程序设计1

题目: 词法分析程序的设计与实现。

实验内容:设计并实现 C语言的词法分析程序,要求实现如下功能。

- (1) 可以识别出用 C 语言编写的源程序中的每个单词符号,并以记号的形式输出每个单词符号。
- (2) 可以识别并跳过源程序中的注释。
- (3) 可以统计源程序中的语句行数、各类单词的个数、以及字符总数,并输出统计结果。
- (4) 检查源程序中存在的词法错误,并报告错误所在的位置。
- (5) 对源程序中出现的错误进行适当的恢复,使词法分析可以继续进行,对源程序进行一次扫描,即可检查并报告源程序中存在的所有词法错误。

实现要求:分别用以下两种方法实现。

方法 1: 采用 C/C++作为实现语言, 手工编写词法分析程序。

方法 2:编写 LEX 源程序,利用 LEX 编译程序自动生成词法分析程序。

实验目的: 用手工方式设计并实现词法分析程序,深刻理解词法分析的主要任务、词法分析程序与语法分析程序之间的关系、词法分析程序的输入输出、单词符号的描述及识别以及整个词法分析过程。

输入: C语言源程序 (.cpp) 文件

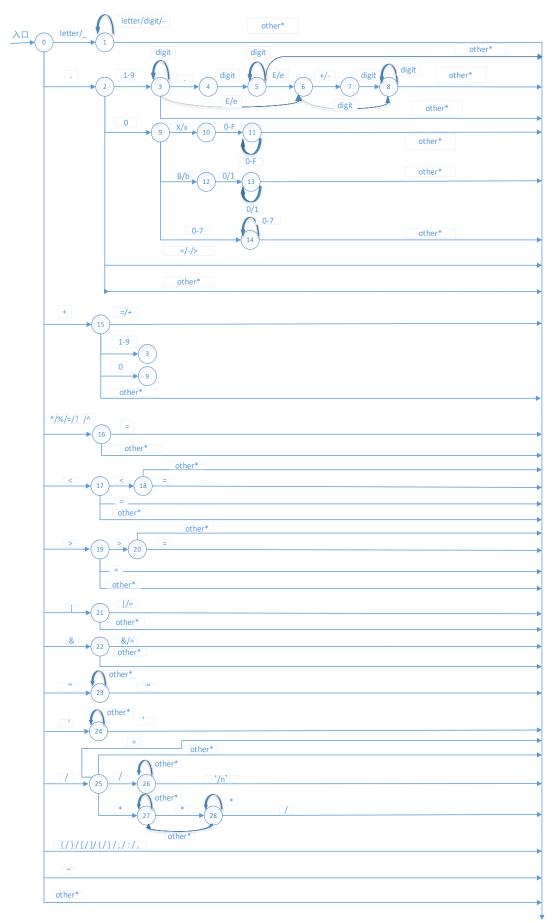
输出:由源程序字符串转换成的记号序列,以<记号,属性>的格式输出(如下表 所示)

字符串	记号	属性	字符串	记号	属性
if	if	_	+	+	_
then	then	_	_	_	_
id	id	符号表入口指	*	*	_
		针			
num	num	常数值	/	/	_
<	<	_	((_

设计过程:

- 1. 语言说明
- (1) 标识符:以下划线或字母开头的后跟字母或数字组成的字符串。
- (2) 关键字: C语言中的所有关键字(共32个)。
- (3) 常数(包括无符号、有符号、十六进制、八进制、二进制): 前二者由整数部分、可选的小数部分和可选的指数部分构成。
- (4) 关系运算符: 〈, 〈=, 〉=, 〉, ==, !=, ., -〉, !, &&, | |, ·
- (5) 算术运算符: +,-,*,/,%,++,--, &, ^, |,<<,>>
- (6) 标点符号: {,},[,],(,),,,;,:
- (7) 赋值号: =,+=,-=,*=,/=,&=,^=,|=,<<=,>>=
- (8) 注释标记:以"/*"开头以"*/"结束,以及以"//"开头。
- (9) 其他: #、空格或\n和\t等自动跳过。
- 2. 设计识别各类字符的状态转换图

