

1 Centre of mass

1.1 General centre of mass

Shape $A(x_1, y_1)$ weighted w_1 , $B(x_2, y_2)$ weighted w_2 , $C(x_3, y_3)$ weighted w_3 , centre of mass $G(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$:

$$w_1 \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix} + w_2 \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} + w_3 \begin{pmatrix} x_3 \\ y_3 \end{pmatrix} = (w_1 + w_2 + w_3) \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{y} \end{pmatrix}$$

1.2 Centre of mass of uniform triangular lamina

$$G \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3}{3}, \frac{y_1 + y_2 + y_3}{3} \right)$$

1.3 Centre of mass of uniform sector of a circle

Make the origin at the centre of the circle, make x-axis crossing the symmetry of the sector, then

$$distance = \frac{2r \sin \alpha}{3\alpha}$$

$$G \left(0, \frac{2r \sin \alpha}{3\alpha} \right)$$

1.4 Combined centre of mass of two laminae

Shape A , $G_A(x_a, y_a)$ area A_a ;

Shape B , $G_B(x_b, y_b)$ area A_b .

Combined centre of mass:

$$A_a \begin{pmatrix} x_a \\ y_a \end{pmatrix} + A_b \begin{pmatrix} x_b \\ y_b \end{pmatrix} = (A_a + A_b) \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{y} \end{pmatrix}$$

1.5 Centre of mass of an arc of a circle

Make the origin at the centre of the circle, make x-axis crossing the symmetry of the sector, then

$$distance = \frac{r \sin \alpha}{\alpha}$$

1.6 Centre of mass of a frame

Consider all lines as a dedicated shape, use the general method to calculate its centre then use centre point to represent the shape then apply the general method again.

2 Momentum

2.1 Coefficients of restitution

$$e = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{u_1 - u_2}$$

When $e = 1$, perfect elastic

2.2 Collisions with wall

$$e = \frac{v}{u}$$