We define an employee's total earnings to be their monthly **salary** \times **months** worked, and the maximum total earnings to be the maximum total earnings for any employee in the **Employee** table. Write a query to find the maximum total earnings for all employees as well as the total number of employees who have maximum total earnings. Then print these values as **2** space-separated integers.

Input Format

The **Employee** table containing employee data for a company is described as follows:

Column	Туре		
employee_id	Integer		
name	String		
months	Integer		
salary	Integer		

where employee_id is an employee's ID number, name is their name, months is the total number of months they've been working for the company, and salary is the their monthly salary.

Sample Input

employee_id	name	months	salary
12228	Rose	15	1968
33645	Angela	1	3443
45692	Frank	17	1608
56118	Patrick	7	1345
59725	Lisa	11	2330
74197	Kimberly	16	4372
78454	Bonnie	8	1771
83565	Michael	6	2017
98607	Todd	5	3396
99989	Joe	9	3573

Sample Output

69952 1

Explanation

The table and earnings data is depicted in the following diagram:

employee_id	name	months	salary	earnings
12228	Rose	15	1968	29520
33645	Angela	1	3443	3443
45692	Frank	17	1608	27336
56118	Patrick	7	1345	9415
59725	Lisa	11	2330	25630
74197	Kimberly	16	4372	69952
78454	Bonnie	8	1771	14168
83565	Michael	6	2017	12102
98607	Todd	5	3396	16980
99989	Joe	9	3573	32157

The maximum earnings value is **69952**. The only employee with earnings = **69952** is Kimberly, so we print the maximum earnings value (**69952**) and a count of the number of employees who have earned **\$69952** (which is **1**) as two space-separated values.