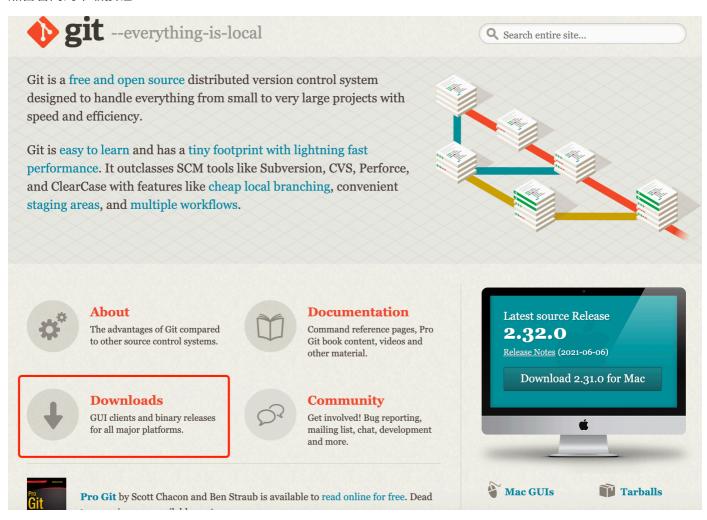
Mac git的安装与配置

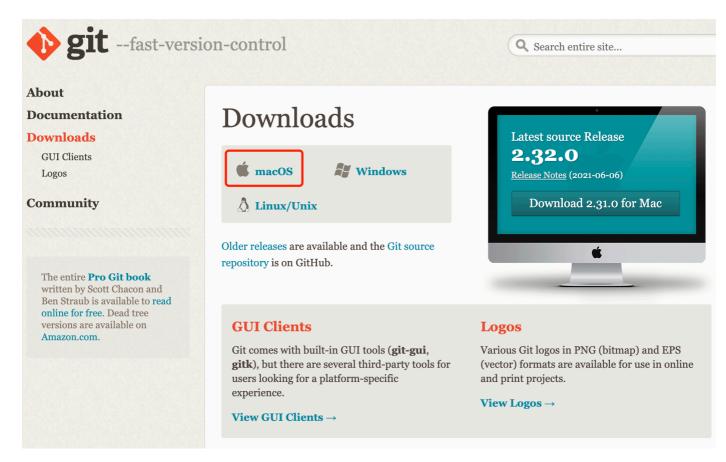
安装

访问git官网https://git-scm.com/

点击官网的下载按钮



选择MacOS



这里有很多种的git下载安装方式,我们此处选择二进制文件安装,点击如图所示installer按钮

Download for macOS

There are several options for installing Git on macOS. Note that any non-source distributions are provided by third parties, and may not be up to date with the latest source release.

Homebrew

Install homebrew if you don't already have it, then:

```
$ brew install git
```

Xcode

Apple ships a binary package of Git with Xcode.

Binary installer

Tim Harper provides an installer for Git. The latest version is 2.31.0, which was released 4 months ago, on 2021-03-16.

Building from Source

If you prefer to build from source, you can find tarballs on kernel.org. The latest version is 2.32.0.

Installing git-gui

If you would like to install git-gui and gitk, git's commit GUI and interactive history browser, you can do so using homebrew

\$ brew install git-gui

下载后根据提示完成安装即可

git-2.15.0-intel-universal-mavericks.dmg

昨天 下午7:51

29.9 MB

磁盘映像

最后访问终端,使用一下命令测试

git --version

出现如下图所示即为安装成功

[easongguo@EASONGGUO-MB0 ~ % git --version
git version 2.15.0

配置(基于ssh)

1.在本地添加"username"和"email"

```
git config --global user.name "username"
git config --global user.email "email"
```

2.生成ssh密钥

1. 检查

首先检查电脑是否生成果密钥

```
cd ~.ssh
```

若打开该文件夹为空,则表示没有生成过秘钥,进入第二步。(~表示根目录)

2. 生成

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "Title" (随便起一个title)
```

命令要求输入密码,这个时候不用输入,直接三个回车即可

3. 查看

执行成功后,会在主目录.ssh路径下生成两个文件:id_rsa私钥文件;id_rsa.pub公钥文件

分别执行一下命令

```
cd ~/.ssh
ls
cat id_rsa.pub
```

文件会被打开, 并复制其中的内容

4. 添加

在git上

- 点击setting
- 点击SSH Keys
- 点击add SSH key

在远程仓库gitlab上添加title和key, 和本地的一致;

title可以自己取一个容易区分的名字(最好和上面的保持一致),key为id_rsa.pub中的内容(全部复制,可用"cat id_rsa.pub"命令打开)

完成

这样我们Mac电脑的安装和配置就完成了!

本文部分参考自 MAC配置Git环境