

Formation and Mechanics of High-Tesla Neutron Stars

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What is a Magnetar?

Definition:



Figure: Artistic depiction of a magnetar

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Definition:

- neutron star



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- neutron star
- massive magnetic field ($\geq 10^{13}$ G)



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Basic Properties

Description:

Cases:



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- bi-modal population of transients and persistents



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Cases:

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- cross-species magnetar/pulsar



Figure: Artistic depiction of a magnetar

Distribution in Space

Description:

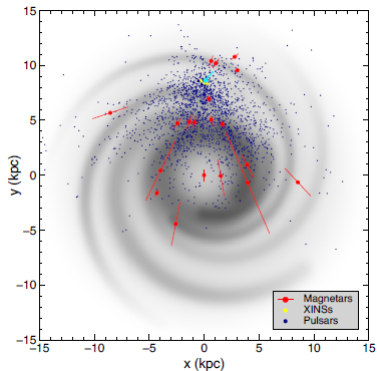


Figure: Top down view of the Milky Way with known Magnetars (and distance uncertainties) in red.

Distribution in Space

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- generally within the galactic plane

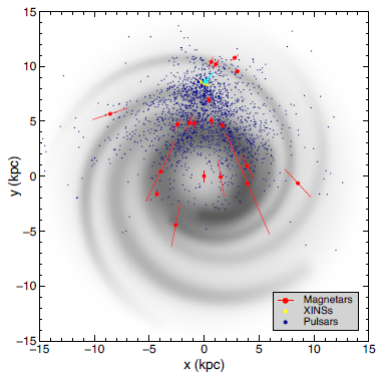


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Distribution in Space

Description:

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- mean speed of 200 km s^{-1} ,
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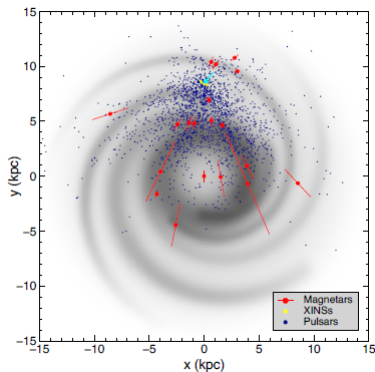


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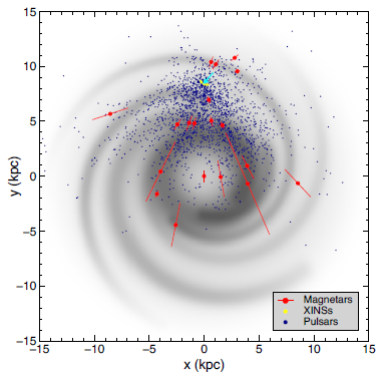


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Distribution in Space

Name	P (s)	B (10^{14} G)	Age (kyr)	E (10^{33} erg s $^{-1}$)	D (kpc)	L (10^{33} erg s $^{-1}$)	Band
CXOU J010043.1-721134	8.02	3.9	6.8	1.4	62.4	65	...
4U 0142+61	8.69	1.3	68	0.12	3.6	105	OIR/H
SGR 0418+5729	9.08	0.06	36000	0.00021	2	0.00096	...
SGR 0501+4516	5.76	1.9	15	1.2	2	0.81	OIR/H
SGR 0526-66	8.05	5.6	3.4	2.9	53.6	189	...
1E 1048.1-5937	6.46	3.9	4.5	3.3	9.0	49	OIR
(PSR J1119-6127)	0.41	4.1	1.6	2300	8.4	0.2	R/H
1E 1547.0-5408	2.07	3.2	0.69	210	4.5	1.3	O?/R/H
PSR J1622-4950	4.33	2.7	4.0	8.3	9	0.4	R
SGR 1627-41	2.59	2.2	2.2	43	11	3.6	...
CXOU J164710.2-455216	10.6	<0.66	>420	<0.013	3.9	0.45	...
1RXS J170849.0-400910	11.01	4.7	9.0	0.58	3.8	42	O?/H
CXOU J171405.7-381031	3.82	5.0	0.95	45	13	56	...
SGR J1745-2900	3.76	2.3	4.3	10	8.3	<0.11	R/H
SGR 1806-20	7.55	20	0.24	45	8.7	163	OIR/H
XTE J1810-197	5.54	2.1	11	1.8	3.5	0.043	OIR/R
Swift J1822.3-1606	8.44	0.14	6300	0.0014	1.6	>0.0004	...
SGR 1833-0832	7.56	1.6	34	0.32	...	...	...
Swift J1834.9-0846	2.48	1.4	4.9	21	4.2	<0.0084	...
1E 1841-045	11.79	7.0	4.6	0.99	8.5	184	...
(PSR J1846-0258)	0.327	0.49	0.73	8100	6.0	19	...
3XMM J185246.6+003317	11.56	<0.41	>1300	<0.0036	7	< 0.006	...
SGR 1900+14	5.20	7.0	0.9	26	12.5	90	H
SGR 1935+2154	3.24	2.2	3.6	17	...	...	...
1E 2259+586	6.98	0.59	230	0.056	3.2	17	OIR/H
SGR 0755-2933	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SGR 1801-23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SGR 1808-20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
AX J1818.8-1559
AX J1845.0-0258	6.97	2.9	...
SGR 2013+34

Formation

Theories

Common Conditions

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- Neutron stars with ≈ 1 ms period at birth [1]

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- parasitic binary star systems ending in supernova

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Magnetars

- 2-12s period X-Ray bursts
- spin-down leads to quiescent X-ray emission and gamma-ray bursts

Radio Pulsars

- 100 ms period high-band bursts (mostly X-ray)
- spin-down causes radio emission, and non-thermal X/gamma-ray radiation

Kinds of Magnetars

Bi-modal

Cross-species

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- Persistent Magnetars

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- Magnetar Pulsar

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Cross-species

- Magnetar Pulsar
- Theoretically: neutron star switch between magnetar, pulsar, and magnetar pulsar

Magnetic Breaking

Materials

Magnetic Breaking

Materials



EM-Bursts

EM-Bursts



Summary and Conclusions

What we know

What we don't know

Summary and Conclusions

What we know



What we don't know

Summary and Conclusions

What we know



What we don't know

- A definitive model for the formation of magnetars

Resources



References

- ① Duncan RC, Thompson C. 1992. ApJ 392:L9-L13