

Pandemic Analytics

2.2

Creating GUI using Tkinter



Day: 2

Session: 2

ETD: 20 min

Recap



Functions to calculate

- **IFR**
- **CMR**

PyGUI

- **WYSWYG-GUI** is a desktop app that provides you with an interface that helps you to interact with the computers and enriches your experience of giving a command (command-line input) to your code.
- They are used to perform different tasks in desktops, laptops, and other electronic devices, etc.

Continue..

Some of the applications where the power of GUI is utilized are

- **Creating a Calculator which would have a user-interface and functionalities that persists in a calculator.**
- **Text-Editors, IDE's for coding are on a GUI app.**

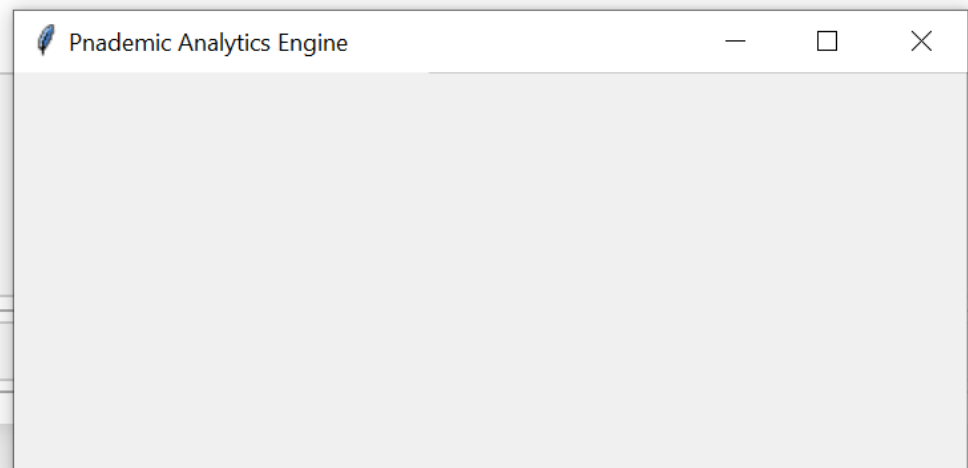
Overview of Tkinter

- Tkinter commonly comes bundled with Python, using Tk and is Python's standard GUI framework.
- It is famous for its simplicity and graphical user interface.
- It is open-source and available under the Python License

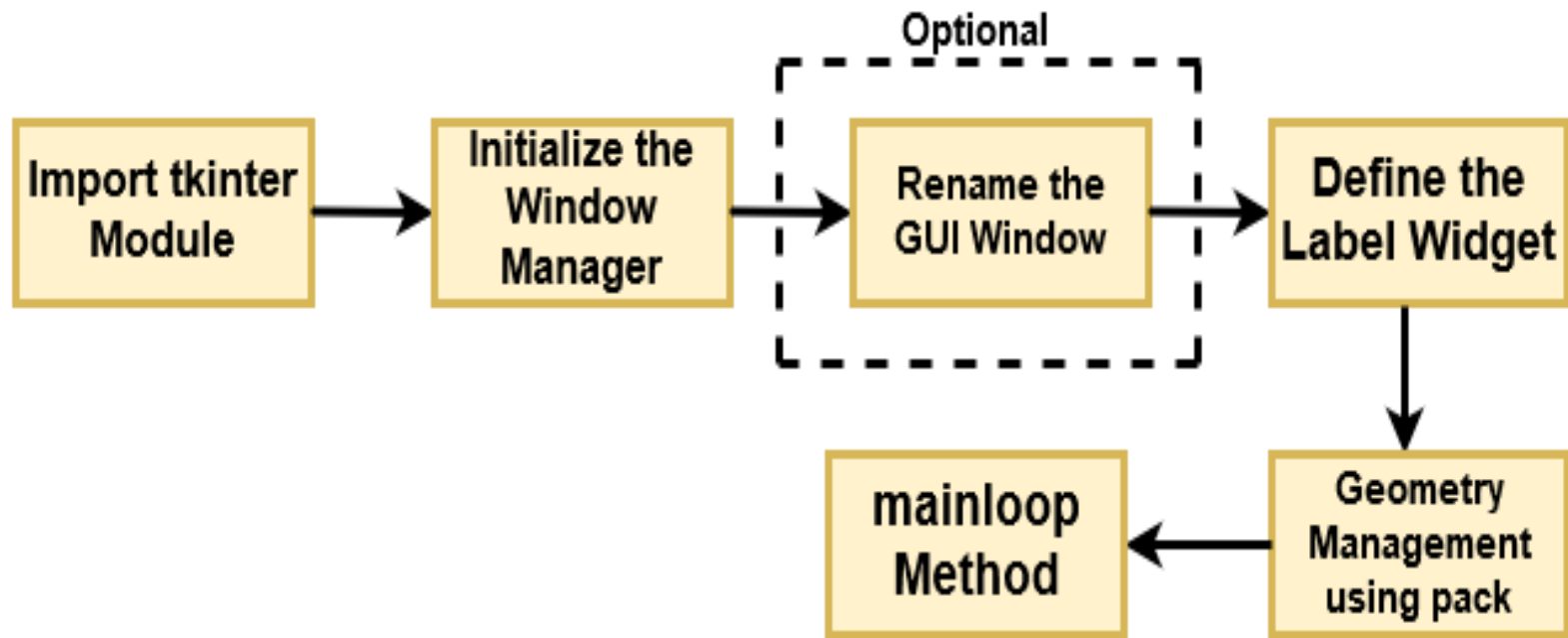
Tkinter - GUI

```
► In [*]: import tkinter as tk  
          window = tk.Tk()  
          window.title("Pnademic Analytics Engine")  
  
          window.mainloop()
```

```
► In [ ]:
```



