long processTime= (long) (0.5*timeDevider);
long startTime=System.currentTimeMillis();
while (x!=0) {
    try {
        socket.send(sendPacket);
        socket.receive(receivePacket);
        Thread.sleep((1000-processTime)/timeDevider);
```

TCP Server and Client

On the Client side I have done the same stuff with the program arguments and the same checks.

This time however in the Transfer Rate I have waited for the loop to end and took the record of the time it took and subtracted it from 1 second and waited the rest of the time.

On the Servers side I have put a while loop which opens a new thread each time there is a new connection request.

Each Thread has another while loop to handle multiple request from a client.

I have sent 5 messages back and forth:

).	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	1 0.000000	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	66 56423 → 9696 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
	2 0.001172	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	66 9696 → 56423 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 WS=128
	3 0.001322	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 56423 → 9696 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=0
	4 0.002467	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=20
	5 0.016220	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	60 9696 → 56423 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=21 Win=29312 Len=0
	6 0.035805	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=21 Win=29312 Len=20
	7 0.036013	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=21 Ack=21 Win=65536 Len=20
	8 0.059645	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=21 Ack=41 Win=29312 Len=20
	9 0.059784	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=41 Ack=41 Win=65536 Len=20
	10 0.062261	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=41 Ack=61 Win=29312 Len=20
	11 0.062426	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=61 Ack=61 Win=65536 Len=20
	12 0.063928	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=61 Ack=81 Win=29312 Len=20
	13 0.064109	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=81 Ack=81 Win=65536 Len=20
	14 0.069414	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=81 Ack=101 Win=29312 Len=20
	15 0.109385	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 56423 → 9696 [ACK] Seq=101 Ack=101 Win=65536 Len=0
	16 1.002446	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 56423 → 9696 [FIN, ACK] Seq=101 Ack=101 Win=65536 Len=0
	17 1.004082	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	60 9696 → 56423 [FIN, ACK] Seq=101 Ack=102 Win=29312 Len=0
	18 1.004196	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 56423 → 9696 [ACK] Seq=102 Ack=102 Win=65536 Len=0

1 0.000000	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	66 56423 → 9696 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
2 0.001172	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	66 9696 → 56423 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 WS=128
3 0.001322	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 56423 → 9696 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=0
4 0.002467	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=20
5 0.016220	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	60 9696 → 56423 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=21 Win=29312 Len=0
6 0.035805	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=21 Win=29312 Len=20
7 0.036013	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=21 Ack=21 Win=65536 Len=20
8 0.059645	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=21 Ack=41 Win=29312 Len=20
9 0.059784	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=41 Ack=41 Win=65536 Len=20
10 0.062261	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=41 Ack=61 Win=29312 Len=20
11 0.062426	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=61 Ack=61 Win=65536 Len=20
12 0.063928	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=61 Ack=81 Win=29312 Len=20
13 0.064109	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	74 56423 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=81 Ack=81 Win=65536 Len=20
14 0.069414	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	74 9696 → 56423 [PSH, ACK] Seq=81 Ack=101 Win=29312 Len=20
15 0.109385	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 56423 → 9696 [ACK] Seq=101 Ack=101 Win=65536 Len=0
16 1.002446	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 56423 → 9696 [FIN, ACK] Seq=101 Ack=101 Win=65536 Len=0
17 1.004082	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	60 9696 → 56423 [FIN, ACK] Seq=101 Ack=102 Win=29312 Len=0
18 1 00/196	192 168 56 1	102 168 56 101	TCD	54 56423 - 9696 [ACV] Sec-102 Ack-102 Win-65536 Len-0

I have also sent request from 3 client to the server:

```
Echo request from: 192.168.56.1 Using Port: 58724
Echo request from: 192.168.56.1 Using Port: 58738
Echo request from: 192.168.56.1 Using Port: 58748
```

UDP Client 5 Requests:

```
UDPEchoClient UDPEchoServer

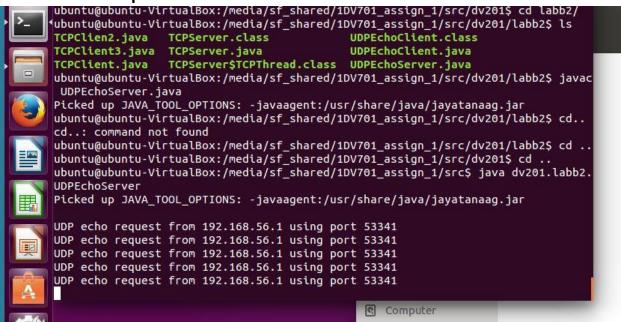
-Dfile_encoding=UTF-8 -classpath C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\shared\lDV701_assign_1\out\production\lDV701_assign_1 dv201.1

16 bytes sent and received

17 ine it took in ms: 1038

Process finished with exit code 0
```

UDP Server 5 Requests:



What happens when the message is too big?

TCP:

When I decreased the size of the buffer less messages were sent and the amount of messages received were equal to the amount of messages sent.

In the example below I have sent 47 byte message with the Client Buffer size of 10. There were only 2 messages sent and received.

```
Picked up JAVA_TOOL_OPTIONS: -javaagent:/usr/share/java/jayatanaag.jar
Echo request from: 192.168.56.1 Using Port: 50711
Echo request from: 192.168.56.1 Using Port: 50711
```

UDP:

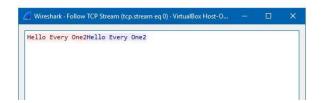
When I sent a data which was bigger than the buffer size I got the same amount of packages as I have sent and the same amount of data in the packages however the full message isn't saved in the client. Also on the client side I get the following message:

On the example above the message was 47 bytes and the Client Buffer size was 20.

Also when I sent a message bigger than the buffer size of the server the amount of packages I received was the same as the amount I had sent but the data inside was lost and I never received it back.

What is happening below?

o.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	1 0.000000	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	66 58988 → 9696 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
	2 0.001689	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	66 9696 → 58988 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 WS=128
	3 0.001886	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 58988 → 9696 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=0
	4 0.002543	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	70 58988 → 9696 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=16
	5 0.004450	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	60 9696 → 58988 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=17 Win=29312 Len=0
	6 0.011987	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	70 9696 → 58988 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=17 Win=29312 Len=16
	7 0.012708	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 58988 → 9696 [FIN, ACK] Seq=17 Ack=17 Win=65536 Len=0
	8 0.038773	192.168.56.101	192.168.56.1	TCP	60 9696 → 58988 [FIN, ACK] Seq=17 Ack=18 Win=29312 Len=0
	9 0.038865	192.168.56.1	192.168.56.101	TCP	54 58988 → 9696 [ACK] Seq=18 Ack=18 Win=65536 Len=0



(ACK contains the number of the next byte expected in the sequence)

- 1) Client has sent a Synchronization request through SYN Flag.
- 2) Server acknowledges that and sends back its own synchronization request through ACK and SYN flags
- 3) Client acknowledges the synchronization request by setting the ACK flag
- 4) Client send the data and also sets the ACK flag and PSH flag.
- 5) Server acknowledges that and sets the ACK flag.
- 6) Server sends back the data it has received and sets the ACK flag and PSH flag.
- 7) Client ends the Stream and sends the FIN flag with the ACK flag.
- 8) Server sends its own FIN flag and ACK flag.