

# Tutorial: Uncovering Side-Channels in Intel SGX Enclaves

## Part 2: Stealing enclave secrets with transient execution

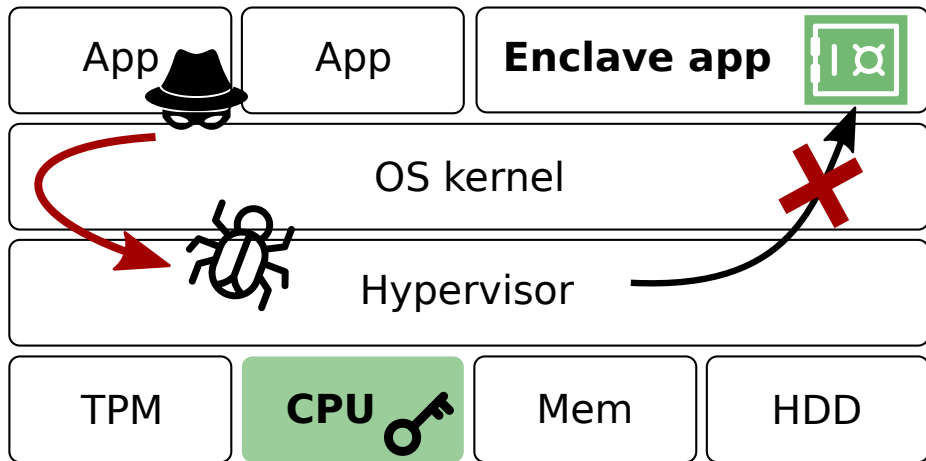
*Jo Van Bulck*

🏠 imec-DistriNet, KU Leuven ✉ [jo.vanbulck@cs.kuleuven.be](mailto:jo.vanbulck@cs.kuleuven.be) 🐦 [jovanbulck](https://twitter.com/jovanbulck)



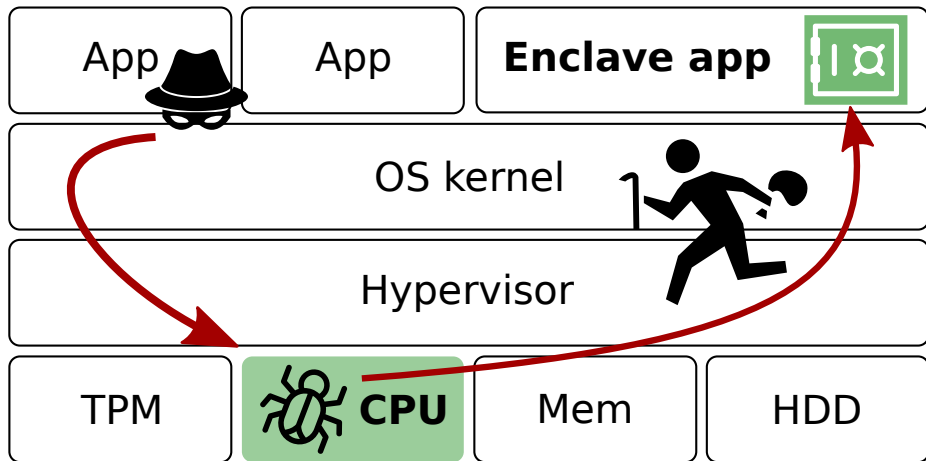
SPACE 2018, December 15, 2018

## Enclaved execution attack surface (revisited)



Intel SGX promise: hardware-level **isolation and attestation**

## Enclaved execution attack surface (revisited)



Trusted CPU → exploit **microarchitectural bugs/design flaws**

## Reflections on trusting trust



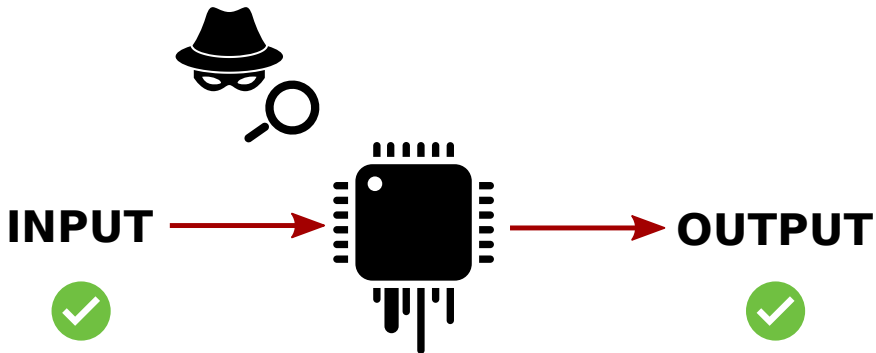
*“No amount of source-level verification or scrutiny will protect you from using untrusted code. [...] As the level of program gets lower, these bugs will be harder and harder to detect. A well installed **microcode bug** will be almost impossible to detect.”*

