My first Raspberry Pi hands-on session

Paolo Burgio paolo.burgio @unimore.it

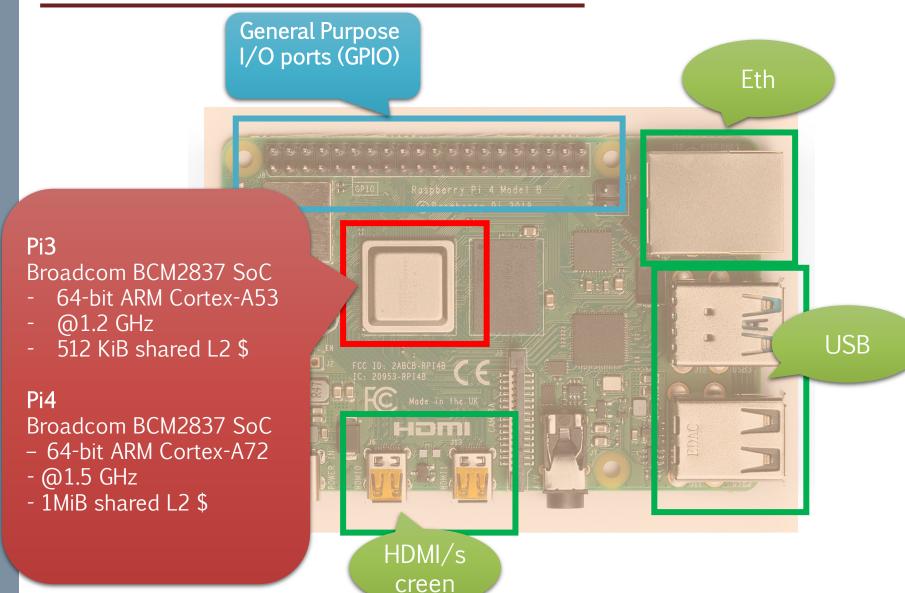




Programming is a skill best acquired by practice and example rather than from books.



Our guy (Pi4)

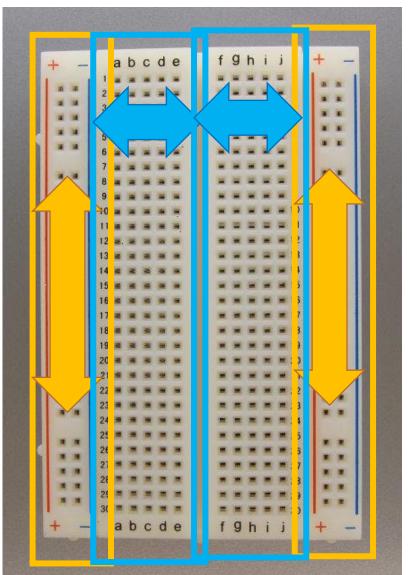




Breadboard

Provides electrical connectivity

- > Vertical vs. horizontal rails
- > (Typically, power vs other)
- > Can use jumper wires





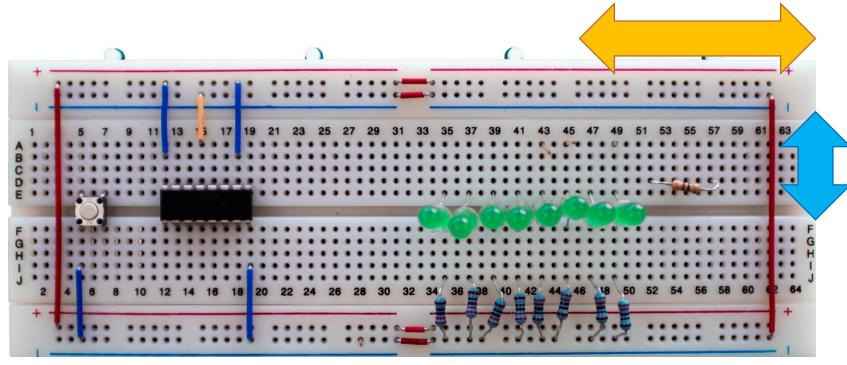
Breadboard

The two sides of the + and - rails are wired together

> Typically, used for power/GND

Brought to the internal rails with jumper wires

> Where core/chip and other stuff reside



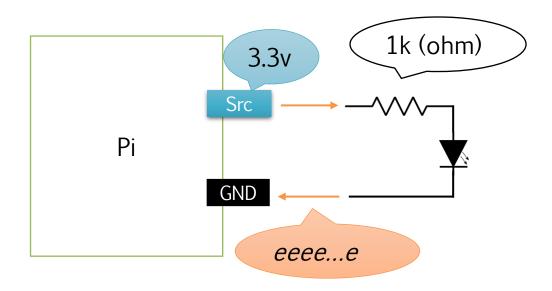


Finally...LEDs

Light Emitting Diodes

- > You feed with electrons; they light up
- > They have a side!!!!
- > They need a resistance to lower the charge

Wrong wiring => you burn them...







