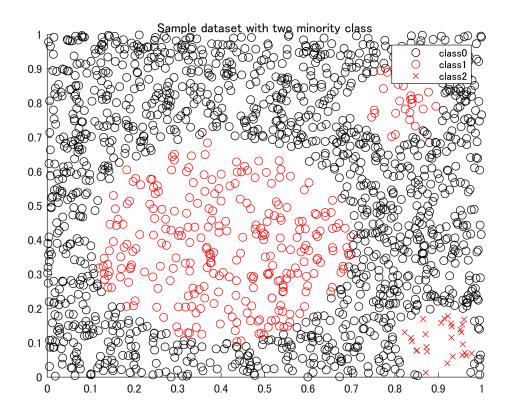
Overampling with SMOTE with its relative algogithms

- SMOTE (Chawla, NV. et al. 2002)[1]
- Borderline SMOTE (Han, H. et al. 2005)[2]
- ADASYN (He, H. et al. 2008)[3]
- Safe-level SMOTE (Bunkhumpornpat, C. at al. 2009)[4]

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Creating sample data

Define the two minority class in three circles.



Check the number of data for each class

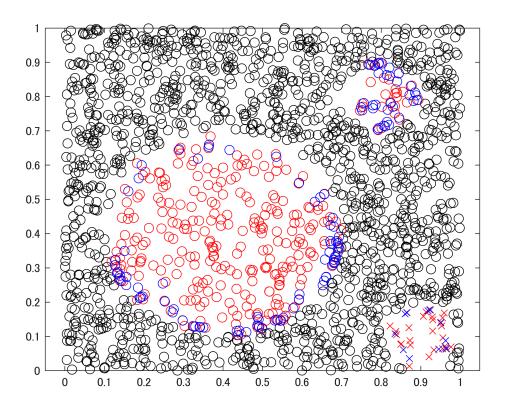
t = 3×3 cell			
	1	2	3
1	'class0'	1352	80.6202
2	'class1'	298	17.7698
3	'class2'	27	1.6100

Synthesize data

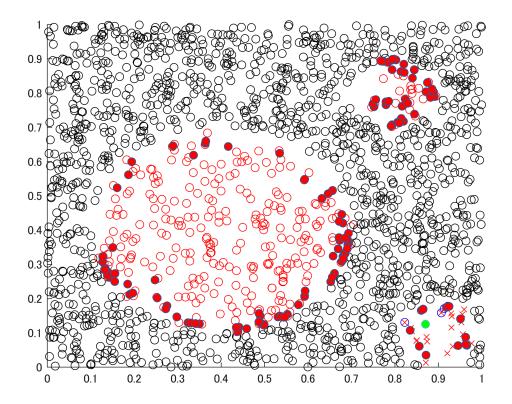
Define the number of data point to synthesize and algorithms to use.

Defile the number of neighbors to use

Visualize results



Visualize the results in animation



Reference

- [1]: Chawla, N. V., Bowyer, K. W., Hall, L. O., & Kegelmeyer, W. P. (2002). SMOTE: synthetic minority over-sampling technique. Journal of artificial intelligence research, 16, 321-357.
- [2]: Han, H., Wang, W. Y., & Mao, B. H. (2005). Borderline-SMOTE: a new over-sampling method in imbalanced data sets learning. In International conference on intelligent computing (pp. 878-887). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
- [3]: He, H., Bai, Y., Garcia, E. A., & Li, S. (2008). ADASYN: Adaptive synthetic sampling approach for imbalanced learning. In 2008 IEEE International Joint Conference on Neural Networks (pp. 1322-1328). IEEE.
- [4]: Bunkhumpornpat, C., Sinapiromsaran, K., & Lursinsap, C. (2009). Safe-level-smote: Safe-level-synthetic minority over-sampling technique for handling the class imbalanced problem. In Pacific-Asia conference on knowledge discovery and data mining (pp. 475-482). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.