— Ken Thompson (ACM Turing award lecture, 1984)



# A primer on software security (revisited)

**Transient execution:** *HW optimizations* do not respect SW abstractions (!)

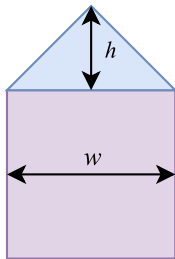


A close-up of Morpheus from the movie The Matrix, wearing his signature black sunglasses. The reflection in the lenses shows a scene from the movie. The image has a slightly grainy, cinematic quality.

**WHAT IF I TOLD YOU**

**YOU CAN CHANGE RULES MID-GAME**

# Out-of-order and speculative execution



Key **discrepancy**:

- Programmers write **sequential** instructions

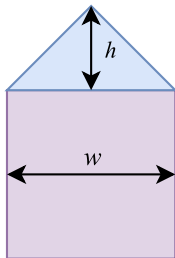
---

```
int area(int h, int w)
{
    int triangle = (w*h)/2;
    int square   = (w*w);
    return triangle + square;
}
```

---



# Out-of-order and speculative execution



Key **discrepancy**:

- Programmers write **sequential** instructions
- Modern CPUs are inherently **parallel**

⇒ *Speculatively execute instructions ahead of time*

---

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```

```
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```
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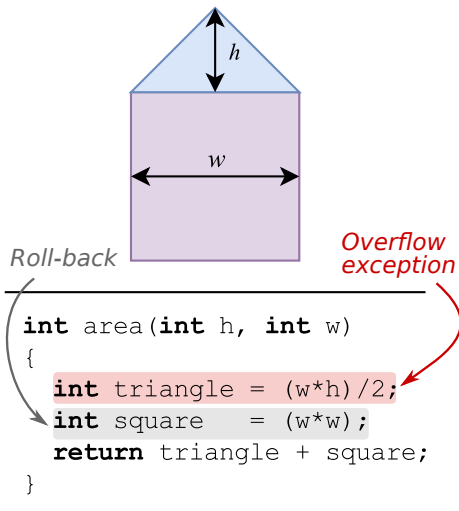
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```
}
```

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# Out-of-order and speculative execution



Key **discrepancy**:

- Programmers write **sequential** instructions
- Modern CPUs are inherently **parallel**

⇒ *Speculatively execute instructions ahead of time*

**Best-effort:** What if triangle fails?

- Commit in-order, **roll-back** square
- ... But **side-channels** may leave traces (!)

# STRANGER THINGS

**EXPLORING THE  
UPSIDE DOWN**



# Transient execution attacks: Welcome to the world of fun!

CPU executes ahead of time in **transient world**

- Success → *commit* results to normal world 😊
- Fail → *discard* results, compute again in normal world ☹️



# Transient execution attacks: Welcome to the world of fun!

CPU executes ahead of time in **transient world**

- Success → *commit* results to normal world 😊
- Fail → *discard* results, compute again in normal world ☹️



Transient world (microarchitecture) may temp bypass architectural software intentions:



Delayed exception handling



Control flow prediction

# Transient execution attacks: Welcome to the world of fun!

## Key finding of 2018

⇒ *Transmit secrets from transient to normal world*



Transient world (microarchitecture) may temp bypass architectural software intentions:



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Control flow prediction

# Transient execution attacks: Welcome to the world of fun!

## Key finding of 2018

⇒ *Transmit secrets from transient to normal world*



Transient world (microarchitecture) may temp bypass architectural software intentions:



CPU access control bypass



Speculative buffer overflow/ROP



inside<sup>TM</sup>



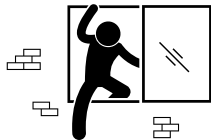
inside<sup>TM</sup>



inside<sup>TM</sup>



# Meltdown: Transiently encoding unauthorized memory



## Unauthorized access

Listing 1: x86 assembly

```
1 meltdown:
2   // %rdi: oracle
3   // %rsi: secret_ptr
4
5   movb (%rsi), %al
6   shl $0xc, %rax
7   movq (%rdi, %rax), %rdi
8   retq
```

