

```
pip install wordcloud
```

```
import re
import nltk
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from wordcloud import WordCloud
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
```

```
STOPWORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))
nltk.download('stopwords')
```

```
data = pd.read_csv(r"..\\Data\\amazon_alexas.tsv", delimiter = '\\t',
quoting = 3)
```

```
print(f"Dataset shape : {data.shape}")
```

```
data.head()
```

	rating	date	variation	\
0	5	31-Jul-18	Charcoal Fabric	
1	5	31-Jul-18	Charcoal Fabric	
2	4	31-Jul-18	Walnut Finish	
3	5	31-Jul-18	Charcoal Fabric	
4	5	31-Jul-18	Charcoal Fabric	

	verified_reviews	feedback
0	Love my Echo!	1
1	Loved it!	1
2	"Sometimes while playing a game, you can anse...	1
3	"I have had a lot of fun with this thing. My 4...	1
4	Music	1

```
data.info()
```

```
print("\nMissing values:\n", data.isnull().sum())
```

```
Missing values:
```

rating	0
date	0
variation	0
verified_reviews	1
feedback	0
dtype:	int64

```
print(f"Feature names : {data.columns.values}")
```

```
data.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
data['length'] = data['verified_reviews'].apply(len)
```

```
data.head()
```

	rating	date	variation \
0	5	31-Jul-18	Charcoal Fabric
1	5	31-Jul-18	Charcoal Fabric
2	4	31-Jul-18	Walnut Finish
3	5	31-Jul-18	Charcoal Fabric
4	5	31-Jul-18	Charcoal Fabric

	verified_reviews	feedback	length
0	Love my Echo!	1	13
1	Loved it!	1	9
2	"Sometimes while playing a game, you can answe...	1	197
3	"I have had a lot of fun with this thing. My 4...	1	174
4	Music	1	5

```
print(f"Rating value count: \n{data['rating'].value_counts()}")
```

```
Rating value count:
```

```
rating
```

```
5    2286
```

```
4     455
```

```
1     161
```

```
3     152
```

```
2      95
```

```
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
sns.set(style='whitegrid', context='talk')
```

```
# Set figure size
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
```

```
# Bar plot with red color and edge styling
```

```
data['rating'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.bar(  
    color='crimson',  
    edgecolor='black'  
)
```

```
# Set title and labels with font size
```

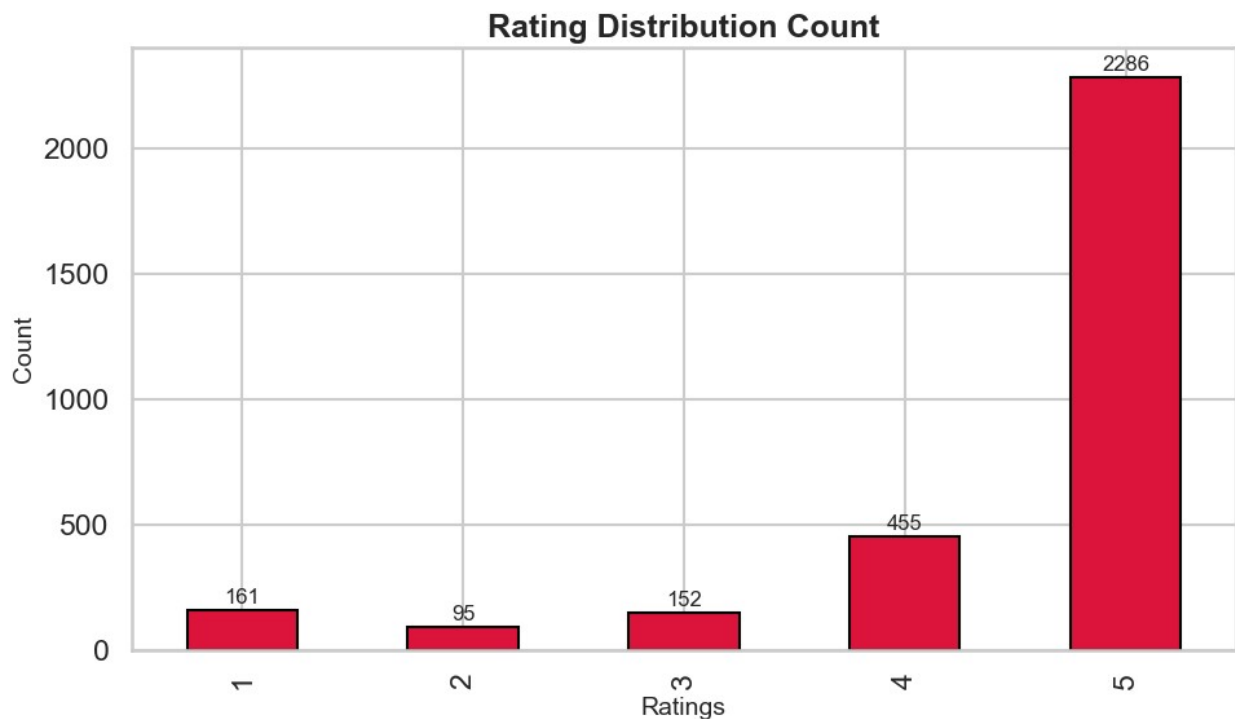
```
plt.title('Rating Distribution Count', fontsize=18, weight='bold')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Ratings', fontsize=14)
```

```
plt.ylabel('Count', fontsize=14)
```

```
# Show values on top of bars
for index, value in
enumerate(data['rating'].value_counts().sort_index()):
    plt.text(index, value + 10, str(value), ha='center', va='bottom',
fontSize=12)

# Improve layout
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
print(f"Rating value count - percentage distribution: \
n{round(data['rating'].value_counts()/data.shape[0]*100,2)}")
```

