



Applied Statistics Using R **(MCA232)**

Practical 1

BY

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SUBMITTED TO

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Download a data set with at
least 100 entries and a minimum 4 numeric variables.

Load the Dataset

```
> data <- read.csv("HUBC_stock_data.csv")  
> data
```

	x	open	high	low	close	adjclose	volume	ticker
1	03-01-2022	98.40	98.40	98.40	98.40	98.40	1000	HUBC
2	04-01-2022	98.40	98.40	98.40	98.40	98.40	0	HUBC
3	05-01-2022	98.80	99.00	98.70	98.90	98.90	90090	HUBC
4	06-01-2022	99.10	99.10	98.90	99.00	99.00	38390	HUBC
5	07-01-2022	99.00	99.30	98.80	99.20	99.20	54640	HUBC
6	10-01-2022	99.10	99.20	99.00	99.00	99.00	11510	HUBC
7	11-01-2022	99.00	99.20	99.00	99.00	99.00	4920	HUBC
8	12-01-2022	99.00	99.20	99.00	99.20	99.20	110	HUBC
9	13-01-2022	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	60	HUBC
10	14-01-2022	99.10	99.30	99.10	99.20	99.20	5700	HUBC
11	18-01-2022	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	0	HUBC
12	19-01-2022	99.20	99.50	99.20	99.50	99.50	48350	HUBC
13	20-01-2022	99.30	99.30	99.30	99.30	99.30	80	HUBC
14	21-01-2022	99.10	99.15	98.90	98.90	98.90	610	HUBC
15	24-01-2022	99.00	99.10	99.00	99.00	99.00	390	HUBC
16	25-01-2022	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	0	HUBC
17	26-01-2022	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	0	HUBC
18	27-01-2022	99.00	99.10	98.60	98.60	98.60	8800	HUBC
19	28-01-2022	99.00	99.20	99.00	99.20	99.20	680	HUBC
20	31-01-2022	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	0	HUBC
21	01-02-2022	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	0	HUBC
22	02-02-2022	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	3200	HUBC
23	03-02-2022	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	0	HUBC
24	04-02-2022	99.10	99.10	99.10	99.10	99.10	4350	HUBC
25	07-02-2022	99.10	99.10	99.10	99.10	99.10	0	HUBC
26	08-02-2022	99.10	99.10	99.10	99.10	99.10	0	HUBC
27	09-02-2022	99.30	99.40	99.30	99.35	99.35	12130	HUBC
28	10-02-2022	99.30	99.50	99.30	99.50	99.50	17560	HUBC
29	11-02-2022	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	0	HUBC
30	14-02-2022	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	0	HUBC
31	15-02-2022	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	0	HUBC
32	16-02-2022	99.40	99.40	99.40	99.40	99.40	24060	HUBC
33	17-02-2022	99.40	99.40	99.30	99.40	99.40	30080	HUBC
34	18-02-2022	99.40	99.40	99.40	99.40	99.40	0	HUBC
35	22-02-2022	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	1050	HUBC
36	23-02-2022	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	0	HUBC
37	24-02-2022	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	0	HUBC
38	25-02-2022	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	0	HUBC
39	28-02-2022	99.60	99.60	99.60	99.60	99.60	90	HUBC
40	01-03-2022	99.60	99.80	99.60	99.80	99.80	23110	HUBC
41	02-03-2022	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	20	HUBC
42	03-03-2022	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	50	HUBC
43	04-03-2022	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	0	HUBC
44	07-03-2022	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	0	HUBC
45	08-03-2022	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	1760	HUBC
46	09-03-2022	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	0	HUBC
47	10-03-2022	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	0	HUBC
48	11-03-2022	99.50	99.80	99.50	99.80	99.80	7670	HUBC
49	14-03-2022	99.90	100.00	99.80	100.00	100.00	9260	HUBC
50	15-03-2022	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	450	HUBC
51	16-03-2022	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	0	HUBC
52	17-03-2022	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	80	HUBC
53	18-03-2022	100.00	100.10	100.00	100.10	100.10	50	HUBC
54	21-03-2022	100.10	100.10	100.10	100.10	100.10	0	HUBC
55	22-03-2022	100.10	100.10	100.10	100.10	100.10	0	HUBC
56	23-03-2022	100.70	100.70	100.00	100.30	100.30	117280	HUBC
57	24-03-2022	100.50	100.50	99.70	100.00	100.00	64730	HUBC
58	25-03-2022	99.89	100.10	99.70	99.80	99.80	2910	HUBC
59	28-03-2022	99.80	100.00	99.70	99.70	99.70	10680	HUBC