Listing 2: C code.

```
1 void meltdown(
2     uint8_t *oracle,
3     uint8_t *secret_ptr)
4 {
5     uint8_t v = *secret_ptr;
6     v = v * 0x1000;
7     uint64_t o = oracle[v];
8 }
```

# Meltdown: Transiently encoding unauthorized memory



Unauthorized access



Transient out-of-order window

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oracle array



secret idx

# Meltdown: Transiently encoding unauthorized memory



Unauthorized access



Transient out-of-order window



**Exception**

(discard architectural state)

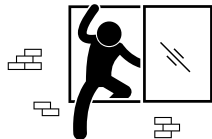
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# Meltdown: Transiently encoding unauthorized memory



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Transient out-of-order window



Exception handler

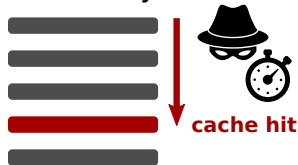
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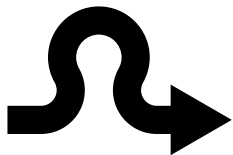
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oracle array



## Mitigating Meltdown: Unmap kernel addresses from user space

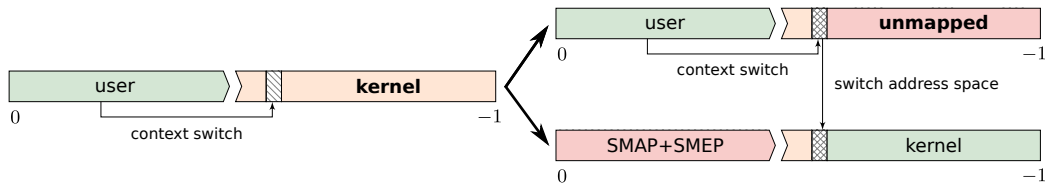


- OS software fix for **faulty hardware** ( $\leftrightarrow$  future CPUs)

# Mitigating Meltdown: Unmap kernel addresses from user space



- OS software fix for **faulty hardware** ( $\leftrightarrow$  future CPUs)
  - Unmap kernel from user *virtual address space*
- Unauthorized physical addresses **out-of-reach** (~cookie jar)



Gruss et al. "KASLR is dead: Long live KASLR", ESSoS 2017 [GLS<sup>+</sup>17]



inside<sup>TM</sup>



inside<sup>TM</sup>



inside<sup>TM</sup>

## Rumors: Meltdown immunity for SGX enclaves?

**Meltdown melted down everything, except  
for one thing**

“[enclaves] remain **protected and completely secure**”

— *International Business Times*, February 2018

**ANJUNA'S SECURE-RUNTIME CAN PROTECT CRITICAL APPLICATIONS  
AGAINST THE MELTDOWN ATTACK USING ENCLAVES**

“[enclave memory accesses] redirected to an **abort page**, which has no value”

— *Anjuna Security, Inc.*, March 2018



## Rumors: Meltdown immunity for SGX enclaves?



WASH. POST, SECURITY BEAT, 12:00 PM

### SPECTRE-LIKE FLAW UNDERMINES INTEL PROCESSORS' MOST SECURE ELEMENT

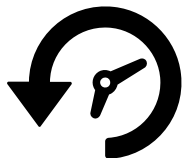
I'M SURE THIS WON'T BE THE LAST SUCH PROBLEM —

Intel's SGX blown wide open by, you guessed it, a speculative execution attack

Speculative execution attacks truly are the gift that keeps on giving.

<https://wired.com> and <https://arstechnica.com>

# Building Foreshadow



1. Cache secrets in L1

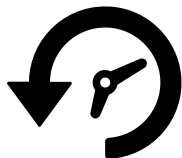


2. Unmap page table entry



3. Execute Meltdown

# Building Foreshadow



1. Cache secrets in L1



2. Unmap page table entry



3. Execute Meltdown

L1 terminal fault challenges



**Foreshadow can read unmapped physical addresses from the cache (!)**

## Challenge: Reading unmapped secrets with Foreshadow



### Untrusted world view

- Enclaved memory reads 0xFF



### Intra-enclave view

- Access enclaved + unprotected memory

# Challenge: Reading unmapped secrets with Foreshadow



## Untrusted world view

- Enclaved memory reads 0xFF



## Intra-enclave view

- Access enclaved + unprotected memory
- SGXpectre in-enclave code abuse

# Challenge: Reading unmapped secrets with Foreshadow



## Untrusted world view

- Enclaved memory reads 0xFF
- Meltdown “bounces back” (~ mirror)

