

# Algorithmic Robotics

## COMP/ELEC/MECH 450 or COMP/ELEC/MECH 550

### OMPL Hands-On

The documentation for OMPL can be found at <http://ompl.kavrakilab.org>.

In class on Thursday 9/21 there will be a small hands-on demonstration of OMPL, showing how to setup a planning problem for three simple environments. Your code from Project 2 is also required for this demonstration, read the `README.txt` file distributed with the code for more information.

Two complete examples are provided to you in the code handout: **a)** planning for a point in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and **b)** a square in  $\mathcal{SE}(2)$ . These both utilize your collision checker implemented for Project 2. Additionally, there is a template for a “weird” robot that you should implement a few things for:

- The validity checker `isValidStateWeird`, which will utilize your implementation of `isValidSquare` from Project 2.
- The `ompl::base::StateSpacePtr` that describes the configuration space for the “weird” robot.
- The start and goal states for the robot.

The “weird” robot is described as follows. The geometry of the robot within the workspace is a square with fixed side length, and is attached to a prismatic and revolute joint, connected at the bottom-left corner of the workspace. The location of the center of the square and the orientation of the square is determined by two values:

- $d$ , the distance the center of the square is away from the bottom-left corner of the workspace (in this case,  $[-1, -1]$ ). This is the prismatic joint of the robot.
- $\alpha$ , the angular offset of the prismatic element from the  $x$ -axis. This is the revolute joint of the robot.

Use both of these values to determine the full location in workspace  $x, y, \theta$  of the square. Below is a pictorial representation of these values:

