# The F1/10 simulator

Real-Time Embedded System - The F1tenth autonomous racing





## H

#### Course outline

- Intro course + basics of AD
- > Hardware platform
- > ROS2: Installation and profiling
  - Ex: ROS2 to HiL, open a bag
- > Navigation: FTG, FTW, Pure pursuit
  - EX: navigation HiL
- > Perception: scan matching, PF, LIO?
  - Ex: perception (PF with PThreads)
- > Build the car

#### I do <u>not</u> cover all aspects of AD!!!

- > Systems and control theory => Prof. Falcone
- > Platforms and algorithms for autonomous systems => Prof. Sanudo & Prof. Falcone
- High-Performance Computing => Prof. Marongiu (FIM)
- Machine Learning => Cucchiara's



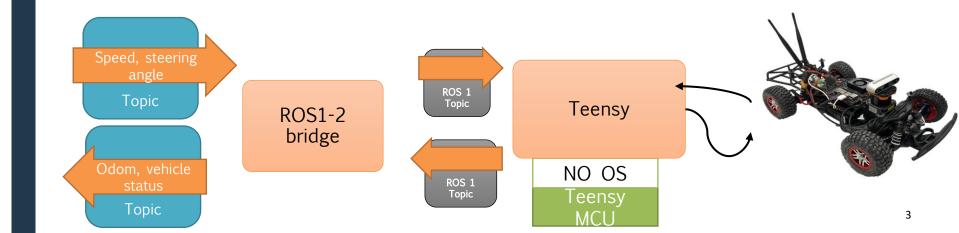
### «Teensy» ROS node

Teensy is the microcontroller that controls the brushless engine

> Typical scenario, also real cars have legacy actuator ECUs!

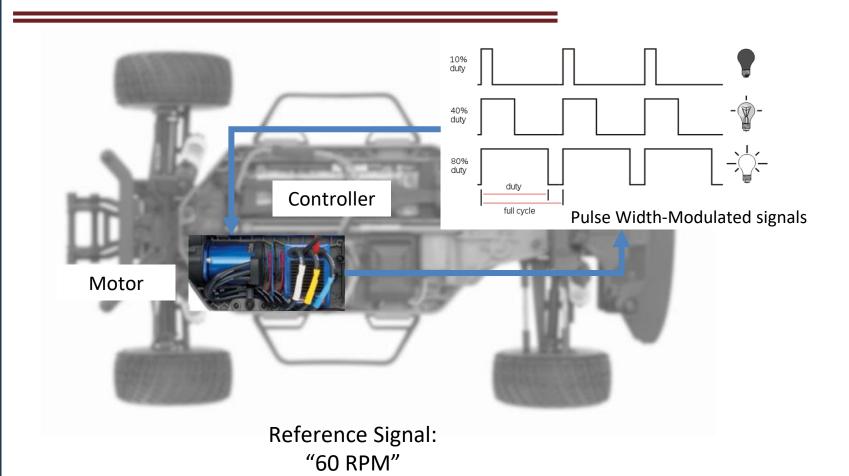
Note written in ROS1 (teensy has no OS!)

> ROS1-to-ROS2 bridge





### **Actuation circuit**





### PWM - D/A conversion (recap..?)

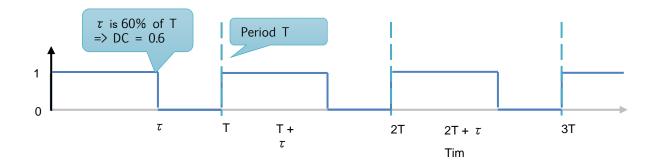
#### Generate a tension corresponding to a digital value stored in a register

- Not easy! Use Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM)
  - (Almost) fully implementable in SW!

#### How it works

DC = τ / T

- 1. Generate a periodic signal of amplitude 1 whose duty cycle is proportional to the digital value we want to convert
- 2. Give it to a low-pass filter, to average (such as Resistor-Capacitor RC circuit)
- 3. ..and enjoy your analog signal! ☺

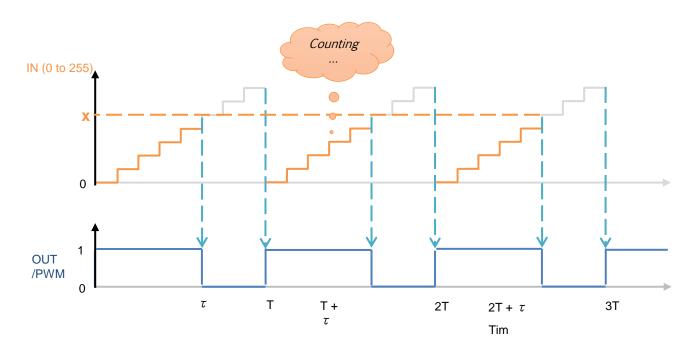




## PWM (recap..?) - step 1

#### We need

- > A register that counts from 0 to 255 (8-bit)
- > An output port (bit) set to '1' and becoming '0' when input value matches the one of the register

