

## H.T No

## Sreenidhi Institute of Science and Technology

Regulations:

вс

CO(s)

Marks

(An Autonomous Institution)

Code No: 7HC16 Date: 30-Aug-2021(FN)

B.Tech II-Year II- Semester External Examination, Aug/Sept-2021 (Regular)
MATHEMATICS-II (Differential Calculus) - (CSE, IT and ECM)

Time: 3 Hours Max.Marks:70

Note: a) No additional answer sheets will be provided.

- b) All sub-parts of a question must be answered at one place only, otherwise it will not be valued.
- c) Missing data can be assumed suitably.

## ANSWER ANY 5 OUT OF 8 QUESTIONS, EACH QUESTION CARRIES 14 MARKS.

## **Bloom's Cognitive Levels of Learning (BCLL)**

Remember	L1	Apply	L3	Evaluate	L5
Understand	L2	Analyze	L4	Create	L6

- 1. a) Show that u=x+y+z, v=xy+yz+zx,  $w=x^2+y^2+z^2$  are functionally dependent L3 CO1 [7M] and hence find the relation between them.
  - b) A rectangular box open at the top is to have volume of 32 cubic feet. Find the L5 CO1 [7M] dimensions of the box requiring least material for its construction.
- 2. a) Solve  $\left(1+e^{\frac{x}{y}}\right)dx+\left(1-\frac{x}{y}\right)e^{\frac{x}{y}}dy=0$ 
  - b) A body is originally at  $80^{\circ}c$  and cools down to  $60^{\circ}c$  in 20 minutes. If the <sup>L4 CO2</sup> [7M] temperature of the air is  $40^{\circ}c$ , find the temperature of the body after 40 minutes.
- 3. a) Solve the differential equation  $(D^2 5D + 6) = e^x sinx$ b) Solve  $(D \dot{c} \dot{c} 2 + 4) y = \tan 2x \dot{c}$  by the method of variation of parameters

  L3 CO3 [7M]
- 4. a) Find root of the equation  $f(x) = e^x 3x$  using Newton Raphson method that L3 CO4 [7M] lies between 0 and 1.
  - b) Find the polynomial f(x) by using Lagrange's formulae and hence find f(3) L3 CO4 [7M] x: 0 1 2 3 y: 2 3 12 147
- 5. a) Using Taylor's series method, find an approximate value of y at x=0.2 for the  $^{L4}$   $^{CO5}$  [7M] differential equation  $y'-2y=3e^x$  for y (0) = 0.
  - b) Find y (0.1) using Runge- Kutta fourth order formula , given that  $y' = x + x^2 y$  L4 CO5 [7M]

and 
$$y(0) = 1$$

6. a) 
$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s(s+2)^3}\right\}$$

b) State Convolution theorem on Laplace Transform and hence find the Inverse CO6 Laplace Transform of  $\frac{1}{s(s^2+a^2)}$ 

7. a) If 
$$u = log \left( \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y} \right)$$
, prove that  $xu_x + yu_y = 1$ 

b) Solve 
$$x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x$$

c) Solve 
$$(D^3+1)_{y=\cos 2x}$$

- a) If  $x^3-x-4=0$ , then by Bisection method find first two approximations  $x_0 \wedge x_1$ CO4 [5M]
  - If  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x y$ , y (0) = 1 find y (0.1) by Euler's method. CO<sub>5</sub> [5M]
  - Find the Laplace Transform of  $\left(\frac{sint}{t}\right)$ L3 CO6 [4M]