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QuestionID : 17811 Subject Name DBT

Q1. The Tool used to create package is called as ____

1. SQL
2. SQL *PLUS
3. Both
4. Nono of the above

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17822 Subject Name DBT

Q2. After executing an UPDATE statement, the developer codes a PL/SQL block to perform an operation based on SQL%ROWCOUNT. What data is returned by the SQL%ROWCOUNT operation?

1. A Boolean value representing the success or failure of the update
2. A numeric value representing the number of rows updated
3. A VARCHAR2 value identifying the name of the table updated
4. A LONG value containing all data from the table

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17853 Subject Name DBT

Q3. Rollback and Commit affect

1. Only DML statements
2. Only DDL statements
3. Both (a) and (b)
4. All statements executed in SQL*PLUS

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17864 Subject Name DBT

Q4. The value of INSTR('CALIFORNIA','A',1,2) is

1. 2
2. 1
3. 10
4. 9

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17879 Subject Name DBT

Q5. The number of users that can be handled by Oracle 8i server is approximately

1. 5000
2. 10000
3. 1000
4. 100000

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17939 Subject Name DBT

Q6. An entity is an

1. object with physical existence
2. object with conceptual existence
3. both
4. none

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17962 Subject Name DBT

Q7. A table having only one attribute as a key is always in _____.

1. First Normal Form
2. Second Normal Form
3. Third Normal Form
4. None of these

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17981 Subject Name DBT

Q8. Needs of Normalisation are

1. Improves database design
2. Ensures minium redundancy of data
3. Removes anomalies
4. All above

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17984 Subject Name DBT

Q9. In E-R Notation, multivalued attribute is represented by _____.

1. Ellipse
2. Dotted-Ellipse
3. Double-Ellipse
- 4.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 17999 Subject Name DBT

Q10. A view of database that appears to an application program is known as?

1. Report
2. subscheme
3. structure
4. Meta Data

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18000 Subject Name DBT

Q11. Which of the following statement is not valid for the view in SQL.

1. All view can not be updated
2. The view may be referenced in an SQL statement whenever tables are referenced
3. The views are instantiated at the time they are referenced and not when they are defined
4. The definition of the view should not included the GROUP BY clause.

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18074 Subject Name DBT

Q12. What is the difference between SQL99 and SQL3.

1. SQL99 is a predecessor of SQL3
2. SQL99 is a successor of SQL3
3. both are one and the same
4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18079 Subject Name DBT

Q13. Oracle can handle queries with depth of up to 255 levels.

1. TRUE
2. FALSE
- 3.
- 4.

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18149 Subject Name DBT

Q14. What is the order of execution of SQL clauses 1.having 2.group by 3.where 4.orderby

1. 1 2 3 4
2. 3 2 1 4
3. 2 3 4 1

4. 4 3 1 2

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18178 Subject Name DBT

Q15. The max length of varchar2 when used in table is

1. 16k
2. 32k
3. 4k
4. either B or C

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18180 Subject Name DBT

Q16. Implicit and Explicit cursor has attribute

1. %ISOPEN
2. %WASFOUND
3. %COLCOUNT
4. none of these

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18241 Subject Name DBT

Q17. Which of the following trigger types will be impacted by constraining factors brought on by mutating tables

1. row triggers only
2. statement trigger only
3. both statement and row triggers
4. neither row or statement triggers

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18265 Subject Name DBT

Q18. DBMS does not have --- model

1. hierarchical model
2. network model
3. relational model
4. hybrid model

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18268 Subject Name DBT

Q19. Which of the following statement is true about implicit cursors

1. implicit cursors are used for SQL statements that are not named.
2. implicit cursors are no longer a feature in oracle
3. both

4. all

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18275 Subject Name DBT

Q20. The maximum number of triggers(of different types) that can be created in Oracle 8i is

1. 12
2. >13
3. 13
4. >12

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18324 Subject Name DBT

Q21. A block from database buffer cache is marked as --- when modified.

1. Dirty
2. Modified
3. Mod
4. none of above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18338 Subject Name DBT

Q22. Data Dictionary is also known as _____

1. SYSTEM tablespace
2. USER tablespace
3. DATA tablespace
4. TOOL tablespace

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18382 Subject Name DBT

Q23. All binary relations are in BCNF

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18414 Subject Name DBT

Q24. A single trigger can be used for handling Insert/delete/update on a table

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18438 Subject Name DBT

Q25. The most serious drawback in the ER model is that it can not depict relationships

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18446 Subject Name DBT

Q26. The size of column in table cannot be decreased once a value is inserted in it

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18463 Subject Name DBT

Q27. When there are overlapping CANDIDATE KEYS in a relation then the relation is said to be in BCNF(Boyce Codd Normal Form).

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18478 Subject Name DBT

Q28. In Oracle, When U type a query, it instantly converts the table and column names to uppercase,& then checks for them in the dictionary.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18522 Subject Name DBT

Q29. The UNIQUE and FOREIGN keys cannot have NULL values

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18577 Subject Name DBT

Q30. count(expr) returns the number of rows where expr is not null

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18579 Subject Name DBT

Q31. A subquery can contain order by and for update of clauses.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18589 Subject Name DBT

Q32. Is it possible to create SYNONYM for function

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18674 Subject Name DBT

Q33. PL/SQL supports boolean data type.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18698 Subject Name DBT

Q34. the NOCACHE attribute is used for specifying LOB storage area

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18702 Subject Name DBT

Q35. A Cursor is a handle,or pointer to the context area.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18723 Subject Name DBT

Q36. Procedures and functions can be overloaded inside package

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18736 Subject Name DBT

Q37. Triggers are fired implicitly

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18760 Subject Name DBT

Q38. Database service information is available in listnrs.ora file

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18775 Subject Name DBT

Q39. server places commit record in the log buffer.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18826 Subject Name DBT

Q40. The LENGTH function returns the length of a word.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18854 Subject Name DBT

Q41. The SAVEPOINT attribute in the ROLLBACK statement is optional and is used to rollback partial transaction,as far as the specified savepoint.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18875 Subject Name DBT

Q42. The select...for update can be used with set operators and group by clause.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18893 Subject Name DBT

Q43. An Oracle Exception handler can be redirected to the executable section of the procedure or function.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18898 Subject Name DBT

Q44. A function or a procedure can return only one value to the calling PL/SQL code block.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18908 Subject Name DBT

Q45. Triggers are fired implicitly.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18917 Subject Name DBT

Q46. Clusters can used to store data from different tables in the same physical data blocks.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18918 Subject Name DBT

Q47. The PL/SQL block in the trigger can not contain transaction control SQL statements i.e. COMMIT,ROLLBACK,and SAVEPOINT.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18965 Subject Name DBT

Q48. The FLAGGER checks to make sure that SQL statements conform to the ANSI/ISO SQL92 standard.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18978 Subject Name DBT

Q49. The data for BLOB,CLOB and NCLOB datatype is stored outside the database.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 18982 Subject Name DBT

Q50. The TRIMS[POOL] attribute determines whether SQL*PLUS allows trailing blanks at the end of each spooled line.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :