

SunBeam Institute of Information Technology



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Hi dac112, You have scored: 1

QuestionID: 17836 Subject Name DBT

Q1. UPDATE OR DELETE ON SOCCER_FAN_SNACKS. Which two of

the following keywords may be useful in

your trigger source code to distinguish what should run, and when?

- 1. truncating
- 2. updating
- 3. deleting
- 4. B) and C)

Correct Answer: 4

Your Answer: 4

QuestionID: 17843 Subject Name DBT

Q2. The keys that can have NULL values are

- 1. Primary Key
- 2. Unique Key
- 3. Foreign Key
- 4. Both b and c

Correct Answer: 4

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 17860 Subject Name DBT

Q3. Oracle 8i can be best described as

- 1. Object-based DBMS
- 2. Object-oriented DBMS
- 3. Object-relational DBMS
- 4. Relational DBMS

Correct Answer: 3

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 17864 Subject Name DBT

Q4. The value of INSTR('CALIFORNIA','A',1,2) is

- 1. 2
- 2. 1
- 3. 10
- 4. 9

Correct Answer: 3

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QuestionID: 17872
                       Subject Name DBT
Q5. Oracle 8i runs on
  1. Windows NT
  2. UNIX
  3. Solaris
  4. (a), (b) and (c)
  Correct Answer: 4
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 17879
                       Subject Name DBT
Q6. The number of users that can be handled by Oracle 8i server is
approximately
  1. 5000
  2. 10000
  3. 1000
  4. 100000
  Correct Answer: 2
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 17883
                       Subject Name DBT
Q7. The name of the only column in the DUAL table is
  1. X
  2. C
  3. DUMMY
  4. None of these
  Correct Answer: 3
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 17911
                       Subject Name DBT
Q8. we need Denormalization mainly for
  1. better performance
  2. memory wastage
  3. reduce time complexity
  4. reduce space complexity
  Correct Answer: 1
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 17926
                       Subject Name DBT
                     Edition of ORACLE is used for Notebook
computers(Laptops).
  1. Personal Edition
  2. Standard Edition
  3. Enterprise Edition
  4. Oracle Lite
```

Correct Answer: 4

Your Answer: QuestionID: 17927 Subject Name DBT Q10. Symbol used to denote derived attribute in ER Diagram is 1. Diamond 2. Ellipse 3. Dotted Ellipse 4. Rectangle **Correct Answer: 3** Your Answer: QuestionID: 17932 Subject Name DBT Q11. The Candidate key which is not a Primary key is called as 1. Super Key 2. Froeign Key 3. Alternate Key 4. None of above **Correct Answer: 3** Your Answer: QuestionID: 17934 Subject Name DBT Q12. DML statements in a query language are translated into low level instruction by 1. Embeded DML Compiler 2. DML Compiler 3. Query Processor 4. Query Evaluation Engine **Correct Answer: 2** Your Answer: QuestionID: 17955 Subject Name DBT Q13. Microsoft Access identifies the columns(attributes) as: 1. table 2. record 3. field 4. tuples **Correct Answer: 3** Your Answer: OuestionID: 17962 Subject Name DBT Q14. A table having only one attribute as a key is always in

- 1. First Normal Form
- 2. Second Normal Form
- 3. Third Normal Form
- 4. None of these

Correct Answer: 2

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 17971 Subject Name DBT

- Q15. ----requires no transitive dependaecy.
 - 1. First normal form
 - 2. second normal form
 - 3. Third normal form
 - 4. BCNF

Correct Answer: 3

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 17977 Subject Name DBT

Q16. Level of Abstraction, describes what data are stored in database and what relationship among these data.

- 1. Physical
- 2. Logical
- 3. View
- 4. None of above

Correct Answer: 2

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 17981 Subject Name DBT

Q17. Needs of Normalisation are

- 1. Improves database design
- 2. Ensures minium redundancy of data
- 3. Removes anomalies
- 4. All above

Correct Answer: 4

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18012 Subject Name DBT

Q18. Which is not a Set operator.

- 1. Union
- 2. Intersect
- 3. Join
- 4. Minus

Correct Answer: 3

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18015 Subject Name DBT

Q19. Which command is used to change or modify data values in a table?

- 1. modify
- 2. alter
- 3. change
- 4. None of above

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Correct Answer: 1
  Your Answer:
OuestionID: 18024
                        Subject Name DBT
Q20. In a query with GROUP BY clause, the column in SELECT clause
  1. must be aggregate function
  2. must appear in GROUP BY clause
  3. both (1) and (2)
  4. can be selected arbitrarily
  Correct Answer: 3
  Your Answer:
                        Subject Name DBT
OuestionID: 18038
Q21. Which of the following operators has the highest precedence?
  1. Arithmetic
  2. Comparison
  3. Logical
  4. All have same precedence
  Correct Answer: 2
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 18048
                       Subject Name DBT
Q22. How many types of join are there
  1. 3
  2. 6
  3. 5
  4. 4
  Correct Answer: 4
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 18049
                        Subject Name DBT
Q23. which of the following is auto committed
  1. insert
  2. delete
  3. update
  4. truncate
  Correct Answer: 4
  Your Answer:
OuestionID: 18056
                        Subject Name DBT
Q24. Which SQL commands are used to create, modify and delete database
structure but not data?
  1. DDL
  2. DML
```