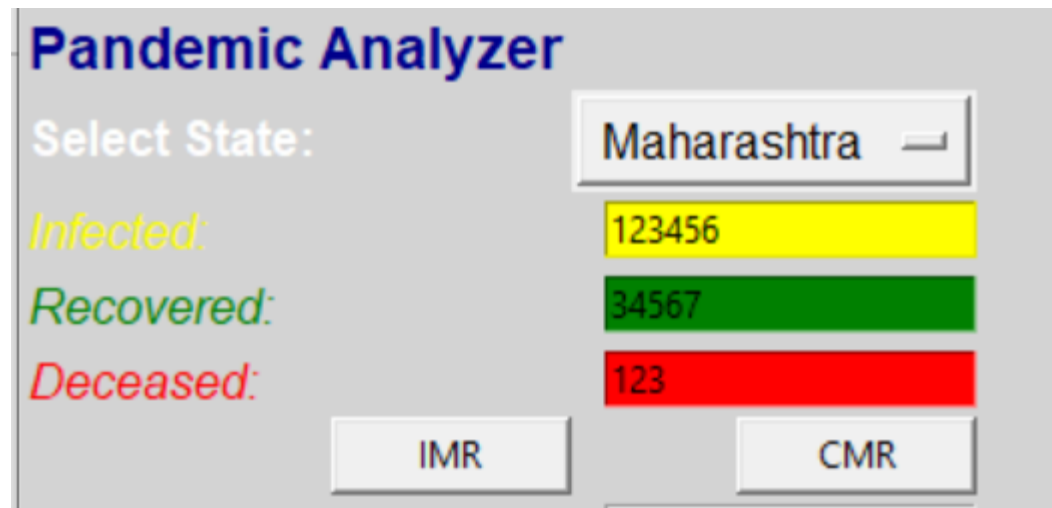
Flow diagram of tkinter





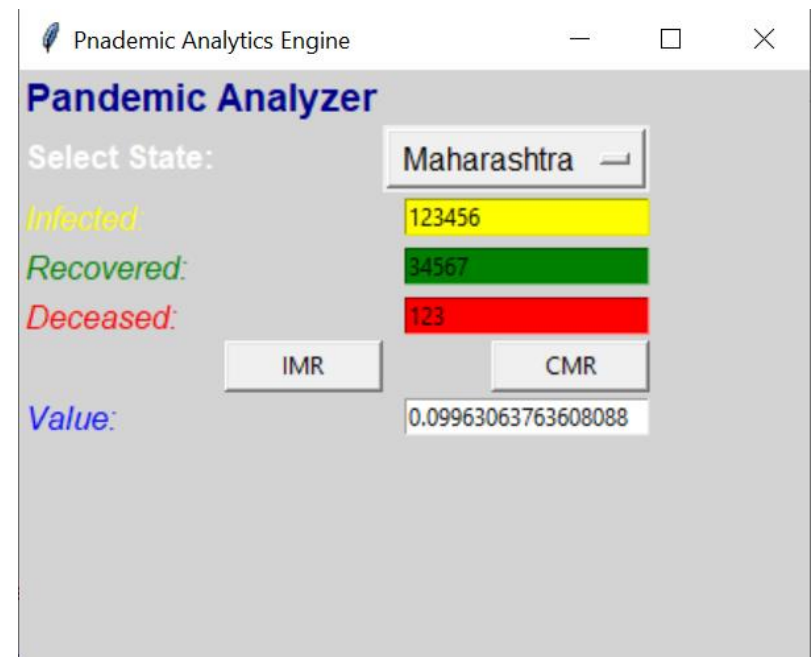
Widgets

- Widgets are similar in spirit to elements in HTML
- There is different types of widgets for different types of elements in the Tkinter.
- They are standard GUI elements and provide the user with controls like **buttons, text, menus, and text boxes**



Geometry Management

- All widgets in Tkinter have some **geometry** measurements.
- These **geometry** measurements allow you to organize the widgets and throughout the parent frames or parent widget area.
- Tkinter provides three main geometry manager classes:



Continue..

- **pack()**: It organizes the widgets in a block manner, and the complete available width is occupied by it. It's a conventional method to show the widgets in the window.
- **grid()**: It organizes the widgets in a table-like structure. You will learn about it in detail later in this tutorial.
- **place()**: Its purpose is to place the widgets at a specific position as instructed by the user in the parent widget.