60	29-03-2022	99.86	100.40	99.70	99.90	99.90	29020	HUBC
61	30-03-2022	99.70	99.80	99.70	99.70	99.70	660	HUBC
62	31-03-2022	99.80	100.02	99.80	99.80	99.80	470	HUBC
63	01-04-2022	99.80	100.25	99.70	100.25	100.25	3870	HUBC
64	04-04-2022	100.02	100.10	99.95	100.10	100.10	600	HUBC
65	05-04-2022	100.10	100.15	100.05	100.10	100.10	1470	HUBC
66	06-04-2022	100.20	100.20	99.90	99.90	99.90	8130	HUBC
67	07-04-2022	99.91	100.22	99.91	100.18	100.18	60	HUBC
68	08-04-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	180	HUBC
69	11-04-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	0	HUBC
70	12-04-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	130	HUBC
71	13-04-2022	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	130	HUBC
72	14-04-2022	100.00	100.15	100.00	100.15	100.15	20	HUBC
73	18-04-2022	100.15	100.15	100.15	100.15	100.15	0	HUBC
74	19-04-2022	100.30	100.30	100.10	100.30	100.30	2280	HUBC
75	20-04-2022	100.49	100.60	100.10	100.10	100.10	1670	HUBC
76	21-04-2022	100.50	100.50	100.50	100.50	100.50	180	HUBC
77	22-04-2022	100.50	100.50	100.50	100.50	100.50	0	HUBC
78	25-04-2022	100.20	100.20	100.10	100.20	100.20	7410	HUBC
79	26-04-2022	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	20	HUBC
80	27-04-2022	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	0	HUBC
81	28-04-2022	100.30	100.30	100.20	100.20	100.20	650	HUBC
82	29-04-2022	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	0	HUBC
83	02-05-2022	100.20	100.30	100.20	100.20	100.20	340	HUBC
84	03-05-2022	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	1350	HUBC
85	04-05-2022	100.62	100.62	100.62	100.62	100.62	20	HUBC
86	05-05-2022	100.20	100.30	100.20	100.30	100.30	1770	HUBC
87	06-05-2022	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	90	HUBC
88	09-05-2022	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	90	HUBC
89	10-05-2022	100.10	100.10	100.10	100.10	100.10	2980	HUBC
90	11-05-2022	100.35	100.35	100.10	100.10	100.10	200	HUBC
91	12-05-2022	100.00	100.30	100.00	100.30	100.30	1020	HUBC
92	13-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	40	HUBC
93	16-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	0	HUBC
94	17-05-2022	100.49	100.49	100.49	100.49	100.49	30	HUBC
95	18-05-2022	100.60	100.60	100.00	100.00	100.00	70	HUBC
96	19-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	60	HUBC
97	20-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	0	HUBC
98	23-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	60	HUBC
99	24-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	60	HUBC
100	25-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	0	HUBC
101	26-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	30	HUBC
102	27-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	0	HUBC
103	31-05-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	20	HUBC
104	01-06-2022	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	30	HUBC
105	02-06-2022	100.10	100.20	99.90	100.20	100.20	6880	HUBC
106	03-06-2022	100.00	100.20	100.00	100.20	100.20	11170	HUBC
107	06-06-2022	100.25	100.25	100.10	100.10	100.10	320	HUBC
108	07-06-2022	100.10	100.28	100.10	100.28	100.28	5140	HUBC
109	08-06-2022	100.30	100.30	100.20	100.20	100.20	130	HUBC
110	09-06-2022	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	0	HUBC
111	10-06-2022	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	100.20	40	HUBC
112	13-06-2022	100.40	100.40	100.15	100.20	100.20	5920	HUBC
113	14-06-2022	100.20	100.20	99.90	99.90	99.90	5500	HUBC
114	15-06-2022	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	0	HUBC
115	16-06-2022	100.00	100.30	99.90	99.90	99.90	21110	HUBC
116	17-06-2022	100.05	100.05	100.05	100.05	100.05	20	HUBC
117	21-06-2022	100.00	100.10	100.00	100.10	100.10	130	HUBC
118	22-06-2022	100.10	100.10	100.10	100.10	100.10	0	HUBC
119	23-06-2022	100.05	100.20	99.95	100.00	100.00	5130	HUBC
120	24-06-2022	100.10	100.15	100.10	100.15	100.15	140	HUBC
121	27-06-2022	100.15	100.15	100.15	100.15	100.15	0	HUBC
122	28-06-2022	100.15	100.15	100.15	100.15	100.15	0	HUBC
123	29-06-2022	100.15	100.15	100.15	100.15	100.15	0	HUBC
124	30-06-2022	100.60	100.60	100.60	100.60	100.60	20	HUBC
125	01-07-2022	100.60	100.60	100.60	100.60	100.60	0	HUBC

