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Dinosaur Conflict Threatens Society; Thousands of People in Danger



The Mad Scientist stating his terms and conditions to the ECOSOC council, urging them to side with him and Japan, warning them that there is only 48 hours left. (Photo: Sheralyn Tan)

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SINGAPORE - The Dinosaur conflict began when the "mad scientist" and his dinosaur creations threatened to exterminate 20% of the human population on earth as sustenance for his dinosaurs, all while demanding 5% of the international GDP annually. Unless the leaders of the world and their delegates come to a consensus and agree to his demands, the "mad scientist" will wipe out the entire population of earth with his militia of dinosaurs.

Countries send their delegates from different factions to discuss the various problems that the threat of dinosaurs have given rise to, such as the feasibility of measures proposed for containing the threat of the Dinosaurs. Countries like the United Kingdom, France, North Korea and China proposed to cut their losses by exterminating the 20% of the population to save the other 80% of the population. This is to give up the 20% of more economically challenged population to solve the threat at hand and also solve the overcrowding problem population. Additionally, other countries like Germany, Slovakia and the Netherlands agree that the Europian Union should form an alliance to stop the coming threat of the dinosaurs.

Furthermore, all countries except Russia agrees that using nukes to exterminate the threat makes the situation worse by reducing too much of the current population and is more of a detriment than a benefit.

The "mad scientist" agreed to and now have allied with China and North Korea. Currently, the countries of Russia, Indonesia, Myanmar and Brunei are appealing to other countries and the "mad scientist" to be allies, as their unwillingness to comply might end up with collateral damage affecting over 20% of the population, and they refuse to risk any more lives at hand.

The other delegates opposing the idea of collaboration with the "mad scientist" have doubts on his integrity and as to whether or not he would go back on his promise of sparing the rest of the population once the leaders granted him the wealth and people he demanded, as he could always use the threat of the dinosaurs as leverage against the countries. Thus, they proposed the evacuation and protection of anyone in immediate danger under the threat of the dinosaurs by sending in military specialists from around the world to their aid.

However. the delegates of Russia, Indonesia, Myanmar, Brunei, China and North Korea recognise the "mad scientist" potential through his work and to be able to recreate dinosaurs with the limited resources he had at hand impressed the delegates. These delegates imply that even though genocide is a morbid solution to deal with overpopulation, it is an effective solution, and that the "mad scientist" proposal may benefit society in more ways than one.

The opposing delegates believe and argue that by submitting to the "mad scientist" it is a sign of surrender, and gives the "mad scientist" the impression that he can easily take advantage of the global leaders and places him at an elevated position of power no one is willing to challenge. The delegates also are not willing to sacrifice 20% of the population at random as not only is it unjust, it is morally questionable and will gain them nothing but contempt in the people's eyes. They suggest a more violent approach towards the dinosaur.

The situation quickly escalated, however, when the Dinosaurs mutated to be an unnatural hybrid of half human and half Dinosaurs. These new hybrids were able to think independently and disguise themselves as humans, allowing them to integrate seamlessly into society with everyone none the wiser. Additionally, they kill and infect any person on sight, including the scientist and his assistants, forcing both global leaders and the "mad scientist" to join forces against this newfound threat.

This narrowed down the scope of the global leaders options to helping the scientist find a way to exterminate the Dinosaurs. To begin with, the United Kingdom suggested carrying out blood tests to differentiate the hybrids from the humans. Furthermore, France seconds this statement, and in addition suggested equipping the military with tranquilizers for safety. During this discussion, France suggested a sanctuary to help detect the dinosaurs and protect the innocent civilians. This includes using light to immobilize the hybrid dinosaurs and keep them in captivity. Additionally, the countries collectively agreed on using their own military to carry out the procedure. The countries all agree on the solution brought up by France. Countries such as India and China both agree to provide military technological aid toward solving the problem. The United Kingdom wants to provide help for the less fortunate and China propose to provide the civilians with glasses to protect them from the light produced.