



PAPER ID-411141

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Subject Code: KIT052

Roll No:

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B.TECH
(SEM V) THEORY EXAMINATION 2021-22
COMPILER DESIGN

Time: 3 Hours**Total Marks: 100****Note: 1.** Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.**2 x 10 = 20**

- a. Explain the role of parser in compiler design.
- b. What is meant by Dead code elimination?
- c. What is LR(k) parsing?
- d. Write Regular Expression for specifying Identifiers and Constants of C.
- e. List the three kinds of intermediate representation.
- f. Differentiate constant propagation and variable propagation.
- g. Explain inherited translation.
- h. Write the difference between syntax and semantic analysis.
- i. Write three address code for the expression $a := 6 * 2 + 7$.
- j. Define common sub expressions?

SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:**10 x 3 = 30**

- a. Construct the SLR parse table for the following Grammar.

$$S \rightarrow AaAb$$
$$S \rightarrow BbBa$$
$$A \rightarrow \epsilon$$
$$B \rightarrow \epsilon$$

- b. Differentiate between S- attribute SDT and L-attribute SDT with suitable example.
- c. Write down techniques to recover errors from LR parser. Explain with an example
- d. What is the pass of a compiler? Explain how the single and multi pass compiler work.
- e. Generate three address code for the following code segment.

$$\text{for } (i=1; i \leq 10; i++)$$
$$\text{If } (c < d) \text{ then } x = y + z$$



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SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

a. Draw a DAG for the expression:

$$a + a * (b - c) + (b - c) * d.$$

b. Construct the NFA and DFA for the following regular expression.
(a+b)* abb.

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

a. Discuss the following terms:

- i. Loop jamming
- ii. Loop unrolling
- iii. Constant folding

b. Explain the following with example: i) Quadqaples ii) Triples iii) Indirect triple

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

a. Generate three address code for the following code segment. There are four bytes per word:

```
sum=0;
for(j=1;j<=20;i++)
sum = sum+ a[j]+ b[j];
```

b. How will you determine with the help of a parse tree, that the given grammar is ambiguous? Explain with example.

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

a. What is Symbol Table? Explain in detail about its contents and data structure.

b. Explain why Bottom up parsing is more generally applicable then Top down parsing.

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10

a. What are the various storage management techniques available for symbol table? Explain these with the help of suitable programming example.

b. Construct the predictive parsing table for the following grammar:

```
S → A
A → aB / Ad
B → Bbc/f
C → g
```