[reached 'max' / getOption("max.print") -- omitted 494 rows]

> str(data)

'data.frame': 619 obs. of 8 variables:

```

$ x      : chr  "03-01-2022" "04-01-2022" "05-01-2022" "06-01-2022" ...
$ open   : num  98.4 98.4 98.8 99.1 99 ...
$ high   : num  98.4 98.4 99 99.1 99.3 ...
$ low    : num  98.4 98.4 98.7 98.9 98.8 ...
$ close  : num  98.4 98.4 98.9 99 99.2 ...
$ adjclose: num  98.4 98.4 98.9 99 99.2 ...
$ volume : int  1000 0 90090 38390 54640 11510 4920 110 60 5700 ...
$ ticker : chr  "HUBC" "HUBC" "HUBC" "HUBC" ...
> head(data)
      x open high low close adjclose volume ticker
1 03-01-2022 98.4 98.4 98.4 98.4      98.4    1000  HUBC
2 04-01-2022 98.4 98.4 98.4 98.4      98.4     0  HUBC
3 05-01-2022 98.8 99.0 98.7 98.9      98.9  90090  HUBC
4 06-01-2022 99.1 99.1 98.9 99.0      99.0  38390  HUBC
5 07-01-2022 99.0 99.3 98.8 99.2      99.2  54640  HUBC
6 10-01-2022 99.1 99.2 99.0 99.0      99.0  11510  HUBC

```

1. Draw

the histogram, pie chart, box plot for any three variables and interpret them.

Draw Histogram, Pie Chart, and Box Plot

Install ggplot2 if not already installed

```
install.packages("ggplot2")
```

Install ggplot2 if not already installed

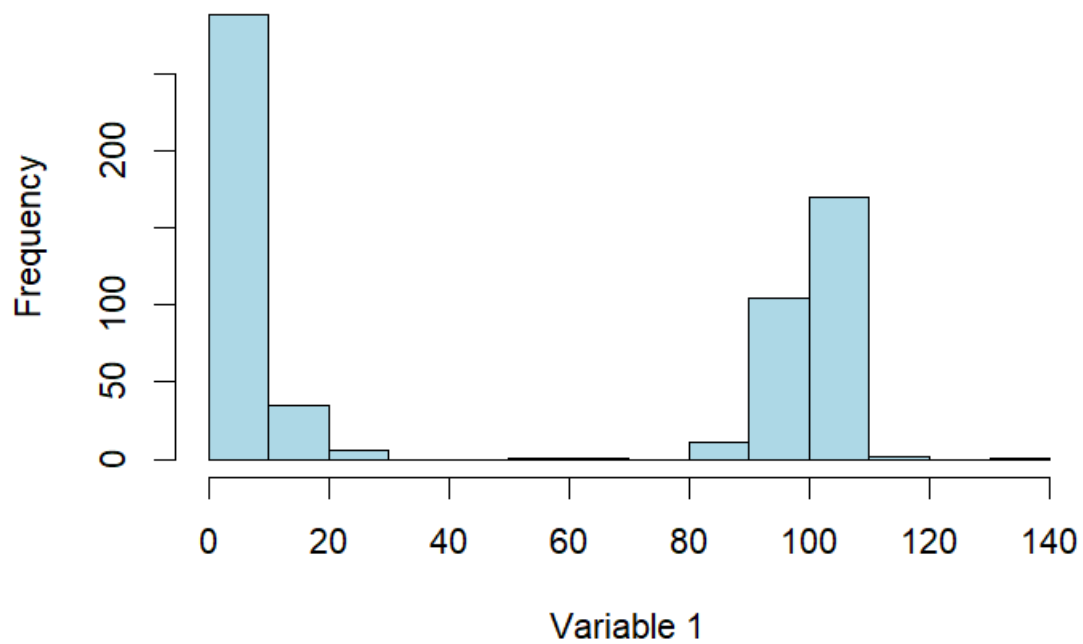
Histogram

```

> hist(data$open,
+       main = "Histogram of variable 1",
+       xlab = "Variable 1",
+       col = "lightblue",
+       border = "black")

