

OpenLCB Test plan for the Event Transport Protocol

The OpenLCB Group

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1 Introduction

This note documents the procedure for testing an OpenLCB implementation against the Event Transport Standard.

The tests are traceable to specific sections of the Standard.

The testing assumes that the Device Under Test (DUT) is being exercised by other nodes on the message network, e.g. is responding to enquiries from other parts of the message network.

1.1 Required Equipment

See the separate “Installing the OpenLCB Test Software” document for initial installation and set up of the test program.

For proper operations, these tests require that only one node be present and communicating.

If a direct CAN connection will be used, a supported USB-CAN adapter ¹ is required. Connect the adapter to the DUT using a single UTP cable and connect two CAN terminators.

Provide power to the DUT using its recommended method.

2 Set Up

The following steps need to be done once to configure the test program:.

1. Start the test configuration program.
2. Select “Set Up DUT”.

¹See “Installing the OpenLCB Test Software”

3. Get the Node ID from the DUT²
4. Enter that Node ID into the program.
5. Configure the test program for the USB-CAN adapter's device address or the TCP hostname and port.
6. Quit the test program and reply "Y" to "Save configuration?" when prompted.

The following steps need to be done at the start of each testing session.

1. Check that the DUT is ready for operation.
2. Start the test program.

3 Event Transport Procedure

Select "Event testing" in the test program, then select each section below in turn. Follow the prompts for when to reset/restart the node and when to check outputs against the node documentation.

A node which does not self-identify in PIP that it supports Event Transfer will be deemed to have passed these tests.

A node which does self-identify in PIP that it supports Event Transfer is expected to consume or produce at least one event. The tests are structured to check for that.

Note: Proper handling of known events should be addressed.

Note: This does not address the proper use of Unique IDs for Event IDs.

3.1 Identify Events Addressed

This section tests the addressed interaction in Standard section 6.2 and the message formats in Standard section 4.3 through 4.8.

The test starts by sending an Identify Events message addressed to the DUT. It then checks

1. That one or more Producer Identified, Producer Range Identified, Consumer Identified and/or Consumer Range Identified messages are returned,
2. That those show the DUT node as their source.

²Where do we require this to be marked on a node?

3.2 Identify Events Global

This section tests the unaddressed (global) interaction in Standard section 6.2 and the message formats in Standard section 4.3 through 4.8.

The test starts by sending an Identify Events unaddressed (global) message. It then checks

1. That one or more Producer Identified, Producer Range Identified, Consumer Identified and/or Consumer Range Identified messages are returned,
2. That those show the DUT node as their source,
3. That these identify the same events produced and consumed as the addressed form of the Identify Events message.

3.3 Identify Producer

This section tests the interaction in Standard section 6.3, and the message formats in Standard section 4.5 through 4.7.

The test proceeds by sending multiple Identify Producers messages for the zero or more individual event IDs returned by an Identify Events message addressed to the DUT. If there are none of these, this test passes. If there are one or more, the test then checks:

1. That exactly one reply is received for each Identify Producers message sent.
2. That those show the DUT node as their source,
3. That these identify the same event ID as the corresponding Identify message.

3.4 Identify Consumer

This section tests the interaction in Standard section 6.4, and the message formats in Standard section 4.2 through 4.4.

The test proceeds by sending multiple Identify Consumers messages for the zero or more individual event IDs returned by an Identify Events message addressed to the DUT. If there are none of these, this test passes. If there are one or more, the test then checks:

1. That exactly one reply is received for each Identify Consumers message sent.
2. That those show the DUT node as their source,
3. That these identify the same event ID as the corresponding Identify message.

3.5 Initial Advertisement

Follow the prompts when asked to reset or otherwise initialize the DUT.

This section's tests the interaction in the preamble to Standard section 6, and the messages in Standard sections 4.1, 4.3, 4.4, 4.6 and 4.7.

Note: There's no requirement that the Identify Producer messages be sent immediately, only that they be sent before the events are produced. Nodes typically send them immediately, and that's what this test checks.

The tests starts by restarting the node, which causes a transition to Initialized state. That is then followed by the node identifying events that it will produce and consume by appropriate messages. The test then checks:

1. That the Producer Identified, Producer Identified Range, Consumer Identified and Consumer Identified Range messages produced at node startup are the same as the ones emitted in response to an addressed Identify Events,
2. That those messages show the DUT as their source.
3. That no Producer Consumer Event Report messages are sent before the corresponding producer has been identified.
4. That any PCER messages that are sent show the DUT as their source.