ECE 141 Homework 1

Lawrence Liu

April 6, 2022

Problem 3.3

(a)

$$\cos(6t) \to \frac{s}{s^2 + 36}$$
$$f(t) = 4\cos(6t) \to \boxed{\frac{4s}{s^2 + 36}}$$

(b)

$$\cos(3t) \to \frac{s}{s^2 + 9}$$

$$\sin(3t) \to \frac{3}{s^2 + 9}$$

$$e^{-t}\sin(3t) \to \frac{3}{(s+1)^2 + 9}$$

$$f(t) = \sin(3t) + 2\cos(3t) + e^{-t}\sin(3t) \to \frac{s+3}{s^2 + 9} + \frac{3}{(s+1)^2 + 9}$$

Problem 3.7

(f)

We can rewrite F(s) as

$$F(s) = \frac{a}{s+1} + \frac{bs+c}{s^2+16}$$

Therefore we have

$$f(t) = ae^{-t} + b\cos(4s) + \frac{c}{4}\sin(4s)$$

We have to solve for a, b, c such that

$$a(s^2 + 16) + (s+1)(bs+c) = 2(s+3)$$

therefore we have

$$a = -b$$
$$bs + cs = 2s$$

$$16a + c = 6$$

Solving these we get

$$f(t) = \left[\left(0.2353e^{-t} - 0.2353\cos(4s) + 0.5588\sin(4s) \right) u(t) \right]$$

(j)

$$\frac{1}{s^2} \to tu(t)$$

$$\frac{e^{-s}}{s^2} \to \boxed{(t-1)u(t-1)}$$

Problem 3.8

(b)

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s-1}$$
$$f(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$$

Problem 3.9

(a)

$$y(t) \to Y(s)$$

$$y'(t) \to sY(s) - 1$$

$$y''(t) \to s^{2}Y(s) - s - 2$$

$$y''(t) - 2y'(t) + 4y(t) \to s^{2}Y(s) - s - 2 - 2(sY(s) - 1) + 4Y(s)$$

$$= (s^{2} - 2s + 4)Y(s) - s$$

Therefore we have

$$Y(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 - 2s + 4} = \frac{s - 1 + 3}{(s - 1)^2 + 3}$$
$$y(t) = e^t(\cos(\sqrt{3}t) + \sqrt{3}\sin(\sqrt{3}t))u(t)$$

(b)

$$y''(t) + y'(t) \to s^{2}Y(s) - s - 2 + sY(s) - 1$$
$$(s^{2} + s)Y(s) - s - 3 = \frac{1}{s^{2} + 1}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + s)} + \frac{s + 3}{s^2 + s}$$
$$Y(s) = \frac{s + 1}{s^2 + s} + \frac{-1}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{3}{s} - \frac{2}{s + 1}$$
$$y(t) = \boxed{(4 - \sin(t) - 2e^{-t})u(t)}$$