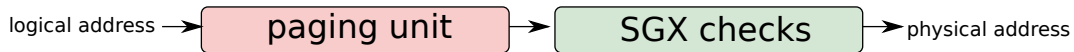


## Intra-enclave view

- Access enclaved + unprotected memory
- SGXpectre in-enclave code abuse

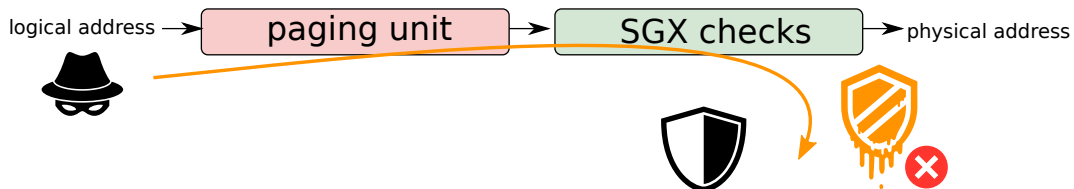
## Building Foreshadow: Evade SGX abort page semantics

**Note:** SGX MMU sanitizes *untrusted* address translation



# Building Foreshadow: Evade SGX abort semantics

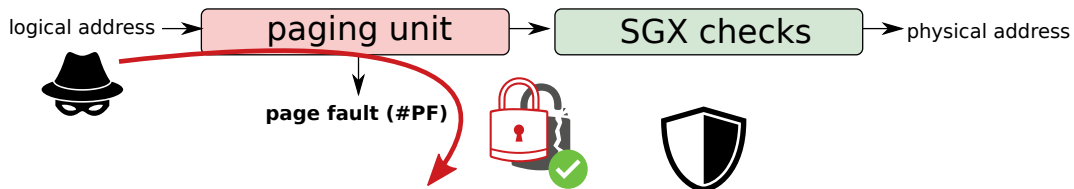
**Meltdown:** (Transient) accesses in non-enclave mode are dropped