3. DCL4. DOL

```
Correct Answer: 1
```

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18063 Subject Name DBT

Q25. the SQL*pluse environment variable are grouped according to their

- 1. functionaly
- 2. both
- 3. portable
- 4. none

Correct Answer: 1

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18087 Subject Name DBT

Q26. EDIT or ED command places the contents of the query buffer in a file named by default

- 1. AFEIDT.BUF
- 2. ATFIED.BUF
- 3. AFIEDT.BUF
- 4. AETIED.BUF

Correct Answer: 3

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18091 Subject Name DBT

Q27. Which constraint state prevents new data that violates the constraint from being entered, but allows invalid data to exist in the table?

- 1. ENABLE VALIDATE
- 2. DISABLE VALIDATE
- 3. ENABLE NOVALIDATE
- 4. DISABLE NOVALIDATE

Correct Answer: 3

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18100 Subject Name DBT

Q28. The table that defines the primary key and is referenced by the foreign key is called

- 1. primary table
- 2. master table
- 3. all of the above
- 4. none of the above.

Correct Answer: 3

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18102 Subject Name DBT

Q29. INITCAP(sunbeam) returns

1. sUNBEAM

- 2. SUNBEAM
- 3. SunBEAM
- 4. Sunbeam

Correct Answer: 4

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18165 Subject Name DBT

Q30. The SOCCER_FANS table has a trigger associated with it that inserts data into SOCCER_FANS_SNACKS whenever rows are inserted into SOCCER_FANS. A foreign key constraint exists between FAN_ID on SOCCER_FANS and SOCCER_FANS_SNACKS. What happens when the trigger fires?

- 1. The trigger processes normally
- 2. The trigger invalidates
- 3. The trigger execution fails because of a mutating or constraining table
- 4. The trigger execution succeds because the trigger is a statement trigger

Correct Answer: 3

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18180 Subject Name DBT

- Q31. Implicit and Explicit cursor has attribute
 - 1. %ISOPEN
 - 2. %WASFOUND
 - 3. %COLCOUNT
 - 4. none of these

Correct Answer: 1

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18192 Subject Name DBT

Q32. Which procedure can be used to create a customised error message.

- 1. RAISE ERROR
- 2. SQLERRM
- 3. RAISE APPLICATION ERROR
- 4. RAISE SERVER ERROR

Correct Answer: 3

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18203 Subject Name DBT

Q33. For which trigger timing can U reference NEW and OLD qualifiers

- 1. statement and Row
- 2. Statment only
- 3. Row only
- 4. Oracle forms Trigger

Correct Answer: 3

QuestionID: 18209 Subject Name DBT Q34. The RAISE APPLICATION ERROR() procedure defines error returned in which of the following numeric ranges. 1. -00000 and -99999 2. -01200 and -01299 3. -00030 and -00039 4. -20000 and -20999 **Correct Answer: 4** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18219 Subject Name DBT Q35. Procedure have parameters like 1. IN 2. OUT 3. INOUT 4. ALL OF ABOVE **Correct Answer: 4** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18222 Subject Name DBT Q36. are masks placed upon tables. 1. Views 2. Sequences 3. Tables 4. Indexes **Correct Answer: 1** Your Answer: OuestionID: 18259 Subject Name DBT Q37. SGA stands For -----1. Source Group Area 2. Shared Group Area 3. Shared Global Area 4. Source Group Area **Correct Answer: 3** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18268 Subject Name DBT Q38. Which of the following statement is true about implicit cursors 1. implicit cursors are used for SQL statements that are not named. 2. implicit cursors are no longer a feature in oracle 3. both