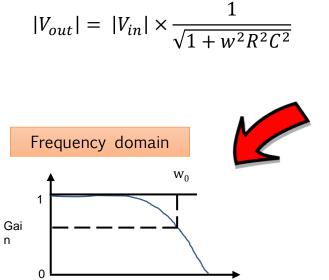




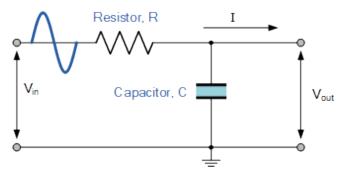
## RC low-pass filter (recap..?)

Simple electric circuit with a Capacitor and a Resistance

> "Averages" the IN value



Freq



Cutoff freq 
$$w_0 = \frac{1}{RC}$$

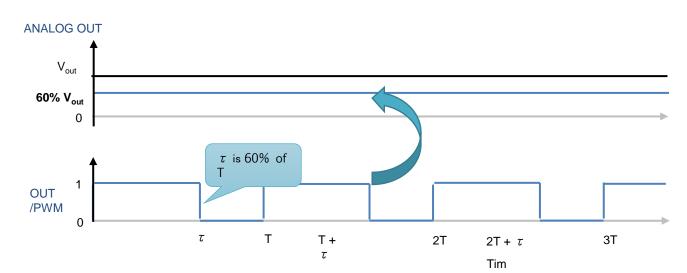


## PWM (recap..?) - step 2

Now, compute the average for every T

- > Using a low-pass filter
- > Plug it to output port
- > Et voilà

Extremely useful in engine controls





## Electronic Speed Controller – (V)ESC

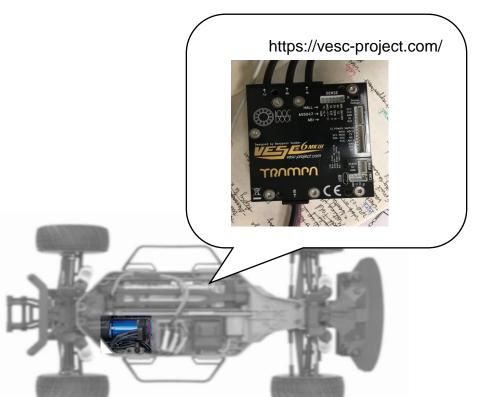
Manages the brushless engines of the car

Programmed via a tool

> Once-for-all

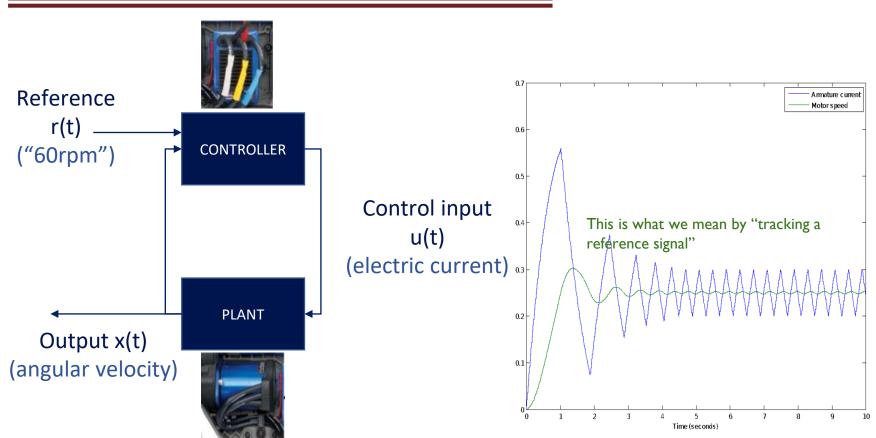
Accepts ROS1 commands for lat/lng control

> Acceleration & steering





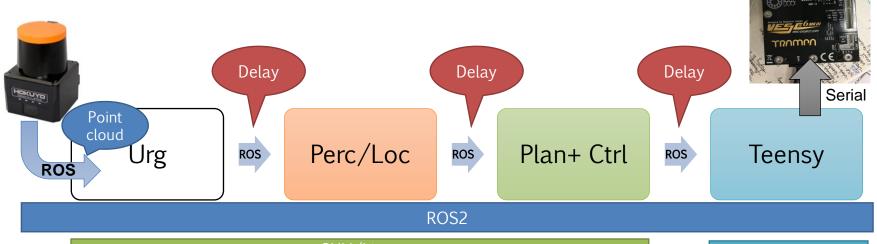
### Actuation system W/VESC





### **Actuation timings**

- > LiDAR publishes @40Hz (25ms)
- > Teensy loop @?? Hz
  - We don't care! If we don't send a signal, it holds the previous one
- Our pipeline must meet 25ms deadline...incl. ROS delays!