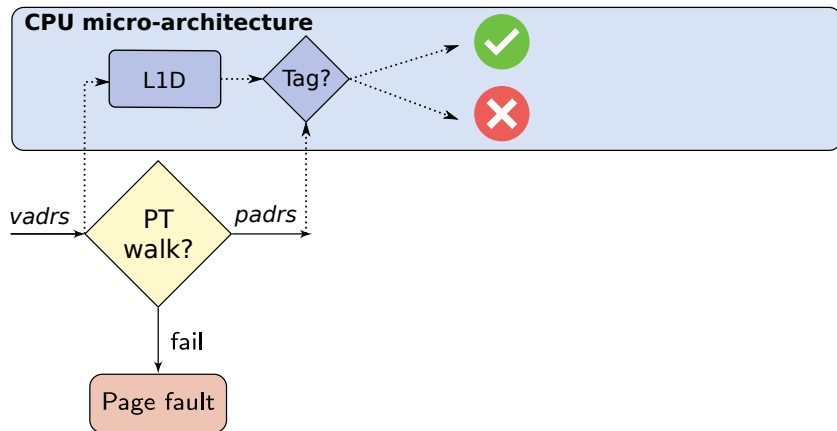


# Building Foreshadow: Evade SGX abort page semantics

**Foreshadow:** Bypass abort page via *untrusted* page table

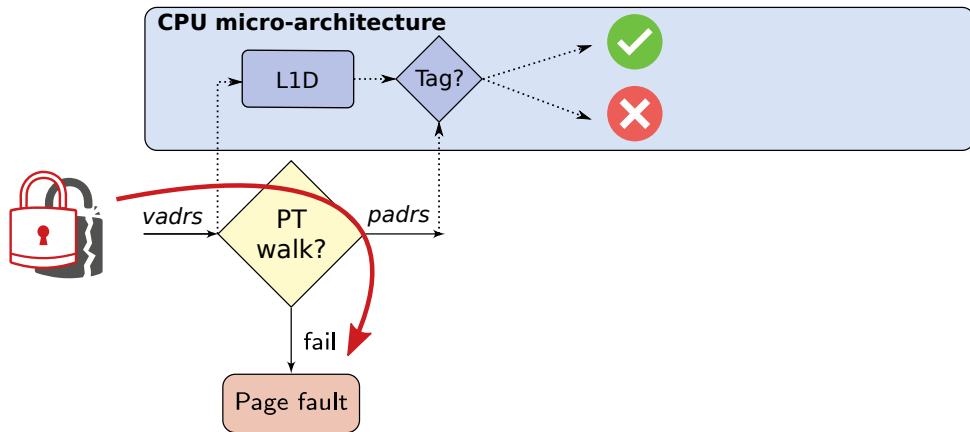


## Foreshadow-NG: Breaking the virtual memory abstraction



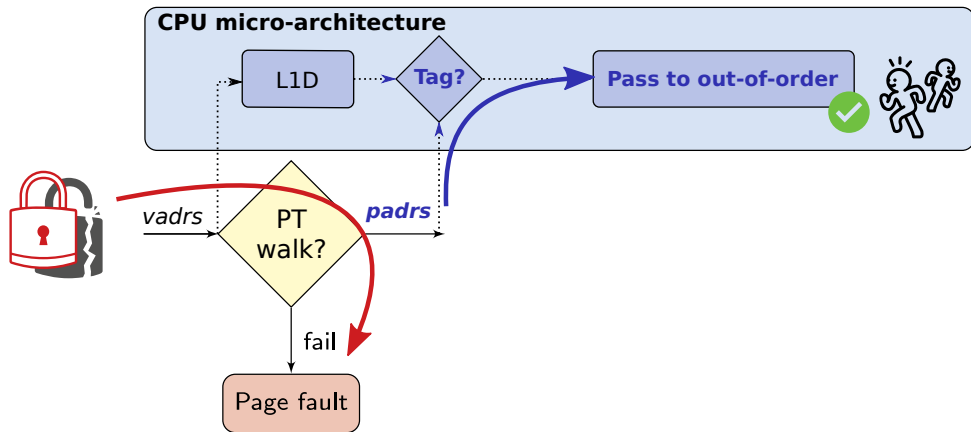
**L1 cache design:** Virtually-indexed, physically-tagged

## Foreshadow-NG: Breaking the virtual memory abstraction



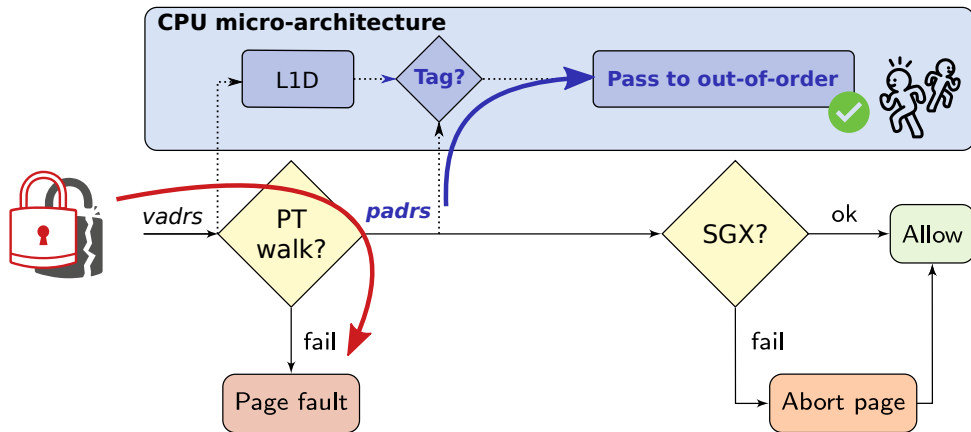
**Page fault:** Early-out address translation