General Purpose I/O Ports

Our interface towards the external world

- https://pinout.xyz/pinout/#
- > BCM vs. Standard Wiring









Software

Operating system

- > Debian-based GNU/Linux Distro called Raspberry Pi OS
 - Aka *Raspbian*
- > Also Ubuntu and Win10 IoT are supported
- > (and many more...)

(A number of) dev environments

- > Standard GCC toolchain
- > Arduino IDE (micro-kernel)
- > Google's TensorFlow for Al;)
- **>** ...



Pi/ssh setup

- > The easiest way is to compile our code directly on Pi
 - Cross-compilation requires to install the custom toolchain
- > We might connect Pi to HDMI, USB keyboard + mouse...

...or...

> Setup a ssh daemon, and access it via ssh

HOWTO

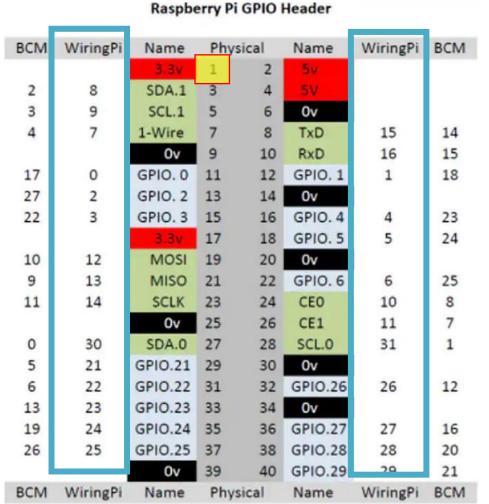
- > Connect to eth, and log in (just one first time), to identify your IP address
 - Should set static IP? It typically never changes anyhow, if you do point-to-point
- > Create /boot/ssh empty file to enable ssh daemon at boot
 - Manuall start: \$ sudo service ssh start
- > Username: pi Password: raspberry



WiringPi

- > Library to interact with I/O
- > Uses "progressive" wiring







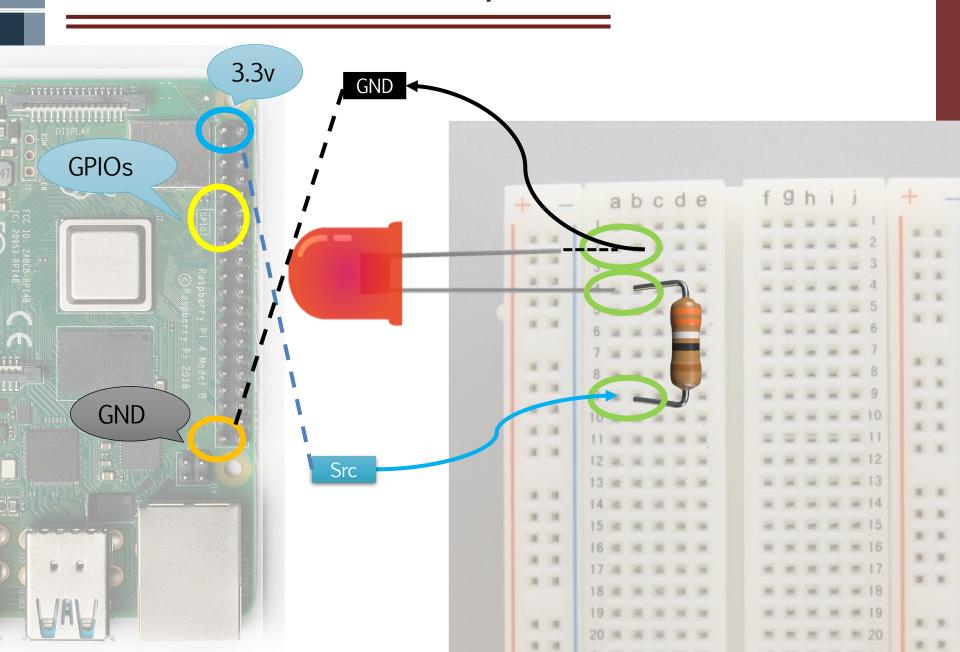
WiringPi API

```
Include library header
#include <wiringPi.h>
(In desktop environments doesn't exist, so you shall use macro to remove this code, e.g., NO_PI)
Init library, and every GPio port
wiringPiSetup(); // Init lib
pinMode(0, OUTPUT); // GPio 0 is output port
Write to port
digitalWrite(0, true); // Set port 0
Link library
$ gcc ..... -1 wiringPi
```