根据每种记号的文法构造出相应的状态转换图,让这些状态转换图共用一个初态(如下图所示)。



```
3. 源代码
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <fstream>
#include <sstream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
                 0 //关键字
#define KEY
                 1 //标识符
#define ID
#define RELOP
                 2 //运算符
#define NUM
                 3 //常数
#define STRING
                 4 //字符串
#define PUNCTUATION 5 //标点符号
#define ANNOTATION 6 //注释
#define BUF_LENGTH 64 //缓冲区长度
                 31 //左半边终止位
#define L_END
                 63 //右半边终止位
#define R_END
#define START
                 0 //开始指针
using namespace std;
string file;
                           //文件名
ifstream in;
                           //文件指针
char C:
                           //存放当前读入的字符
int state = 0;
                           //状态
int linenum, wordnum, charnum; //行数,单词数,字符数
char buffer[BUF LENGTH];
                           //缓冲区字符数组
                           //左右半区终点
int 1_end, r_end;
int _forward = 0;
                           //前进指针
bool Iflag, rflag;
                           //是否需要填充缓冲区标记
string token;
                           //存放当前正在识别的单词字符串
string char_to_string(char c); //char 型转换为 string 型
string int to string(int c);
                           //int 型转换为 string 型
vector<string> id;
                           //自己定义的标识符表
vector<string> keyword;
                           //关键字
vector<string> num;
                           //常数表
                           //""以及''中的字符串
vector<string> literal;
void get char();
                           //从输入缓冲区中读入一个字符放入变量 C 中
void get nbc();
                           //检查 C 中是否有空格
bool letter(char c);
                           //判断 C 中的字符是否为字母, 是则返回 true 否则返回 false
                           //判断 C 中的字符食肉为数字, 若是返回 true 否则返回 false
bool digit(char c);
                           //向前指针退回一位
void retract();
void init_key();
                           //生成关键字表
int iskey(string token);
                           //判断标识符是否在关键字表里
void init();
                           //初始化所有参数
void fillBuffer(int i);
                           //填充缓冲区, 0: 填充左边 1: 填充右边
void work();
                           //词法分析主体部分
void output(int type, string out);//以〈记号,属性〉的形式输出分析结果
                             //错误处理程序
void error();
void startwork(string f);
                             //读取文件开始分析
vector<string> key table;
                             //关键字表
void init kev() {
    key_table.clear();
    key_table.push_back("char");
                                key_table.push_back("double");
key_table.push_back("enum");
                            key_table.push_back("float");
    key_table.push_back("int");
                                key_table.push_back("long");
key_table.push_back("short");
                            key_table.push_back("signed");
    key_table.push_back("struct"); key_table.push_back("union");
```