Rating value count - percentage distribution:

```
rating
5    72.59
4    14.45
1     5.11
3     4.83
2     3.02
```

Name: count, dtype: float64

```
print(f"Feedback value count: \n{data['feedback'].value_counts()}")
```

```
Feedback value count:
feedback
```

```

1      2893
0       256
Name: count, dtype: int64

review_0 = data[data['feedback'] == 0].iloc[1]['verified_reviews']
print(review_0)

Sound is terrible if u want good music too get a bose

review_1 = data[data['feedback'] == 1].iloc[1]['verified_reviews']
print(review_1)

Loved it!

# Set the style
sns.set(style='whitegrid', context='talk')

# Set figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))

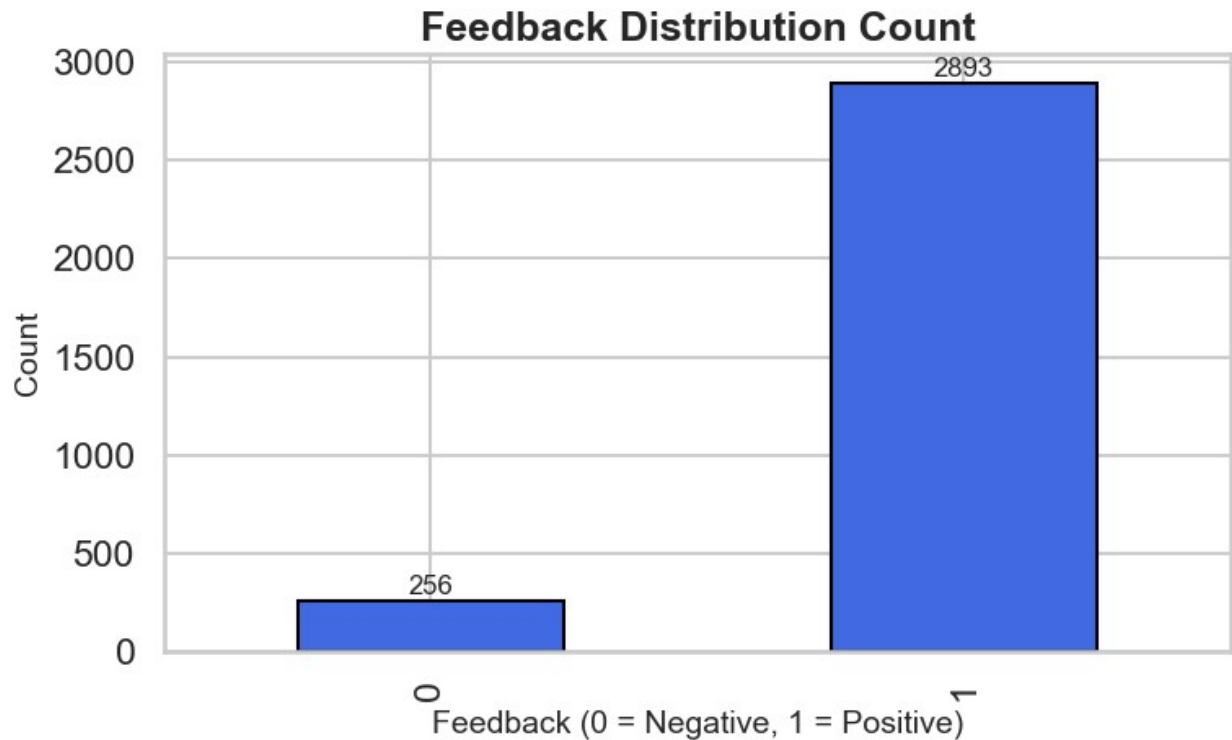
# Plot feedback distribution
data['feedback'].value_counts().sort_index().plot.bar(
    color='royalblue',
    edgecolor='black'
)

# Set title and axis labels
plt.title('Feedback Distribution Count', fontsize=18, weight='bold')
plt.xlabel('Feedback (0 = Negative, 1 = Positive)', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Count', fontsize=14)

# Add value labels on bars
for index, value in
enumerate(data['feedback'].value_counts().sort_index()):
    plt.text(index, value + 10, str(value), ha='center', va='bottom',
    fontsize=12)

# Layout adjustment
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