Correct Answer: 1

Your Answer:

4. all

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QuestionID: 18295
                       Subject Name DBT
Q39. The number of user that can be handled by Oracle 8i server is
approximately
  1. 5000
  2. 10000
  3. 1000
  4. 100000
  Correct Answer: 2
  Your Answer:
OuestionID: 18297
                       Subject Name DBT
Q40. Background process used to recover process failure is
  1. lgwr
  2. smon
  3. pmon
  4. arch
  Correct Answer: 3
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 18309
                       Subject Name DBT
Q41. store procedure is store in
  1. data dictionary
  2. library cache
  3. log buffer chache
  4. none
  Correct Answer: 2
  Your Answer:
OuestionID: 18345
                       Subject Name DBT
Q42. Standard port number at which oracle server listens for client request is
  1. 8080
  2. 7071
  3. 1521
  4. 1999
  Correct Answer: 4
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 18365
                       Subject Name DBT
Q43. 2NF applies only to the tables with composite primary keys
  Correct Answer: T
  Your Answer:
QuestionID: 18378
                       Subject Name DBT
Q44. Reserved words of SQL can be used.
  Correct Answer: T
  Your Answer:
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QuestionID: 18394 Subject Name DBT

Q45. Predefined exceptions need not be declared but need to be raised explicitly.

Correct Answer: F Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18399 Subject Name DBT

Q46. The size of a column in a table cannot be decreased once a value is inserted in it

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18403 Subject Name DBT

Q47. ROWID is the only pseudo column in any Oracle table

Correct Answer: F
Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18429 Subject Name DBT

Q48. The database files are fixed in size and never grow bigger than the size at which they were created

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18430 Subject Name DBT

Q49. The Redo log files are fixed in size and never grow bigger than the size at which they were created

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18433 Subject Name DBT

Q50. Oracle reserved words can be used for naming a table.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18440 Subject Name DBT O51. Two oracle blocks have same address

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18441 Subject Name DBT

Q52. Truncate removes all records from a table, including all spaces allocated for the records are removed.

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18456 Subject Name DBT

Q53. Business rules, which are enforced on data begin stored in a table are called Constraints.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer:
QuestionID: 18469
Q54. Attribute is a pro-

Subject Name DBT

Q54. Attribute is a property which describe the entity

Correct Answer: T Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18470 Subject Name DBT

Q55. When implementing object relational database applications, the

relational database design methods are first used

Correct Answer: T Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18481 Subject Name DBT

Q56. Referential Integrity states that primary key cannot have Null value.

Correct Answer: F Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18521 Subject Name DBT

Q57. the join that combines every row(no matter matching or nonmatching)of both the tables is a full join

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18531 Subject Name DBT Q58. DECODE is a value by value substitution

Correct Answer: T Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18535 Subject Name DBT Q59. user can not do DDL actions on synonym

Correct Answer: T Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18543 Subject Name DBT

Q60. !=,<>,^= all denote same operation

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18544 Subject Name DBT

Q61. In order to select data that is within a range of values, the "IN

BETWEEN" operator is used

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18547 Subject Name DBT

Q62. Minus operator returns all distinct rows selected by first query.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18552 Subject Name DBT

Q63. SQL is a language that provides an interface to relational database systems. **Correct Answer: T** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18580 Subject Name DBT Q64. Generally Denormalisation is used when there is data warehousing **Correct Answer: T** Your Answer: OuestionID: 18597 Subject Name DBT Q65. ROOT function returs square root of a numeric value **Correct Answer: F** Your Answer: OuestionID: 18646 Subject Name DBT Q66. In Oracle all group functions ignore nulls. **Correct Answer: F** Your Answer: OuestionID: 18681 Subject Name DBT Q67. Scope of cursor parameters is local to that cursor only. **Correct Answer: T** Your Answer: Subject Name DBT QuestionID: 18691 Q68. Can PL/SQL application work on window if there is no oracle installed **Correct Answer: F** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18713 Subject Name DBT Q69. Row level trigger execute once for any number of rows executed. Correct Answer: F Your Answer: QuestionID: 18719 Subject Name DBT Q70. Userdefined cursors are called as implicit cursors. **Correct Answer: F** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18732 Subject Name DBT Q71. If PL/SQL code block are used for loading and calculating variables, then the power of oracle engine is used. **Correct Answer: F** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18737 Subject Name DBT Q72. You can even create trigger to prevent users from dropping their own