key_table.push_back("unsigned"); key_table.push_back("void");

```
key_table.push_back("for");
                                      key_table.push_back("do");
key_table.push_back("while");
                                 key_table.push_back("break");
    key_table.push_back("continue"); key_table.push_back("if");
key_table.push_back("else");
                                 key_table.push_back("goto");
    key_table.push_back("switch");
                                      key_table.push_back("case");
key_table.push_back("default"); key_table.push_back("return");
    key_table.push_back("auto");
                                      key_table.push_back("extern");
key table.push back("register"); key table.push back("static");
    key table.push back("const");
                                      key table.push back("sizeof");
key_table.push_back("typedef"); key_table.push_back("volatile");
bool letter(char c) {
    return (c >= 'a'&&c <= 'z' || c >= 'A'&&c <= 'Z');
bool digit(char c) {
    return (c >= '0'&&c \langle = '9' \rangle;
int iskey(string token) {
    vector<string>::iterator it;
    for (it = key_table.begin(); it != key_table.end(); it++) {
         if (token == (*it))
              return it - key_table.begin();
    }
    return -1;
string char_to_string(char c) {
    string str;
    stringstream stream;
    stream << c;
    str = stream.str();
    return str;
string int_to_string(int c) {
    string str;
    stringstream stream;
    stream << c;
    str = stream.str();
    return str;
void init() {
    id.clear();
    1_{end} = L_{END};
    r_{end} = R_{END};
    _{forward} = 0;
    lflag = rflag = false;
    buffer[1_end] = buffer[r_end] = EOF;
    fillBuffer(0);
    linenum = wordnum = charnum = 0;
void fillBuffer(int i) {
    if (i == 0) {
         if (lflag == false) {
              in.read(buffer, 1_end);
              if (in.gcount() != 1_end) {
                   buffer[in.gcount()] = EOF;
         else {
```

```
1flag = false;
         }
     }
    else {
         if (rflag == false) {
              in.read(buffer + 1_{end} + 1, 1_{end});
              if (in.gcount() != 1_end) {
                   buffer[in.gcount() + 1_end + 1] = EOF;
         }
         else {
              rflag = false;
void get_char() {
    C = buffer[_forward];
    if (C == EOF)
         return;
     if (C == '\n') {
         linenum++;
         charnum++;
     }
    else {
         charnum++;
     _forward++;
     if (buffer[_forward] == EOF) {
         if (_forward == 1_end) {
              fillBuffer(1);
              _forward++;
         else if (_{forward} == r_{end}) {
              fillBuffer(0);
              _forward = START;
}
void get_nbc() {
    while (C == ' ' || C == '\t' || C == '\n')
         get_char();
void retract() {
    if (\_forward == 0) {
         1flag = true;
         _{forward} = r_{end} - 1;
    else {
         _forward--;
         if (\_forward == 1\_end) {
              rflag = true;
              _forward--;
void output(int type, string out) {
    switch (type) {
    case KEY:
         keyword.push_back(out);
```

```
cout << "<" << out << ", >" << end1;
           break;
     case ID:
          \texttt{cout} \, << \, \texttt{"} < \texttt{id,"} \, << \, \texttt{atoi} \, (\texttt{out.} \, \texttt{c\_str}()) \, << \, \texttt{"} > \texttt{"} \, << \, \texttt{endl};
          break;
     case NUM:
          num. push_back(out);
          cout << "<num," << out << ">" << end1;</pre>
     case RELOP:
          cout << "<" << out << ", >" << end1;
          break;
     case STRING:
           literal.push_back(out);
          cout << "<string," << out << ">" << endl;
          break;
     case PUNCTUATION:
          cout << "<" << out << ", >" << end1;
          break;
     case ANNOTATION:
          cout << "<annotation," << out << ">" << endl;</pre>
     default:
          break;
     wordnum++;
void error() {
     cout << "Line:" << linenum + 1 << " error!" << endl;
void work() {
     do {
          switch (state) {
          case 0:
                token.clear();
                get_char();
                get_nbc();
                if (C == '_' || letter(C)) {
                     state = 1;
                else if (C == '-') {
                     state = 2;
                else if (C >= '1'&&C <= '9') {
                     state = 3;
                else if (C == '0') {
                     state = 9;
                else if (C == '+') {
                     state = 15;
                else if (C == '*' || C == '\' || C == '!' || C == '=' || C == '^') {
                     state = 16;
                else if (C == '^{\sim}' || C == '.') {
                     output(RELOP, char_to_string(C));
                     state = 0;
```

```
else if (C == '{' | | C == '}' | | C == '[' | | C == ']' | | C == '(' | | C == ')'
|| C == ';' || C == ':' || C == ',') {
                   output(PUNCTUATION, char_to_string(C));
                   state = 0;
              else if (C == '<') {
                   state = 17;
              else if (C == '>') {
                   state = 19;
              else if (C == '|') {
                   state = 21;
              else if (C == '\&') {
                   state = 22;
              else if (C == '"') {
                   state = 23;
              else if (C == ' \setminus '') {
                   state = 24;
              else if (C = '/') {
                  state = 25;
              else if (C == '#') {
                   state = 29;
              else
                   state = 30;
              break;
         case 1:
              token.push_back(C);
              get_char();
              if (letter(C) || digit(C) || C == '_') {
                   state = 1;
              }
              else {
                   retract();
                   state = 0;
                   if (iskey(token) != -1) {
                        output(KEY, key_table[iskey(token)]);//直接输出关键字
                   else {
                        id. push_back(token);
                        int locate = id. size() - 1;
                       output(ID, int_to_string(locate));
                        state = 0;
              }
              break;
         case 2:
              token.push_back(C);
              get_char();
              if (C >= '1' \&\&C <= '9') {
                   state = 3;
              else if (C == '0') {
```

```
state = 9;
    else if (C == '.') {
         state = 4;
    token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    break;
case 3:
    token.push_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (digit(C)) {
         state = 3;
    }
    else if (C == '.') {
         state = 4;
    else if (C == 'E' \mid | C == 'e')  {
         state = 6;
    else {
         retract();
         output(NUM, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    break;
case 4:
    token.push\_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (digit(C)) {
         state = 5;
    }
    else {
         error();
         state = 0;
    }
    break;
case 5:
    token.push_back(C);
    get_char();
    \quad \text{if } (\text{digit}(C)) \ \{\\
         state = 5;
    else if (C == 'E' \mid | C == 'e')  {
         state = 6;
    else {
         retract(); output(NUM, token);
         state = 0;
    break;
```

```
case 6:
     token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
     if (C == '+' | | C == '-') {
        state = 7;
     else if (digit(C)) {
         state = 8;
    else {
         retract();
         error();
         state = 0;
    break;
case 7:
    token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
     if (digit(C)) {
         state = 8;
    else {
         retract();
         error();
         state = 0;
    break;
case 8:
    token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
    if (digit(C)) {
        state = 8;
    }
    else {
         retract();
         output(NUM, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    break;
case 9:
    token.push_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (C == '.') {
         state = 4;
    }
    else if (C == 'X' \mid \mid C == 'x') {
         state = 10;
    else if (C == 'B' \mid | C == 'b') {
        state = 12;
    else if (C >= '0' \&\& C <= '7') {
         state = 14;
    else {
         retract();
         output (NUM, token);
         state = 0;
```

```
break;
case 10:
     token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
     if ((C \ge '0'\&\&C \le '9') \mid | (C \ge 'A'\&\&C \le 'F') \mid | (C \ge 'a'\&\&C \le 'f'))  {
          state = 11;
     else {
          retract();
          error();
          state = 0;
     break;
case 11:
     token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
      \text{if } ((C >= '0'\&\&C <= '9') \ | \ (C >= 'A'\&\&C <= 'F') \ | \ (C >= 'a'\&\&C <= 'f')) \ \{ \\ 
          state = 11;
     }
     else {
          retract();
          output(NUM, token);
          state = 0;
     break;
case 12:
     token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
     if (C == '0' \mid \mid C == '1') {
          state = 13;
     else {
          retract();
          error();
          state = 0;
     }
     break;
case 13:
     token.push_back(C);
     get char();
     if (C == '0' \mid \mid C == '1') {
          state = 13;
     }
     else {
          retract();
          output(NUM, token);
          state = 0;
     }
    break;
case 14:
     token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
     if (C >= '0' \&\&C <= '7') {
          state = 14;
     else {
          retract();
          output (NUM, token);
          state = 0;
```

```
}
    break;
case 15:
    token.push\_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (C == '=' \mid | C == '+')  {
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    else if (C >= '1'&&C <= '9') {
         state = 3;
    else if (C == '0') {
         state = 9;
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    break;
case 16:
    token.push_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (C == '=') {
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    break;
case 17:
    token.push_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (C == '<') {
         state = 18;
    else if (C == '=') {
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    break;
case 18:
    token.push_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (C == '=') {
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
```

```
state = 0;
     }
     else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    break;
case 19:
     token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
     if (C == '>') {
         state = 20;
     else if (C == '=') {
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
     }
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    break;
case 20:
     token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
     if (C == '=') \{
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    break;
case 21:
    token.push_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (C == '|'||C == '=') {
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    break;
case 22:
    token.push_back(C);
     get_char();
     if (C == '\&' \mid \mid C == '=')  {
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
```

```
state = 0;
    }
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    break;
case 23:
    get_char();
    if (C == '"') {
         output(STRING, token);
         state = 0;
    else {
         token.push_back(C);
         state = 23;
    break;
case 24:
    get_char();
    if (C == '\'') {
         output(STRING, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    else {
         token.push_back(C);
         state = 24;
    break;
case 25:
    token.push_back(C);
    get_char();
    if (C == '/')  {
         state = 26;
    else if (C == '*') {
         state = 27;
    else if (C == '=') {
         token.push_back(C);
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    else {
         retract();
         output(RELOP, token);
         state = 0;
    }
    break;
case 26:
    get_char();
    if (C == '\n') {
         output(ANNOTATION, token.substr(1,token.size()-1));
         state = 0;
    else {
         token.push_back(C);
         state = 26;
```

```
}
              break;
         case 27:
              get_char();
              if (C == '*') {
                  state = 28;
              else {
                  token.push_back(C);
                  state = 27;
              break;
         case 28:
              get_char();
              if (C == '*') {
                  state = 28;
              else if (C == '/') {
                  output (ANNOTATION, token. substr(1, token. size()-1));
                   state = 0;
              }
              else {
                  token.push_back('*');
                  token.push_back(C);
                  state = 27;
              break;
         case 29:
              while (C != '\n') {
                  get_char();
              state = 0;
              break;
              cout << "Line: " << linenum+1 << " error!" << endl;
              state = 0;
              break;
         }
    } while (C != EOF);
void startwork(string f) {
    char firename[20];
    file = f;
    strcpy(firename, file.c_str());
    in. open(firename);
    if (in) {
         init();
         work();
         cout << end1;</pre>
         cout << "行数: " << linenum << "
         cout << "单词数: " << wordnum << "
         cout << "字符数: " << charnum << "
                                                 " << end1;
    else {
         cout << "文件打开失败! " << endl;
void main() {
    init_key();
```

```
string filename;
cout << "请输入C语言代码文件名: ";
cin >> filename;
startwork(filename);
system("pause");
```