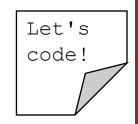
H

E/E system





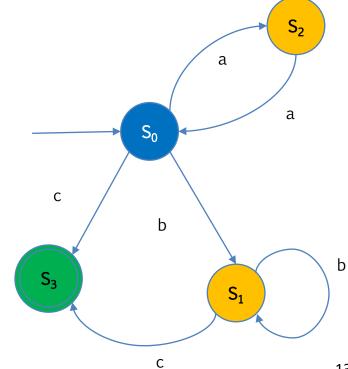
Exercise



> Implement the Moore machine of the FSM that understands whether a words is from L

"Identify even sequences of a (even empty), followed by one, or more, or no, b, ended by c"

- > ..and turns on the corresponding led color
 - Blue => GPIO 0
 - Red (error state) => GPIO 1
 - Yellow => GPIO 2
 - **Green** => GPIO 3



Java on RPi





Set-up



See also "IoT" course from Prof. Picone

Install java using apt tool

\$ sudo apt update && sudo apt install default-jdk

Set up JAVA_HOME env var

- \$ export JAVA_HOME="/usr/lib/jvm/<u>default-java</u>"
- \$ export PATH=\$PATH:\$JAVA_HOME/bin
- > (tip: set it in ~/.bashrc)



Install Maven

- Download, and follow instructions, from http://maven.apache.org/install.html
- > (don't forget to set M2 HOME and PATH vars in ~/.bashrc)



Recap: eclipse Paho

Eclipse Paho Java client

> MQTT client lib

Download and install

https://www.eclipse.org/paho/index.php?page=clients/java/index.php

Dependencies

> SLF4J



PI4J: GPI0 with Java



What it is

> A library to control GP I/O on a Raspberry Pi

How to install the lib

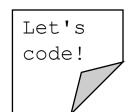
- \$ curl -sSL https://pi4j.com/install | sudo bash
- > Target path /opt/pi41/lib

Examples and code snippets

- \$ git clone https://github.com/Pi4J/pi4j.git
- Compile with Maven
- \$ mvn package
- > Run (Beware: default example uses GPIO #1)
- \$ java -cp /opt/pi4j/lib/*:target/??.jar ControlGpioExample



Exercise



Traffic light

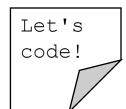
- (Re)implement the traffic light FSMs so that we can dynamically switch among them using a MQTT topic sent by an external entity
 - I use MQTT Explorer, under Win, you can also use AuthProducer.java
 - AuthConsumer.java
- > TLs also publish their status on a MQTT topic, together with their time-to-change
 - In JSON (JsonProducer.java)
- > You will have to implement your JSON model TrafficLightDescriptor.java
 - Can get inspiration by <u>https://github.com/HiPeRT/MASA_protocol/blob/master/include/objects.hpp</u>

Some hints/design rules

- > Every TL has a unique ID, and sub-id ("orientation")
- > They are paired two-by-two, to implement 4-way crossroads
- > You will also need to create a protocol



How to run the examples



Find them in Code/ folder from the course website

Use when compiling with desktop/laptop

For C++: compile

```
$ gcc code.cpp [-D NO_PI] -o code -Wall -l stdc++ [-l wiringPi]
```

Run (bash/cygwin)

\$./code[.exe]

Use when compiling on Raspberry Pi

For Java/Maven: compile

\$ mvn package

Run (command line)

Add folders separated by ':' or';' on Win

Your tar, and the full name of your class

\$ java -cp /path/to/libs/*:target/????.tar <main-class>



References



Course website

http://hipert.unimore.it/people/paolob/pub/Industrial Informatics/index.html

My contacts

- > paolo.burgio@unimore.it
- http://hipert.mat.unimore.it/people/paolob/

Resources

- > https://www.digikey.com/en/maker/blogs/2019/how-to-use-gpio-on-the-raspberry-pi-with-c
- http://maxembedded.com/2014/07/using-raspberry-pi-gpio-using-python/
- https://www.digikey.com/en/resources/conversion-calculators/conversion-calculator-resistor-colorcode
- > Pi wires -> http://wiringpi.com/
- > Pi4J -> https://pi4j.com/1.2/install.html | https://pi4j.com/1.2/example/control.html | https://github.com/Pi4J/pi4j
- A "small blog -> http://www.google.com