1.WRITE A C PROGRAM ON BINARY HEAP.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 100
void maxHeapify(int arr[], int n, int i);
void buildMaxHeap(int arr[], int n);
void insertMaxHeap(int arr[], int *n, int key);
int extractMax(int arr[], int *n);
void printHeap(int arr[], int n);
void minHeapify(int arr[], int n, int i);
void buildMinHeap(int arr[], int n);
void insertMinHeap(int arr[], int *n, int key);
int extractMin(int arr[], int *n);
void maxHeapify(int arr[], int n, int i) {
  int largest = i;
  int left = 2 * i + 1;
  int right = 2 * i + 2;
  if (left < n && arr[left] > arr[largest]) {
    largest = left;
  }
  if (right < n && arr[right] > arr[largest]) {
    largest = right;
  }
  if (largest != i) {
    int temp = arr[i];
    arr[i] = arr[largest];
     arr[largest] = temp;
    maxHeapify(arr, n, largest);
  }
}
void buildMaxHeap(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
     maxHeapify(arr, n, i);
  }
}
```

```
void insertMaxHeap(int arr[], int *n, int key) {
  if (*n == MAX_SIZE) {
    printf("Heap is full\n");\\
    return;
  int i = (*n)++;
  arr[i] = key;
  while (i != 0 && arr[(i - 1) / 2] < arr[i]) {
    int temp = arr[i];
    arr[i] = arr[(i - 1) / 2];
    arr[(i-1)/2] = temp;
    i = (i - 1) / 2;
  }
}
int extractMax(int arr[], int *n) {
  if (*n <= 0) {
    printf("Heap is \ empty\n");
    return -1;
  }
  if (*n == 1) {
    (*n)--;
    return arr[0];
  int root = arr[0];
  arr[0] = arr[--(*n)];
  maxHeapify(arr, *n, 0);
  return root;
void minHeapify(int arr[], int n, int i) {
  int smallest = i;
  int left = 2 * i + 1;
  int right = 2 * i + 2;
  if (left < n && arr[left] < arr[smallest]) {
    smallest = left;
  if (right < n && arr[right] < arr[smallest]) {</pre>
    smallest = right;
  }
```

```
if (smallest != i) {
    int temp = arr[i];
    arr[i] = arr[smallest];
    arr[smallest] = temp;
     minHeapify(arr, n, smallest);
  }
}
void buildMinHeap(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    minHeapify(arr, n, i);
  }
}
void insertMinHeap(int arr[], int *n, int key) {
  if (*n == MAX\_SIZE) {
     printf("Heap is full\n");
    return;
  }
  int i = (*n)++;
  arr[i] = key;
  while (i != 0 && arr[(i - 1) / 2] > arr[i]) {
    int temp = arr[i];
    arr[i] = arr[(i - 1) / 2];
    arr[(i-1)/2] = temp;
    i = (i - 1) / 2;
  }
}
int extractMin(int arr[], int *n) {
  if (*n <= 0) {
    printf("Heap is empty\n");
    return -1;
  }
  if (*n == 1) {
    (*n)--;
    return arr[0];
  int root = arr[0];
  \mathsf{arr}[0] = \mathsf{arr}[--(*\mathsf{n})];
  minHeapify(arr, *n, 0);
```

```
return root;
}
void printHeap(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  }
  printf("\n");
}
int main() {
  int maxHeap[MAX_SIZE] = {10, 20, 15, 30, 40};
  int \ minHeap[MAX\_SIZE] = \{40, \, 30, \, 20, \, 10\};
  int sizeMax = 5;
  int sizeMin = 4;
  printf("Max-Heap:\n");
  buildMaxHeap(maxHeap, sizeMax);
  printHeap(maxHeap, sizeMax);
  printf("Insert 50 into Max-Heap:\n");
  insertMaxHeap(maxHeap, &sizeMax, 50);
  printHeap(maxHeap, sizeMax);
  printf("Extract Max from Max-Heap:\n");
  printf("Extracted value: %d\n", extractMax(maxHeap, &sizeMax));
  printHeap(maxHeap, sizeMax);
  printf("Min-Heap:\n");
  buildMinHeap(minHeap, sizeMin);
  printHeap(minHeap, sizeMin);
  printf("Insert 5 into Min-Heap:\n");
  insertMinHeap(minHeap, &sizeMin, 5);
  printHeap(minHeap, sizeMin);
  printf("Extract Min from Min-Heap:\n");
  printf("Extracted value: %d\n", extractMin(minHeap, &sizeMin));
  printHeap(minHeap, sizeMin);
  return 0;
SAMPLE OUTPUT:
Max-Heap:
40 30 15 10 20
Insert 50 into Max-Heap:
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```
50 30 40 10 20 15
Extract Max from Max-Heap:
Extracted value: 50
40 30 15 10 20
Min-Heap:
10 30 20 40
Insert 5 into Min-Heap:
5 10 20 40 30
Extract Min from Min-Heap:
Extracted value: 5
10 30 20 40
2.WRITE A C PROGRAM ON HEAP SORTED.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i);
void buildMaxHeap(int arr[], int n);
void heapSort(int arr[], int n);
void printArray(int arr[], int size);
void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i) {
  int largest = i; // Initialize largest as root
  int left = 2 * i + 1; // Left child
  int right = 2 * i + 2; // Right child
  if (left < n && arr[left] > arr[largest]) {
     largest = left;
  if (right < n && arr[right] > arr[largest]) {
     largest = right;
  }
  if (largest != i) {
     int temp = arr[i];
     arr[i] = arr[largest];
     arr[largest] = temp;
     heapify(arr, n, largest);
  }
}
void buildMaxHeap(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
     heapify(arr, n, i);
  }
```

```
}
void heapSort(int arr[], int n) {
  buildMaxHeap(arr, n);
  for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
     int temp = arr[0];
     arr[0] = arr[i];
     arr[i] = temp;
     heapify(arr, i, 0);
  }
}
void printArray(int arr[], int size) {
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
     printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  }
  printf("\n");
}
int main() {
  int arr[] = {12, 11, 13, 5, 6, 7};
  int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
  printf("Original array:\n");
  printArray(arr, n);
  heapSort(arr, n);
  printf("Sorted array:\n");
  printArray(arr, n);
  return 0;
}
SAMPLE OUTPUT:
Original array:
12 11 13 5 6 7
Sorted array:
5 6 7 11 12 13
```