```
print(f"Feedback value count - percentage distribution: \
n{round(data['feedback'].value_counts()/data.shape[0]*100,2)}")
```

Feedback value count - percentage distribution:

```
feedback
1    91.87
0     8.13
Name: count, dtype: float64
```

```
#Feedback = 0
data[data['feedback'] == 0]['rating'].value_counts()

#Feedback = 1
data[data['feedback'] == 1]['rating'].value_counts()

print(f"Variation value count: \n{data['variation'].value_counts()}")
```

Variation value count:

```
variation
Black Dot                516
Charcoal Fabric          430
Configuration: Fire TV Stick 350
Black Plus               270
Black Show               265
Black                   261
Black Spot               241
White Dot                184
```

Heather Gray Fabric	157
White Spot	109
Sandstone Fabric	90
White	90
White Show	85
White Plus	78
Oak Finish	14
Walnut Finish	9

Name: count, dtype: int64

```

# Set seaborn style
sns.set(style='whitegrid', context='talk')

# Top 10 variations
top_variations = data['variation'].value_counts().head(10)

# Set figure size
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

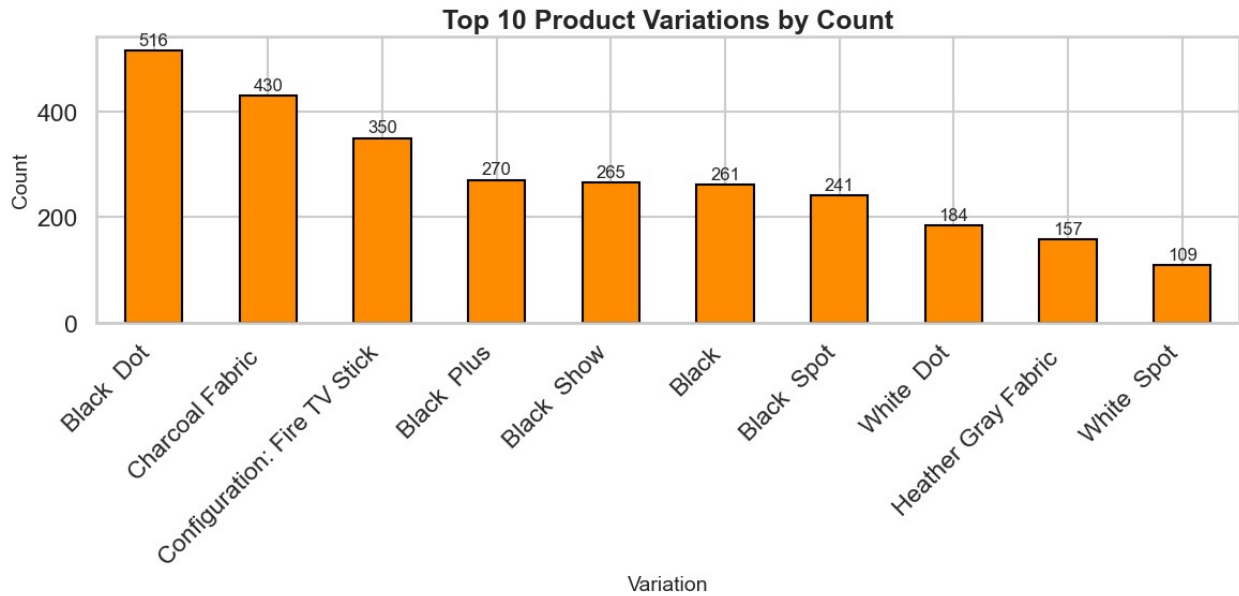
# Bar plot
top_variations.plot.bar(
    color='darkorange',
    edgecolor='black'
)

# Title and labels
plt.title('Top 10 Product Variations by Count', fontsize=18,
weight='bold')
plt.xlabel('Variation', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Count', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')

# Add value labels
for index, value in enumerate(top_variations):
    plt.text(index, value + 5, str(value), ha='center', va='bottom',
    fontsize=12)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



```
data.groupby('variation')['rating'].mean()
```

```
data['length'].describe()
```

```
count    3149.000000
```

```
mean      132.714513
```

```
std       182.541531
```

```
min        1.000000
```

```
25%       30.000000
```

```
50%       74.000000
```