# Foreshadow-NG: Breaking the virtual memory abstraction



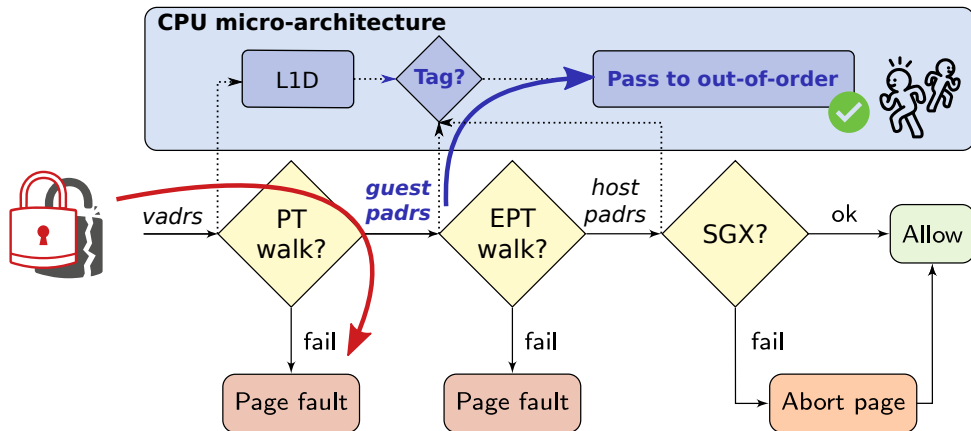
**L1-Terminal Fault:** match *unmapped physical address* (!)

# Foreshadow-NG: Breaking the virtual memory abstraction



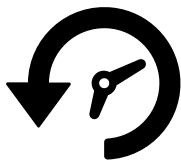
**Foreshadow-SGX:** bypass enclave isolation

# Foreshadow-NG: Breaking the virtual memory abstraction



**Foreshadow-VMM:** bypass virtual machine isolation

# Mitigating Foreshadow



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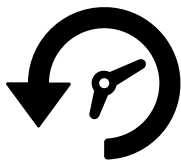


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3. Execute Meltdown

# Mitigating Foreshadow



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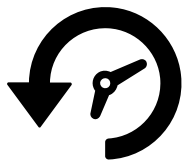


3. Execute Meltdown

Future CPUs  
(silicon-based changes)



# Mitigating Foreshadow



1. Cache secrets in L1



2. Unmap page table entry

OS kernel updates  
(sanitize page frame bits)



3. Execute Meltdown

# Mitigating Foreshadow



1. Cache secrets in L1



2. Unmap page table entry



3. Execute Meltdown

Intel microcode updates

⇒ **Flush L1** cache on enclave/VMM exit + **disable HyperThreading**

<https://software.intel.com/security-software-guidance/software-guidance/l1-terminal-fault>

## Mitigating Foreshadow/L1TF: Hardware-software cooperation

```
jo@gropius:~$ uname -svp
Linux #41~16.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Wed Oct 10 20:16:04 UTC 2018 x86_64

jo@gropius:~$ cat /proc/cpuinfo | grep "model name" -m1
model name      : Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-6500U CPU @ 2.50GHz

jo@gropius:~$ cat /proc/cpuinfo | egrep 'meltdown|l1tf' -m1
bugs            : cpu_meltdown spectre_v1 spectre_v2 spec_store_bypass l1tf

jo@gropius:~$ cat /sys/devices/system/cpu/vulnerabilities/meltdown | grep "Mitigation"
Mitigation: PTI

jo@gropius:~$ cat /sys/devices/system/cpu/vulnerabilities/l1tf | grep "Mitigation"
Mitigation: PTE Inversion; VMX: conditional cache flushes, SMT vulnerable

jo@gropius:~$ █
```



MELTDOWN



FORESHADOW



## Some good news?

**A lingering risk:** Because Foreshadow, Spectre, and Meltdown are all hardware-based flaws, there's no guaranteed fix short of swapping out the chips. But security experts say the weaknesses are incredibly hard to exploit and that there's no evidence so far to suggest this year's chipocalypse has led to a hacking spree. Still, if your computer offers you an urgent software upgrade, be sure to take it immediately.

<https://www.technologyreview.com/the-download/611879/intels-foreshadow-flaws-are-the-latest-sign-of-the-chipocalypse/>

For the latest Intel security news, please visit [security newsroom](#).

For all others, visit the [Intel Security Center](#) for the latest security information.

L1TF is a highly sophisticated attack method, and today, Intel is not aware of any reported real-world exploits.

<https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/architecture-and-technology/l1tf.html>

Some good news?



## Azure confidential computing: Microsoft boosts security for cloud data

Microsoft is rolling out new secure enclave technology for protecting data in use.



