## **SORTING AND GROUPING DATA**

-- Create Country table with fields: Id ,Country\_name ,Population & Area

```
CREATE TABLE Country (
  Id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Country_name VARCHAR(50),
  Population BIGINT,
  Area INT
);
DESC country;
Result Grid
                                         Export: Wrap Cell Content: TA
                Filter Rows:
     Field
                  Type
                             Null
                                          Default
                                    Key
                                         NULL
    Id
                  int
                             NO
                                   PRI
                                         NULL
    Country_name
                  varchar(50)
                             YES
```

-- Create persons table with fields: Id ,Fname, Lname, Population, Rating ,Country\_Id & Country\_name.

NULL

HULL

```
CREATE TABLE Persons (

Id INT PRIMARY KEY,

Fname VARCHAR(50),

Lname VARCHAR(50),

Population BIGINT,

Rating DECIMAL(3, 2),

Country_Id INT,

Country_name VARCHAR(50),

FOREIGN KEY (Country_Id) REFERENCES Country(Id)
```

YES

YES

Population

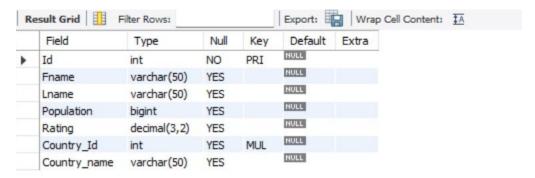
Area

bigint

int

);

### DESC persons;



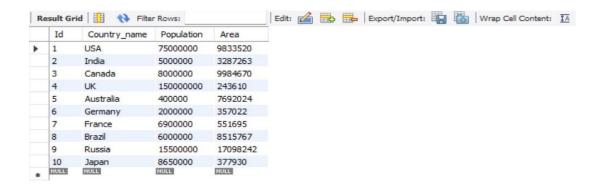
### -- Insert data into Country table

INSERT INTO Country (Id, Country\_name, Population, Area)

#### **VALUES**

- (1, 'USA', 75000000, 9833520),
- (2, 'India', 5000000, 3287263),
- (3, 'Canada', 8000000, 9984670),
- (4, 'UK', 150000000, 243610),
- (5, 'Australia', 400000, 7692024),
- (6, 'Germany', 2000000, 357022),
- (7, 'France', 6900000, 551695),
- (8, 'Brazil', 6000000, 8515767),
- (9, 'Russia', 15500000, 17098242),
- (10, 'Japan', 8650000, 377930);

select \* from country;



#### -- Insert data into Persons table

INSERT INTO Persons (Id, Fname, Lname, Population, Rating, Country\_Id, Country\_name)
VALUES

- (1, 'Jeeva', 'Joseph', 75000000, 4.5, 1, 'USA'),
- (2, 'Arya', 'Shan', 5000000, 3.8, 2, 'India'),
- (3, 'Emma', 'Emmi', 8000000, 4.9, 3, 'Canada'),
- (4, 'Basim', 'Johny', 150000000, 4.2, 4, 'UK'),
- (5, 'Aryan', 'John', 400000, 3.9, 5, 'Australia'),
- (6, 'Maria', 'Grace', 2000000, 4.7, 6, 'Germany'),
- (7, 'James', 'Wilson', 6900000, 2.1, 7, 'France'),
- (8, 'Suzzy', 'Martin', 6000000, 4.0, 8, 'Brazil'),
- (9, 'Robert', 'Williams', 15500000, 1.7, 9, 'Russia'),
- (10, 'Jane', 'Taylor', 8650000, 4.6, 10, 'Japan');

select \* from persons;



-- (1) Write an SQL query to print the first three characters of Country\_name from the Country table.

SELECT LEFT(Country\_name, 3) AS First\_Three\_Chars FROM Country;



-- (2) Write an SQL query to concatenate first name and last name from Persons table.

SELECT CONCAT(Fname, '', Lname) AS Full\_Name FROM Persons;



-- (3) Write an SQL query to count the number of unique country names from Persons table.