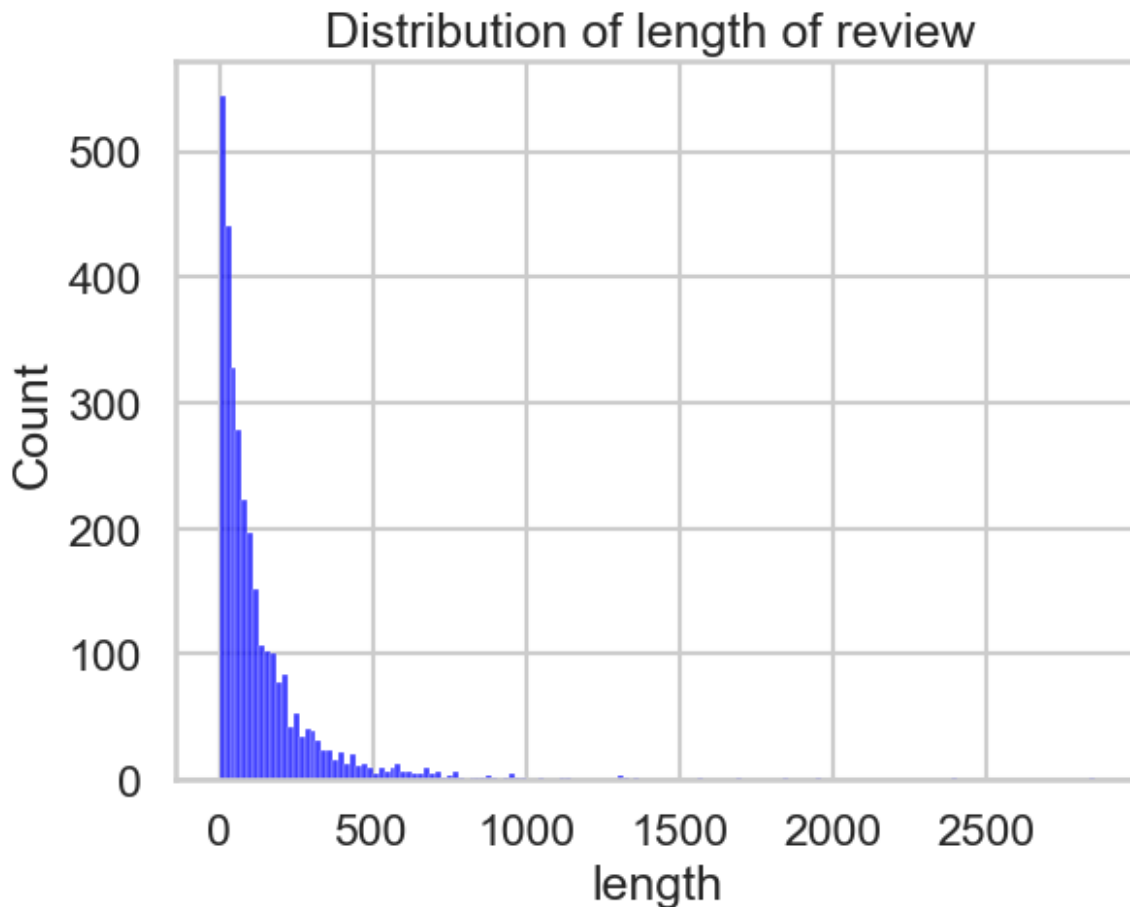
```
75%      166.000000
```

```
max      2853.000000
```

```
Name: length, dtype: float64
```

```
sns.histplot(data['length'],color='blue').set(title='Distribution of  
length of review ')
```

```
[Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Distribution of length of review ')]
```



```
sns.histplot(data[data['feedback']==0]
['length'],color='red').set(title='Distribution of length of review if
feedback = 0')

cv = CountVectorizer(stop_words='english')
words = cv.fit_transform(data.verified_reviews)

# Combine all non-null reviews into one string
reviews = " ".join(str(review) for review in
data['verified_reviews'].dropna())

# Initialize WordCloud object with better customization
wc = WordCloud(
    background_color='white',
    max_words=50,
    width=800,
    height=400,
    colormap='viridis', # Optional: try 'inferno', 'plasma', etc.
    contour_color='steelblue',
    contour_width=1
)
```





```
wc = WordCloud(background_color='white', max_words=50)

# Generate and plot wordcloud
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.imshow(wc.generate(unique_negative))
plt.title('Wordcloud for negative reviews', fontsize=10)
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```



```
wc = WordCloud(background_color='white', max_words=50)

# Generate and plot wordcloud
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.imshow(wc.generate(unique_positive))
plt.title('Wordcloud for positive reviews', fontsize=10)
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```

Wordcloud for positive reviews