By Dan King | September 28, 2017 | 3:27 PM | 1117 Views | Open Cloud

<https://www.zdnet.com/article/azure-confidential-computing-microsoft-boosts-security-for-cloud-data/>

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<https://www.zdnet.com/article/azure-confidential-computing-microsoft-boosts-security-for-cloud-data/>

# Foreshadow fallout: Dismantling the SGX ecosystem

Remote attestation and secret provisioning

Challenge-response to prove **enclave identity**





# Foreshadow fallout: Dismantling the SGX ecosystem

## CPU-level key derivation

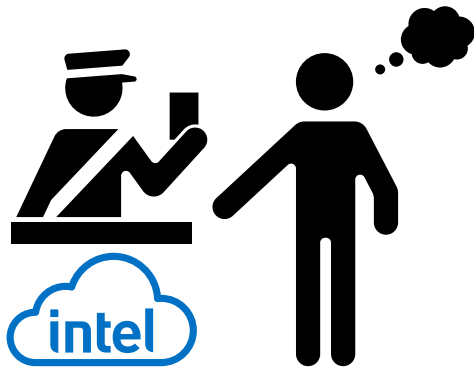
Intel == trusted 3th party (shared **CPU master secret**)



# Foreshadow fallout: Dismantling the SGX ecosystem

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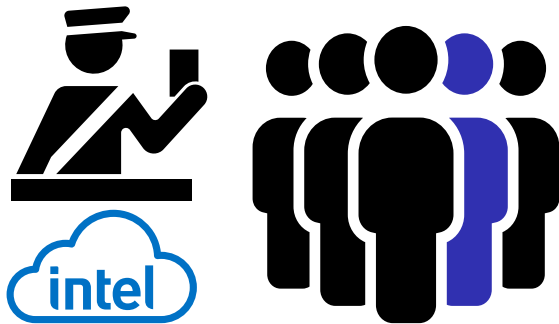
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# Foreshadow fallout: Dismantling the SGX ecosystem

Fully anonymous attestation

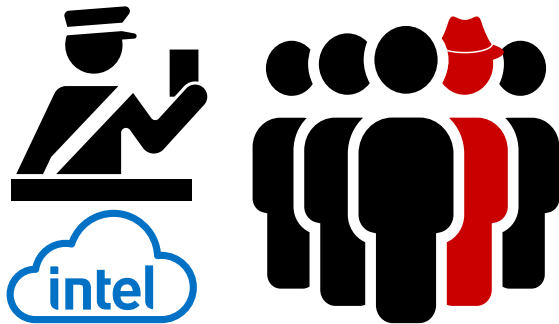
Intel Enhanced Privacy ID (EPID) **group signatures** 😊



# Foreshadow fallout: Dismantling the SGX ecosystem

## The dark side of anonymous attestation

Single **compromised EPID key** affects millions of devices ... ☹️



# Foreshadow fallout: Dismantling the SGX ecosystem

## EPID key extraction with Foreshadow

Active **man-in-the-middle**: read + modify all local and remote secrets (!)





inside<sup>TM</sup>

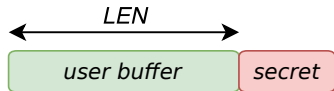


inside<sup>TM</sup>



inside<sup>TM</sup>

## Spectre v1: Speculative buffer over-read



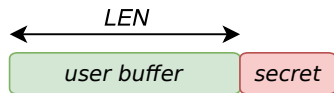
- Programmer *intention*: never access out-of-bounds memory

