```
Example 1:
public class MyClass {
public static void main(String args[]) {
int i = 10;
System.out.println(i);
System.out.println(j);
}
}
Output
13
-13
Example 2:
public class MyClass {
public static void main(String args[]) {
```

```
int i = 10;
int j = i++ +-i++ +-i++ + +++i;
System.out.println(i);
System.out.println(j);
}
}
Output:
15
-15
Types Of Variables in java:
1. local variable
2. static variable
3. non static variable
4. Reference variable - refeence variable stores objects address
Syntax
notepad
```

```
Datattype: Class Name
Value is being stored through new keyword
Local reference variable:
This variables are created inside a method and should be used only within created method.
Example 1:
public class A {
public static void main(String args[]) {
A a1 = new A();//a1 is local to main method
System.out.println(a1);
a1.test();
}
public void test(){
System.out.println(a1);
  //Error
}
```

```
Output: Error because a1 is local reference variable and should not be used outside created method
Example 2:
public class A {
public static void main(String args[]) {
A a1 ;
System.out.println(a1);
}
}
Output: Error because we should not use a1 without initializing it as this variable is local
static reference variable:
Static reference has global access and these variables can be used any where in the program
Example 1:
public class A {
```

}

```
static A a1 = new A();
public static void main(String args[]) {
System.out.println(a1);
a1.test();
}
public void test(){
System.out.println(a1);
}
Output:
A@7960847b
A@7960847b
```

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