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Country\_Id) AS Unique\_Country\_Names FROM Persons;



-- (4) Write a query to print the maximum population from the Country table.

SELECT MAX(Population) AS Maximum\_Population FROM Country;



-- (5) Write a query to print the minimum population from Persons table.

SELECT MIN(Population) AS Minimum\_Population FROM Country;

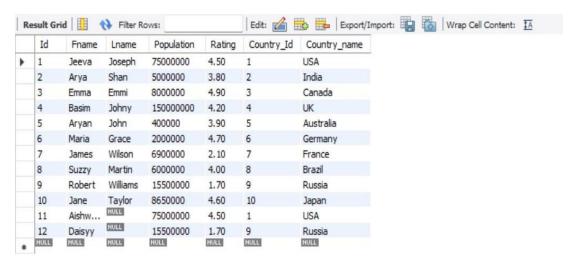


# -- (6) Insert 2 new rows to the Persons table making the Lname NULL. Then write another query to count Lname from Persons table.

INSERT INTO Persons (Id, Fname, Lname, Population, Rating, Country\_Id,Country\_name) VALUES

- (11, 'Aishwarya', NULL, 75000000, 4.5, 1, 'USA'),
- (12, 'Daisyy', NULL, 15500000, 1.7, 9, 'Russia');

#### SELECT \* FROM persons;



#### SELECT COUNT(Lname) AS Count\_of\_Lnames FROM Persons;



-- (7) Write a query to find the number of rows in the Persons table.

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS Total Rows FROM Persons;



# -- (8) Write an SQL query to show the population of the Country table for the first 3 rows. (Hint: Use LIMIT)

SELECT Population FROM Country LIMIT 3;



# -- (9) Write a query to print 3 random rows of countries. (Hint: Use rand() function and LIMIT)

SELECT \* FROM Country ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 3;



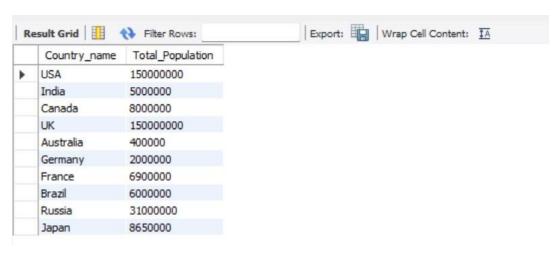
-- (10) List all persons ordered by their rating in descending order.

SELECT \* FROM Persons ORDER BY Rating DESC;



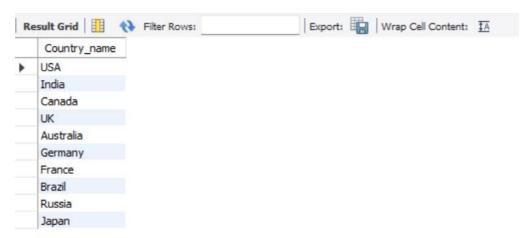
-- (11) Find the total population for each country in the Persons table.

SELECT Country\_name, SUM(Population) AS Total\_Population FROM Persons GROUP BY Country\_name;



### -- (12) Find countries in the Persons table with a total population greater than 50,000

SELECT Country\_name FROM Persons GROUP BY Country\_name HAVING SUM(Population) > 50000;



-- (13) List the total number of persons and average rating for each country, but only for countries with more than 2 persons, ordered by the average rating in ascending order

SELECT Country\_name, COUNT(Id) AS Total\_no\_of\_Persons, AVG(Rating) AS Average\_Rating

**FROM Persons** 

GROUP BY Country\_name

HAVING COUNT(Id) >2

ORDER BY Average\_Rating ASC;



-- List the total number of persons and average rating for each country,

but only for countries with 2 or more persons, ordered by the average rating in ascending order

SELECT Country\_name, COUNT(Id) AS Total\_no\_of\_Persons, AVG(Rating) AS Average\_Rating

**FROM Persons** 

GROUP BY Country\_name

HAVING COUNT(Id) >=2

ORDER BY Average\_Rating asc;

