

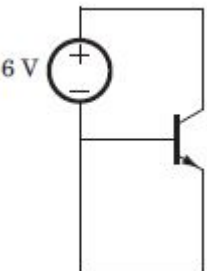


Roll No:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

B. TECH
(SEM-V) THEORY EXAMINATION 2020-21
ADVANCE SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

Time: 3 Hours**Total Marks: 100****Note: 1.** Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.**SECTION A****1. Attempt all questions in brief.****2 x 10 = 20**

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	A diode has reverse saturation current $I_s = 10^{-10}$ A and non ideality factor $n = 2$. If diode voltage is 0.9 V, Calculate the diode current.	2	
b.	Explain MESFETs in brief.	2	
c.	Determine the region of operation for the transistor shown in circuit. 	2	
d.	Discuss Thyristors in brief.	2	
e.	What are Charge-Coupled Devices?	2	
f.	Six volts is applied across a 2 cm long semiconductor bar. The average drift velocity is 10^4 cm/s. Calculate the electron mobility.	2	
g.	What are Nonvolatile Memory Devices?	2	
h.	Explain MODFETs in brief.	2	
i.	What is the difference between Schottky Diode and conventional P-N junction diode?	2	
j.	List two properties of Magnetic Sensors.	2	

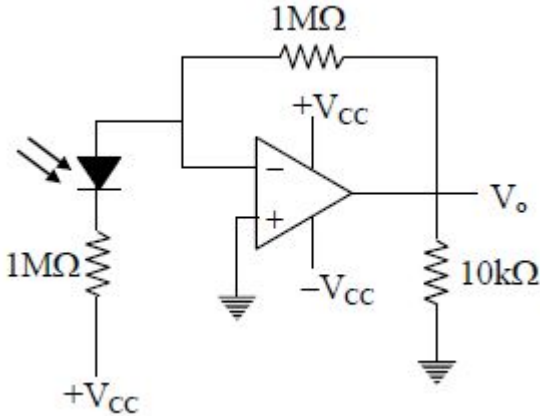
SECTION B**2. Attempt any three of the following:**

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Derive an expression for thermal equilibrium concentration of holes in the valence band of semiconductor.	10	
b.	Consider a silicon p-n junction with a uniform acceptor doping concentration of 10^{17} cm^{-3} on the p-side and a uniform donor doping concentration of 10^{16} cm^{-3} on the n-side. No external voltage is applied to the diode. Given: $kT/q = 26 \text{ mV}$, $n_i = 1.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $\epsilon_{si} = 12\epsilon_o$, $\epsilon_o = 8.85 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F/m}$, and $q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$. Calculate the charge per unit junction area (nC cm ⁻²) in the depletion region on the p-side	10	
c.	Explain IMPATT Diodes with Static Characteristics and Dynamic Characteristics. In case IMPATT Diode having carrier drift velocity $V_d = 4 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}$, drift region length, $L = 12 \mu\text{m}$, breakdown voltage is 90v, maximum operating voltage is 100v, maximum operating current is 100mA, efficiency	10	



Roll No:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

	n=10%. Determine the resonant frequency and maximum CW Output power.		
d.	What are transferred Electron devices? Explain the working of any one of them.	10	
e.	<p>What is responsivity? A p-i-n photo diode of responsivity 0.8A/W is connected to the inverting input of an ideal op-amp as shown in the figure, $+V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$, $-V_{CC} = -15\text{V}$, load resistor $R_L = 10\text{ kohm}$. If $10\mu\text{W}$ of power is incident on the photodiode, then Calculate the value of the photocurrent (in μA) through the load.</p> 	10	

SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	<p>A silicon abrupt junction has dopant concentration $N_a = 2 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ and $N_d = 2 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$. The applied reverse bias voltage is $V_R = 8 \text{ V}$.</p> <p>(i) Calculate the maximum electric field E_{MAX} in depletion region is</p> <p>(ii) Calculate the space charge region</p>	10	
b.	What do you mean by Rectifying contact? State the condition for which the junction between a metal and n-type semiconductor will work as a rectifying contact. Draw the energy band diagram of rectifying contact formed between a metal and n-type semiconductor at equilibrium condition.	10	

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	The current gain of the transistor shown in the circuit is $\beta = 100$. Calculate the values of Q-point (I_{CQ} , V_{CEQ}).	10	



Roll No:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

b.	Discuss briefly the principle of operation of JFET. Also derive an expression for the I-V Characteristics of the device.	10	

5. Attempt any one part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Explain the operation of Tunnel diode. Draw the I-V characteristics of diode. List applications of Tunnel diode.	10	
b.	Describe the working of BARITT Diode with diagram & mathematical expressions.	10	

6. Attempt any one part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	List some Applications of Light Emitting Diode. A GaAs PN junction LED has following parameters $D_n=25 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$, $D_p=12 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$, $N_d=5 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $N_a=10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $\tau_{no} = 10 \text{ ns}$, $\tau_{po} = 10 \text{ ns}$. Calculate the injection efficiency of the LED.	10	
b.	Write short notes on (i) Light Emitting Diode (ii) P-N Junction Solar Cell (iii) Double Hetero-structure LASER diode.	10	

7. Attempt any one part of the following:

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Explain the working of photo-diode with I-V Characteristics.	10	
b.	What is Sensor? Distinguish between Thermal Sensors and Mechanical Sensors.	10	