---

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if (idx < LEN)
{
    s = buffer[idx];
    t = lookup[s];
    ...
}
```

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## Spectre v1: Speculative buffer over-read



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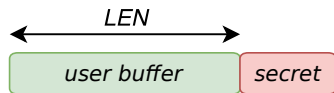
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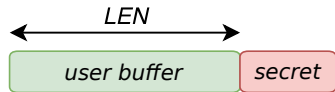
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- Branch can be mistrained to **speculatively** (i.e., ahead of time) execute with  $idx \geq LEN$  in the **transient world**
- **Side-channels** leak out-of-bounds secrets to the **real world**

## Mitigating Spectre v1: Inserting speculation barriers



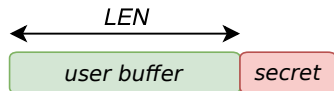
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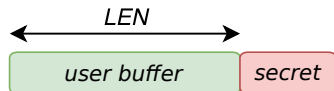
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- Insert **speculation barrier** to tell the CPU to halt the transient world until *idx* got evaluated ↔ performance 😞

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---

- Programmer *intention*: never access out-of-bounds memory
- Insert **speculation barrier** to tell the CPU to halt the transient world until *idx* got evaluated ↔ performance 😞
- Huge error-prone **manual effort**, no reliable automated compiler approaches yet. . .



# index : kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git

Linux kernel source tree

master

switch

Linux Tor

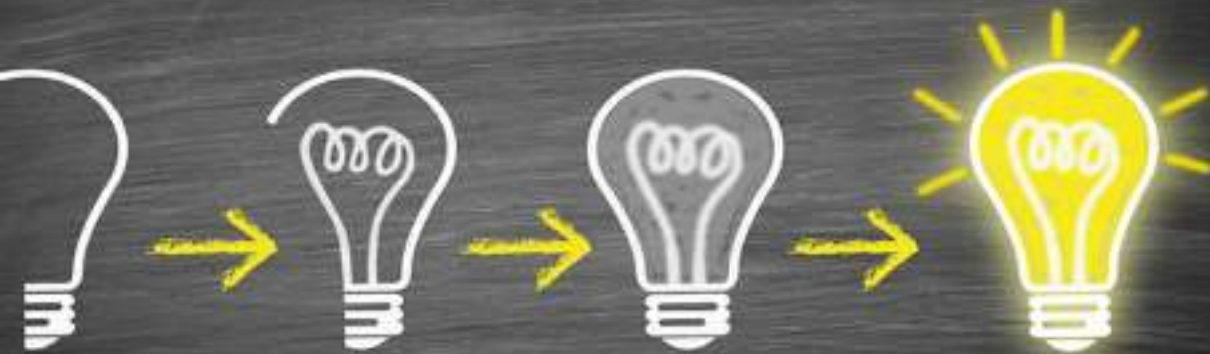
about summary refs **log** tree commit diff stats

log msg

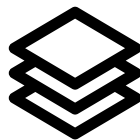
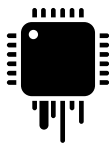
10/20/2018

search

Age	Commit message (Expand)	Author	Files	Lines
3 days	Merge git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/davem/net	Linus Torvalds	56	-274/+793
4 days	vhost: Fix Spectre v2 vulnerability	Jason Wang	1	-0/+2
2018-10-19	Merge tag 'usb-4.19-final' of git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/g...	Greg Kroah-Hartman	7	-27/+65
2018-10-19	Merge git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/davem/net	Greg Kroah-Hartman	57	-187/+253
2018-10-19	Merge tag 'for-gkh' of git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rdma/rdma	Greg Kroah-Hartman	2	-0/+6
2018-10-17	ptp: fix Spectre v2 vulnerability	Gustavo A. R. Silva	1	-0/+4
2018-10-17	usb: gadget: storage: Fix Spectre v2 vulnerability	Gustavo A. R. Silva	1	-0/+3
2018-10-16	RDMA/uoma: Fix Spectre v2 vulnerability	Gustavo A. R. Silva	1	-0/+3
2018-10-16	iB/uom: Fix Spectre v2 vulnerability	Gustavo A. R. Silva	1	-0/+3
2018-09-25	Merge tag 'tty-4.19-rc6' of git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gre...	Greg Kroah-Hartman	6	-7/+30
2018-09-18	tty: vt_ioctl: fix potential Spectre v2	Gustavo A. R. Silva	1	-0/+4
2018-09-14	Merge tag 'char-misc-4.19-rc4' of git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/g...	Linus Torvalds	10	-34/+73
2018-09-12	Merge tag 'pci-v4.19-fixes-1' of git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/gi...	Linus Torvalds	8	-25/+41
2018-09-12	misc: hmc6352: fix potential Spectre v2	Gustavo A. R. Silva	1	-0/+2
2018-09-11	switchtec: Fix Spectre v2 vulnerability	Gustavo A. R. Silva	1	-0/+4
2018-08-29	Merge tag 'hwmon-for-linux-v4.19-rc2' of git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/k...	Linus Torvalds	5	-12/+32
2018-08-26	hwmon: (nct6775) fix potential Spectre v2	Gustavo A. R. Silva	1	-0/+2
2018-08-17	Merge tag 'drm-next-2018-08-17' of git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm	Linus Torvalds	44	-156/+346



- ⇒ New class of **transient execution** attacks
- ⇒ Importance of fundamental **side-channel research**
- ⇒ Security **cross-cuts** the system stack: hardware, hypervisor, kernel, compiler, application



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