## Test #2 COMP 206 March 14 or 16, 2019 45 Minute Test

## **Theory Section**

Multiple choice questions

- 1. Select the one answer that applies: Who is Denis Ritchie?
  - a. The inventor of the UNIX operating system
  - b. The inventor of the C programming language
  - c. The inventor of the Bash programming language
  - d. The programmer who developed Space Racer
- 2. Select the one answer that applies: what is the difference between a compiler and an interpreter?
  - a. Interpreted code communicates directly with the CPU, while compiled code uses an intermediate program.
  - b. Bash, Python and Java are examples of compiled programs.
  - c. An interpreter converts source code into machine language. A compiler runs the source code within the compiler.
  - d. A compiler converts source code into machine language. An interpreter runs the source code within the interpreter.
- 3. Select all that apply: what are the parts of a processes?
  - a. Load Code
  - b. Run-time stack
  - c. Source Code (in binary)
  - d. Static Data
  - e. Heap
  - f. Library Code
- 4. Select the one answer that applies: What can we not do with a string?
  - a. You cannot scanf with a string.
  - b. You cannot make a string's reference point to another string
  - c. You cannot use the equal to compare to string pointers.
  - d. All of the answers cannot be done.

- 5. Select all that apply: which of the following are the standard streams in C?
  - a. The file stream
  - b. The error stream
  - c. The console stream
  - d. The output stream
  - e. The input stream
- 6. Select the one answer that applies: what does the pre-processor do?
  - a. C does not have a pre-processor.
  - b. The OS needs to pre-process your program by looking at the loader information to make sure the computer has the resources to run your program.
  - c. It converts a .c file into an .i file based on the hash-tag directives.
  - d. It verifies the syntax of your program before sending to the compiler.

## **Syntax Section**

**Multiple Choice** 

1. What is the answer for this:

```
int x = 5;
if (6 == x++) printf("Yes");
printf("No");
```

- a. Yes
- b. Syntax error
- c. YesNo
- d. No
- 2. What does this do?

```
gcc -c file1.c file2.c
```

- a. It creates two object files file1.o and file2.o
- b. This is a syntax error
- c. This creates an a.out file from two object files.
- d. This creates a single object file by combining both .c files
- 3. What does the following code mean?

```
typedef int boolean;
int true=1, false=0;
boolean isValid = false;
```

- a. int isValid = false;
- b. It is a syntax error.
- c. Boolean isValid = 0;
- d. int isValid = 0;

4. What is printed out?

```
printf("%d", ((5<10) ? 5:10));
```

- a. 15
- b. 5
- c. 10
- d. Syntax error
- 5. Assuming we have:

```
struct STUDENT {int age; float gpa; };
struct NODE {struct STUDENT s; struct NODE *next;};
struct NODE *p = (struct NODE *) malloc(sizeof(struct NODE));
```

How do we do the following:

Access the value in the variable age, which is within s and pointed to by p?

- a. p->s->age
- b. p.s.age
- c. p->s.age
- d. It cannot be done in one statement
- 6. Does the following condition evaluate to true or false?

- a. True
- b. False
- c. Syntax error

## **C Programming Section**

**Programming Question** 

Write the solution program in the C programming language for the following problem, in the space provided:

The textfile people.csv is a csv file with the following format: name,age,gender

Write a C program that displays the contents of people.csv to the screen formatted in columns without the presence of commas.

For example: bob,10.M mary,11,F

displays as:

bob 10 M mary 11 F