



# NUS

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EE4216 Hardware for Internet of Things  
Lab3

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## 1. Introduction

- Background: Provide context about the ESP32-S3 and its networking capabilities.
- Objectives: Clearly state the objectives of the lab as listed:
  1. Program ESP32-S3 as a Wi-Fi station.
  2. Program ESP32-S3 as a client to connect to a web server.
  3. Program ESP32-S3 as a web server and sensor controller.

## 2. Materials

- List the materials and equipment used, as mentioned in the lab manual:
  - ESP32-S3 devkit board
  - Breadboard and Dupont wires
  - USB 2.0 cable
  - DHT22 temperature and humidity sensor
  - Computer

## 3. Procedure

- Task 1: Programming ESP32-S3 as a Wi-Fi Station

```
#include <WiFi.h>
```

```
const char* ssid = "ESP32Server3";
```

```
const char* password = "12345678";
```

```
void setup() {
```

```

Serial.begin(115200);

// Start connecting to Wi-Fi

Serial.println("Connecting to Wi-Fi...");

WiFi.begin(ssid, password);

// Wait until connected to Wi-Fi

while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {

    delay(1000);

    Serial.println("Connecting...");

}

// When connected, print IP address

Serial.println("Connected to Wi-Fi");

Serial.print("IP Address: ");

Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());

}

void loop() {

}

```

- Task 2: Programming ESP32-S3 as a HTTP Client

```

#include <WiFi.h>

#include <HTTPClient.h>

const char* ssid = "ESP32Server";

const char* password = "12345678";

const char* serverURL = "http://192.168.4.1"; // Base URL

int matricNumber = 239631;

```

```
void setup() {  
  
    Serial.begin(115200);  
  
    // Connect to Wi-Fi  
  
    Serial.println("Connecting to Wi-Fi...");  
  
    WiFi.begin(ssid, password);  
  
    while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {  
  
        delay(1000);  
  
        Serial.println("Connecting...");  
  
    }  
  
    Serial.println("Connected to Wi-Fi");  
  
    // First HTTP request  
  
    if(WiFi.status() == WL_CONNECTED) {  
  
        HTTPClient http;  
  
        http.begin(serverURL);  
  
        int httpCode = http.GET();  
  
        if(httpCode > 0) {  
  
            String payload = http.getString();  
  
            Serial.println("HTTP Response: " + payload);  
  
            // Get the last digit of the matric number and perform modulo 3  
  
            int lastDigit = matricNumber % 10;  
  
            int k = lastDigit % 3;  
  
            // Get the full message piece  
  
            String endpoint = String(serverURL) + "/" + String(k);  
  
            Serial.println("Fetching from endpoint: " + endpoint);  

```

```

http.begin(endpoint);

int secondHttpCode = http.GET();

if(secondHttpCode > 0) {

    String secondPayload = http.getString();

    Serial.println("Second HTTP Response: " + secondPayload);

} else {

    Serial.println("Error in second HTTP request");

}

} else {

    Serial.println("Error in first HTTP request");

}

http.end(); }

}

void loop() {

}

```

- Task 3: Programming ESP32-S3 as a Webserver and Sensor Controller

```

#include <WiFi.h>

#include <WebServer.h>

#include <DHT.h>

#define DHTPIN 6          // Pin connected to DHT22 sensor

#define DHTTYPE DHT22    // DHT22 sensor type

#define LED_PIN 16       // external LED pin

const char* ssid = "notyouriphone";

const char* password = "hidejy123";

```

```

DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);

WebServer server(80);

void handleRoot() {

    float temp = dht.readTemperature();

    float hum = dht.readHumidity();

    String html = "<h1>ESP32 Web Server</h1>";

    html += "<p>Temperature: " + String(temp) + " °C</p>";

    html += "<p>Humidity: " + String(hum) + " %</p>";

    html += "<a href=\"/LED_ON\">Turn LED ON</a><br>";

    html += "<a href=\"/LED_OFF\">Turn LED OFF</a><br>";

    server.send(200, "text/html", html);

}

void handleLEDOn() {

    digitalWrite(LED_PIN, HIGH);

    server.send(200, "text/html", "LED is ON");

}

void handleLEDOff() {

    digitalWrite(LED_PIN, LOW);

    server.send(200, "text/html", "LED is OFF");

}

void setup() {

    Serial.begin(115200);

    dht.begin();

    pinMode(LED_PIN, OUTPUT);

    // Connect to Wi-Fi

```

```

WiFi.begin(ssid, password);

while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {

    delay(1000);

    Serial.println("Connecting to Wi-Fi...");

}

Serial.println("Connected to Wi-Fi");

Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());

// Start Web Server

server.on("/", handleRoot);

server.on("/LED_ON", handleLEDOOn);

server.on("/LED_OFF", handleLEDOff);

server.begin();

Serial.println("Web server started.");

}

void loop() {

    server.handleClient();

}

```

- Lab test:

```

#include <WiFi.h>

#include <HTTPClient.h>

const char* ssid = "ESP32Server3";

const char* password = "12345678";

const char* serverURL = "http://192.168.4.1"; // Webserver IP

void setup() {

    Serial.begin(115200);

```

```
// Connect to the Wi-Fi Access Point (AP)

Serial.println("Connecting to Wi-Fi...");

WiFi.begin(ssid, password);

// Wait until the ESP32 is connected to Wi-Fi

while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {

    delay(500);

    Serial.print(".");

}

Serial.println("\nConnected to Wi-Fi");

// Print the IP address assigned to the ESP32

Serial.print("IP Address: ");

Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());

// Make sure the connection is active

if(WiFi.status() == WL_CONNECTED) {

    HTTPClient http;

    // Send an HTTP GET request to the root of the web server

    http.begin(serverURL);

    int httpCode = http.GET();

    // Check the response code

    if(httpCode > 0) {

        String payload = http.getString();

        Serial.println("HTTP Response: " + payload);

        String secretEndpoint = String(serverURL) + "/secret";

        Serial.println("Sending POST request to: " + secretEndpoint);

        http.begin(secretEndpoint);
```

```

    http.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/x-www-form-urlencoded");

    // Send the POST request

    int postHttpCode = http.POST("");

    if(postHttpCode > 0) {

        String secretMessage = http.getString();

        Serial.println("Secret Message: " + secretMessage);

    } else {

        Serial.println("Error in POST request to /secret");

    }

} else {

    Serial.println("Error in HTTP request to the root");

}

http.end();

} else {

    Serial.println("Wi-Fi connection failed");

}

}

void loop() {

}

```

## 4. Results

- Task 1 Results:

```

Connected to Wi-Fi
IP Address: 192.168.4.10

```



- Task 2 Results:

The result is: Sinusoid

```
entry 0x403c98ac
Connecting to Wi-Fi...
Connecting...
Connected to Wi-Fi
HTTP Response: The first part of the word is: Sin.
Next, use GET request to obtain the second half of the word from endpoint \k where k = the last digital of your matric number modulo 3.

Fetching from endpoint: http://192.168.4.1/1
Second HTTP Response: The second part of the word is: usoid
```

- Task 3 Results:



- Lab test Result:
  - The secret is EE4216