Name: Time: 45 | MM: 30

```
1. Numpy arrays can be
(a) indexed
                          (b) sliced
                                                    (c) iterated
                                                                              (d) All of these
import numpy as np
a=np.array([2,4,1])
b=a.copy()
a[1]=3
print(b)
(a) [2 4 1]
                                                    (c) [3 4 1]
                                                                              (d) [2 4 3]
                          (b) [2 3 1]
3.
import numpy as np
 a=np.array([2,4,1])
b=np.array([3,5])
c=a+b
print(c)
(a) [2 4 1 3 5]
                          (b) [5 9 1]
                                                    (c) 15
                                                                              (d) Error
import numpy as np
a=np.array([2,4])
b=np.array([3,5])
c=a*b
print(c)
(a) [2435]
                          (b) [6 20]
                                                    (c) [6 12 10 20]
                                                                              (d) [26]
5.
import numpy as np
a = np.arange(1,3,.5)
print(a)
(a) [1 2 3]
                          (b) [1. 1.5 2. 2.5]
                                                    (c) [1. 1.5 2. 2.5 3]
                                                                              (d) [1 1.5 2 2.5 3]
6.
import numpy as np
 a = np.arange(1,5,2)
 print(a)
(a) [135]
                          (b) [13]
                                                    (c) [1,3]
                                                                              (d) [1,2,3,4,5]
import numpy as np a = np.arange(5,1) print(a)
                          (b) [12345]
                                                    (c) [54321]
                                                                              (d) [1234]
(a) []
import numpy as np
a = np.array([1, 5, 4, 7, 8])
a = a + 1
print(a[1])
(a) 4
                          (b) 5
                                                    (c) 6
                                                                              (d)7
import numpy as np
a = np.array([2, 3, 4, 5])
b = np.arange(4)
print(a+b)
(a) [2345]
                                                    (c) [1234]
                                                                              (d) [2468]
                          (b) [3 4 5 6]
10.
import numpy as np
a = np.array([1,2,3,5,8])
b = np.array([0,1,5,4,2])
c = a + b
c = c*a
print (c[2])
                                                    (c) 0
                                                                              (d) 20
(a) 6
                          (b) 24
11.
import numpy as np
y = np.array([[11, 12, 13, 14], [32, 33, 34, 35]])
print(y.ndim)
(a) 1
                          (b) 2
                                                    (c) 3
                                                                              (d) 0
```

(a) dimension of the array	(b) Size of array	(c) Operational activities on Matrix	(d) None of the mentioned above
13. The most important of (a) ndarray	object defined in NumPy is (b) narray	s an N- dimensional array (c) nd.array	type called? (d) None of these
•		, ,	
(a) 89	g arrays is a two dimension (b) [1,2,3,4]	(c) [1,2,3], [3,4,5], [1,3,4]	(d) [[235][456][456]]
	tax to check the number o (b) array_name.ndim()		(d) array_name.dim
16. What is a correct syntax to print the numbers [3, 4, 5] from the array below:			
arr = np.array ([1,2,3, (a) print(arr[2:4])		(c) print(arr[2:6])	(d) print(arr[3:6])
17. In NumPy, what does the SHAPE of an array mean?			
(a) the shape is the number of rows	(b) the shape is the number of columns	(c) the shape is the number of element in each dimension	(d) Total number of elements in array
18. Regarding creating n(a) np.array()	darray, choose the build in (b) np.zeros()	functions in numpy. (c) np.empty()	(d) All of the above
19. What are the attributes of numpy array?			
(a) shape, dtype, ndim	(b) objects, type, list	(c) objects, non vectorization	(d) Unicode and shape
20. What is zeros() funct (a) make a matrix with all elements 0		(c) make a matrix with diagonal elements 0	(d) All of the above
21. How to import numpy module?			
(a) from numpy import *		(c) import numpy as my_numpy	(d) All of above
22. What does size attribute in numpy use to find?			
	(b) Size of each items in array	(c) Number of elements in array	(d) Largest element of an array
23. NumPY stands for?			
(a) Numbering python	(b) Number in python	(c) Numerical python	(d) Number for python
24. Numpy developed by (a) Guido van rossum		(a) Tim Parnar las	(d) W2Coboolo
•	(b) Travis olliphant	(c) Tim Berner lee	(d) W3Schools
25. What is a correct met (a) np.concatenate()	thod to join two or more ar (b) np.join()	rays? (c) np.array_join()	(d) np.join_array()
26. What is the purpose of the np.array() function in NumPy?			
(a) It creates a new Python list.	(b) It creates a NumPy array.	(c) It performs elementwise addition.	(d) It calculates the mean of an array.
27. Numpy array's dimension are known as			
(a) axis	(b) degree	(c) coordinates	(d) points
28. What is the primary purpose of NumPy in Python?			
(a) Web development	(b) Machine learning and Scientific computing		(d) Database management
29. NumPy arrays used over lists because			
(a) NumPy arrays have contiguous memory location	(b) They are more speedy to work with	(c) They are more convenient to deal with	(d) All of the above
30. empty() function used to create a NumPy array which contained the values			
(a) Filled with Zero	(b) Filled with Blank	(c) Filled with random garbage value	(d) Filled with One
	space	uai paut vaiut	

12. Using ndim we can find