Correct Answer: T

tables

Result:- SunBeam Infotech Pvt LTD, Pune Your Answer: QuestionID: 18738 Subject Name DBT Q73. You can call strored procedures within the triggers **Correct Answer: T** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18751 Subject Name DBT Q74. Only INSTEAD OF Trigger can be applied to view **Correct Answer: T** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18777 Subject Name DBT Q75. BEFORE and AFTER apply to only the statement triggers. **Correct Answer: F** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18793 Subject Name DBT Q76. All table columns belong to a single record. **Correct Answer: T** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18794 Subject Name DBT Q77. In the insert into SQL sentence table columns & values have a one to many relationship. Correct Answer: F Your Answer: QuestionID: 18795 Subject Name DBT Q78. The SELECT DISTINCT SQL syntax scans through entire rows, & eliminates rows that have exactly the same contents in each column. **Correct Answer: T** Your Answer: OuestionID: 18798 Subject Name DBT Q79. The MODIFY command is used to change or modify data values in a table. **Correct Answer: F** Your Answer: QuestionID: 18805 Subject Name DBT Q80. Oracle ignores any UNIQUE ,FOREIGN KEY ,CHECK constraints on a NULL value. **Correct Answer: T**

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18810 Subject Name DBT

Q81. The USER CONSTRAINTS command displays only the column

names, data type, size and the NOT NULL constraint.

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18820 Subject Name DBT

Q82. The second parameter in the ROUND function specifies the number of digits after the decimal point.

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18827 Subject Name DBT

Q83. Actual data manipulation,retrieval,looping and branching constructs are specified in the declare section.

Correct Answer: F

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18831 Subject Name DBT

Q84. NOT NULL causes creation of variable or constant that can not have null value.

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18832 Subject Name DBT

Q85. The string literals should not be enclosed with in single quotes.

Correct Answer: F

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18870 Subject Name DBT

Q86. The Oracle engine places shared lock on a table or a specific sections of the tables resourses when data is being return to a table.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18875 Subject Name DBT

Q87. The select...for update can be used with set operators and group by clause.

Correct Answer: F

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18883 Subject Name DBT

Q88. Data files are the files used by the Oracle engine to store user data.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18907 Subject Name DBT

Q89. Recompiling a package does not recompile all objects defined within package.

Correct Answer: F

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18908 Subject Name DBT

Q90. Trigers are fired implicitly.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18912 Subject Name DBT

Q91. The order in which data is retrieved is dependent upon the indexes created on the table.

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18934 Subject Name DBT

Q92. The NOCACHE attribute is used for specifying LOB storage area.

Correct Answer: F

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18939 Subject Name DBT

Q93. In ALTER SNAPSHOT the FORCE parameter causes the system to first try a FAST, and if this is not possible, then a COMPLETE.

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18945 Subject Name DBT

Q94. The AUTOT[RACE] {OFF|TRACE[ONLY]} [EXP[LAIN]]

[STAT[ISTICS]] attributes displays report on execution of sucessful SQL DML statemnt(SELECT ,INSERT,UPDATE OR DELETE).

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18949 Subject Name DBT

Q95. BLO[CKTERMINATOR] sets the non-alphanumeric character used to end PL/SQL blocks to character expression.

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18957 Subject Name DBT

Q96. SQLBL[ANKLINES] attributes controls whether SQL*Plus blank lines within a SQL command.

Correct Answer: T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18959 Subject Name DBT

Q97. SQLN[UMBER] attribute sets the prompt for the second and subsequent lines of a SQL command or PL/SQL block.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18979 Subject Name DBT Q98. A row object is same as a column objects.

Correct Answer: F

QuestionID: 18986 Subject Name DBT

Q99. A datatype describes data, it does not store data.

Correct Answer: T Your Answer:

QuestionID: 18989 Subject Name DBT

Q100. When implementing object-relational database application, the

relational database design methods are first used.

Correct Answer : T