实验结果: 输入正确的程序 true. cpp

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```
请输入C语言代码文件名: true.cpp
(int, )
(id, 0)
((, )
(int,
(id, 1>
(num, 6>
(;, /
(float, >
 (id, 2>
(num, 6. 54>
(double, >
(id, 3>
(num, 6. 54e-10>
(;, >
(id, 4>
(*=, >
(id, 5>
 (id, 6>
(;, >
(id, 7>
(id, 8>
                  /output %&*()>
(annotation,
<annotation,</pre>
                  the result>
(id, 9>
((, >
<string, %d>
(, ,
(id, 10>
(),
(return, >
<num, 0>
行数: 13
                    单词数: 43
                                           字符数: 198
```

输入错误的程序 false. cpp, 其代码段如下图:

```
#include<stdio.h>

proid main() {
    long aa1 = 1234567890;
    int bb1 = -555;
    float ccc1 = 6.7e;
    string d = "false";// $$$$
    while (aa1 >= bb1);
    /*asasa***/
    "the aa1 is bigger";
    @
}
```

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```
请输入C语言代码文件名: false.cpp
<void,
<id, 0>
<(, >
<), >
<{, >
<long, >
<id, 1>
<=, >
<num, 1234567890>
<int, >
<id, 2>
<=, >
<num, -555>
<;, >
<float, >
<id, 3>
Line:6 error!
<;, >
<id, 4>
<id, 5>
<=, >
<string, false>
<annotation, $$$$>
<while, >
<(, >
<id, 6>
<>=, >
<id, 7>
<), >
<annotation, asasa>
string, the aal is bigger>
<;, >
Line: 11 error!
<}, >
行数: 12
                 单词数: 36
                                      字符数: 204
```