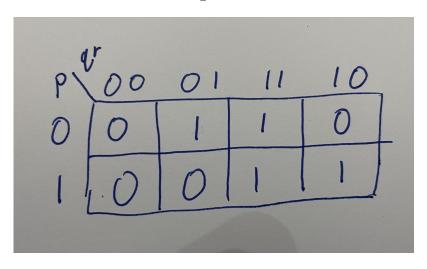
# ECE M16 Homework 2

Lawrence Liu July 14, 2022

# HW1 Problem 4 part b



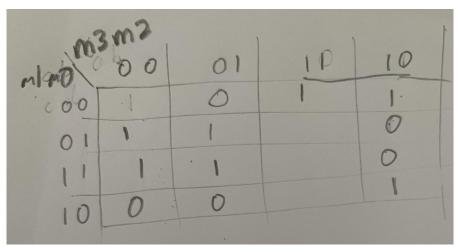
### HW1

### Problem 7

(a)

Month	m3	m2	m1	m0	output
1	0	0	0	1	1
2	0	0	1	0	0
3	0	0	1	1	1
4	0	1	0	0	0
5	0	1	0	1	1
6	0	1	1	0	0
7	0	1	1	1	1
8	1	0	0	0	1
9	1	0	0	1	0
10	1	0	1	0	1
11	1	0	1	1	0
12	1	1	0	0	1

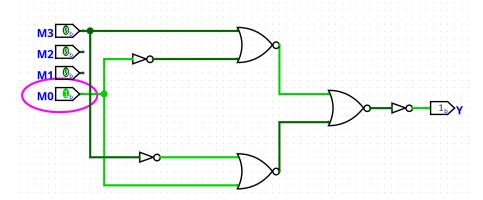
(b)



Therefore the equation is:

$$\boxed{m_0.\overline{m_3} + \overline{m_0}.m3}$$

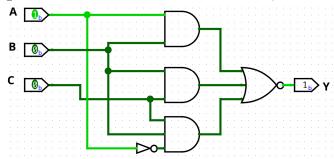
(c)



#### HW 2

#### Problem 1

There would be a static 0 hazard between b=1, c=1 a=0 and b=1, c=1 a=1. We can fix it with the following circuit We can fix this by adding an And gate between b and c before the nor, so the resulting function would look like this



### Problem 2

Let the inputs be M[0:3] then we have the following truth table

decimal	M3	M2	M1	M0	q2	<b>q</b> 5
0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	0	1	0	1
2	0	0	1	0	1	1
3	0	0	1	1	0	1
4	0	1	0	0	0	1
5	0	1	0	1	0	0
6	0	1	1	0	1	0
7	0	1	1	1	0	1
8	1	0	0	0	1	1
9	1	0	0	1	0	1

Therefore we will have the following Kmap for q2

$q^2$ $M1, M0$									
M3, M2	00	01	11	10					
00	1	0	0	1					
01	0	0	0	1					
11	-	-	-	-					
10	1	0	ı	1					

Therefore the equation for q2 is:

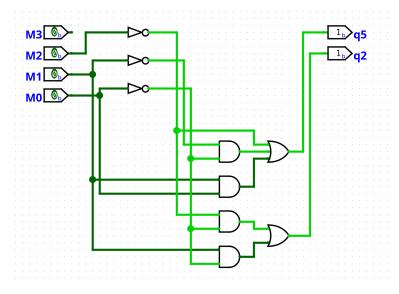
$$q2 = \overline{M2} \cdot \overline{M0} + M1 \cdot \overline{M0}$$

Likewise, the Kmap for q5 is

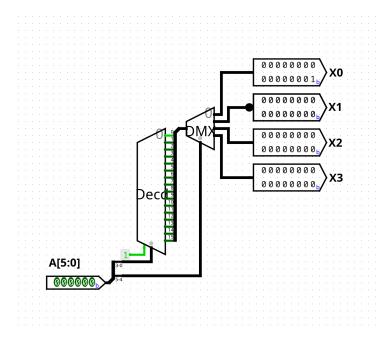
Therefore the equation for q5 is:

$$q5 = \overline{M2} + \overline{M1} \cdot \overline{M0} + M1 \cdot M0$$

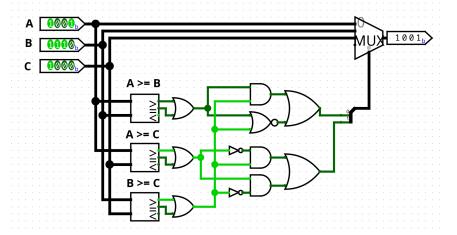
Therefore the resulting circuit is



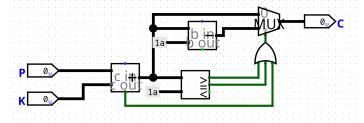
# Problem 3



## Problem 4



## Problem 5



## Problem 6