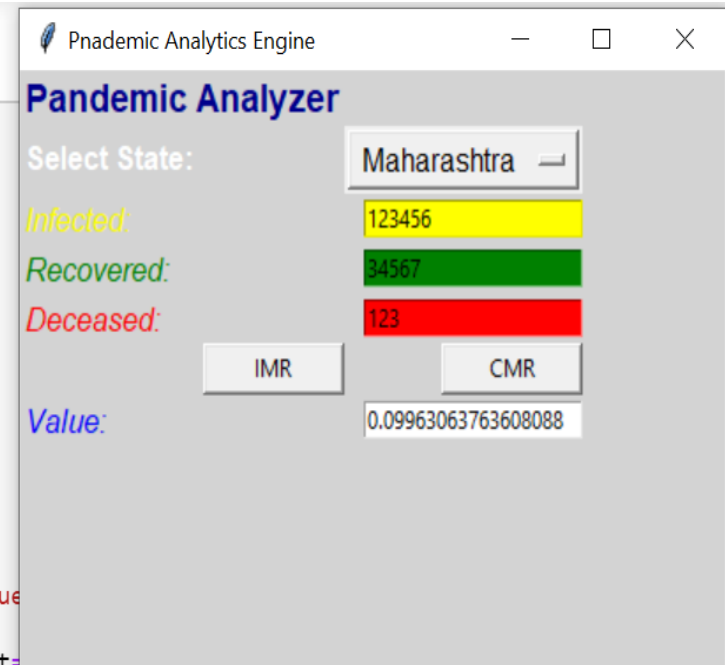
Create your own Pandemic Analyzer



Tkinter - GUI

```
In [*]: import tkinter as tk
StateList = ["Maharashtra", "Tamilnadu", "Delhi", "Rajasthan"]
inf=123456
reco=34567
dead=123
imr=0.09963063763608088
### MAIN LOOP
window = tk.Tk()
window.geometry('400x300')
window.title("Pnademic Analytics Engine")
# Window configuration
window.configure(background = 'light gray')

# Adding HEADING
Label(window, text = "Pandemic Analyzer", bg='light gray', fg='dark blue')
# Adding State Selector using OptionMenu widget
Label(window, text = "Select State:", bg='light gray', fg='white', font=
variable = tk.StringVar(window)
variable.set(StateList[0])
opt = tk.OptionMenu(window, variable, *StateList)
opt.config(width=10, font=('Helvetica', 12))
opt.grid(row=2, column=1, sticky = E)
# Adding DATA Entry
inf_ent = Entry(window, width=20, bg="yellow")
```





Take away...

- **PyGUI**
- **Overview of tkinter**
- **Creating GUI using tkinter**



Day 2

Session 3

□ Working with Data in Python