GNU/Linux

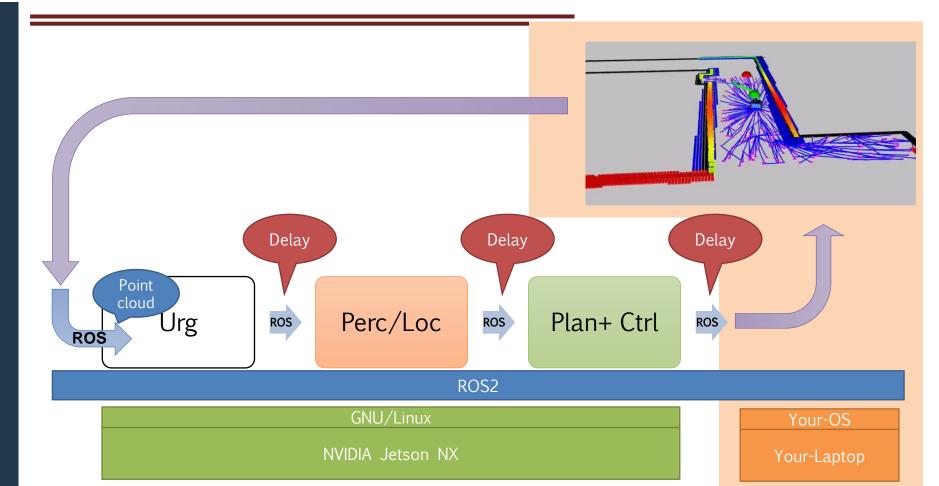
NVIDIA Jetson NX

µkernel

Teensy



## Actuation in simulator (HiL)

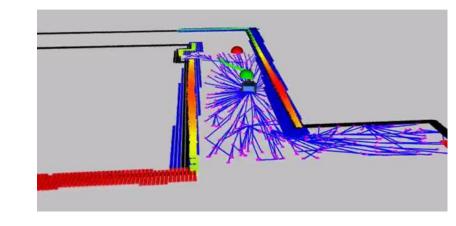




### F1/10 simulator

#### **FITENTH Gym:**

- Lightweight 2D simulator built in Python
- Asynchronous
- Faster than real-time execution (30x realtime)
- Realistic vehicle simulation and collision
- Runs multiple vehicle instances
- Publishes laser scan and odometry data
- Built for fast prototyping





#### Exercise

Let's code!

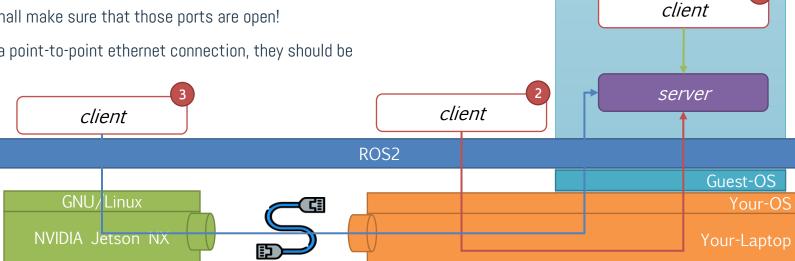
Virtualbox image

Build and run the pub/sub examples that come with in ROS2

- On the simulator VM, then on an external board
- > cpp echo

Remember that ROS2 uses UDP as transport layer

- > You shall make sure that those ports are open!
- With a point-to-point ethernet connection, they should be





#### Exercise

Let's code!

Build and run the Follow-the-Gap ftg node and the F1tenth-Gym simulator

> On the simulator VM, then on an external board Virtualbox image ..but....ftg is on another repo! > You will need a submodule.. © ftg sim HiL ftg ftg ROS2 Guest-OS GNU/Linux Your-OS NVIDIA Jetson NX



#### References



#### Course website

- http://personale.unimore.it/rubrica/contenutiad/markober/2023/71846/N0/N0/10005
- https://github.com/HiPeRT/F1tenth-RTES
  - Online resources/preview

#### My contacts

- > paolo.burgio@unimore.it
- http://hipert.mat.unimore.it/people/paolob/

#### Resources

- https://github.com/HiPeRT/F1tenth-RTES/blob/master/Code/ros2/LAB\_CHEAT\_SHEET.md
- > A "small blog"
  - http://www.google.com