ECE113, Fall 2022

Homework #3

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Due Friday, 21 Oct 2022, by 11:59pm to Gradescope. 50 points total.

1. (10 points) Let y[n] denote the linear convolution of the two sequences:

$$x[n] = \{2, -3, 4, 1\}, -1 \le n \le 2,$$

$$h[n] = \{-3, 5, -6, 4\}, -2 \le n \le 1.$$

Determine the value of y[-1] without computing the convolution sum.

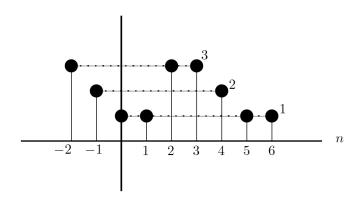
2. (10 points) Evaluate the linear convolution of each of the following sequences with itself:

(a)
$$x_1[n] = \{1, -1, 1\}, -1 \le n \le 1,$$

(b)
$$x_2[n] = \{1, -1, 0, 1, -1\}, 0 \le n \le 4,$$

(c)
$$x_3[n] = \{-1, 2, 0, -2, 1\}, -3 \le n \le 1.$$

- 3. (10 points) Determine the output of a LTI system with impulse response $h[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^n u[n]$ when excited by input $x[n] = 2^n u[-n]$.
- 4. (10 points) Consider the sequence x[n] that is shown below. It is zero except at the specified time instants. The amplitudes of the non-zero samples are either 1, 2, or 3.



- (i) Define the sequence y[n] = u[n+1] u[n-2]. Compute the convolution x[n] * y[n].
- (ii) Define

$$h_1[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^n h[n] u[n]$$

where

$$h[n] = (\frac{1}{2})x[n+2] - \frac{3}{2}\delta[n] + u[n-3]$$

Take $h_1[n]$ to be the impulse response of an LTI system. What would the response of the system be to the input sequence $(\frac{1}{3})^n u[n]$?

5. (10 points) Let y[n] = x[n] * h[n] with

$$x[n] = f[n] (u [n - n_1] - u [n - n_2])$$

and

$$h[n] = g[n] (u [n - n_3] - u [n - n_4])$$

where f[n] and g[n] are arbitrary functions, and $n_1 < n_2$ and $n_3 < n_4$. Therefore, x[n] and h[n] are pulse-like signals of finite duration $n_x = n_2 - n_1$ and $n_h = n_4 - n_3$, respectively.

- (a) For what value of the index n does the first non-zero output element y[n] occur?
- (b) For what value of the index n does the last non-zero output element y[n] occur?
- (c) What is the duration n_y of the output sequence y[n] in terms of n_x and n_h ?