```

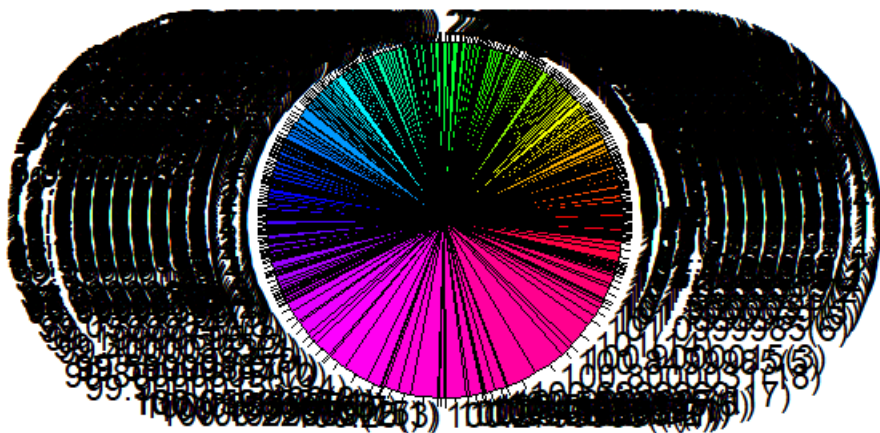
Histogram of Variable 1



Pie Chart

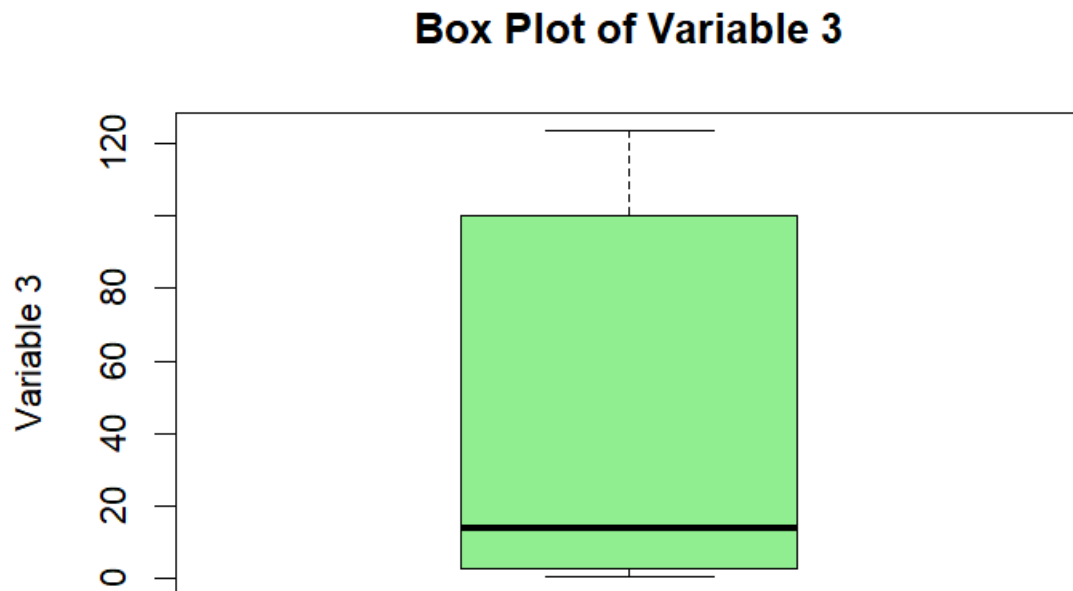
```
> table_var2 <- table(data$high)
> pie(table_var2,
+     main = "Pie Chart of Variable 2",
+     col = rainbow(length(table_var2)),
+     labels = paste(names(table_var2), "(", table_var2, ")", sep = ""))
```

Pie Chart of Variable 2



BOX Plot

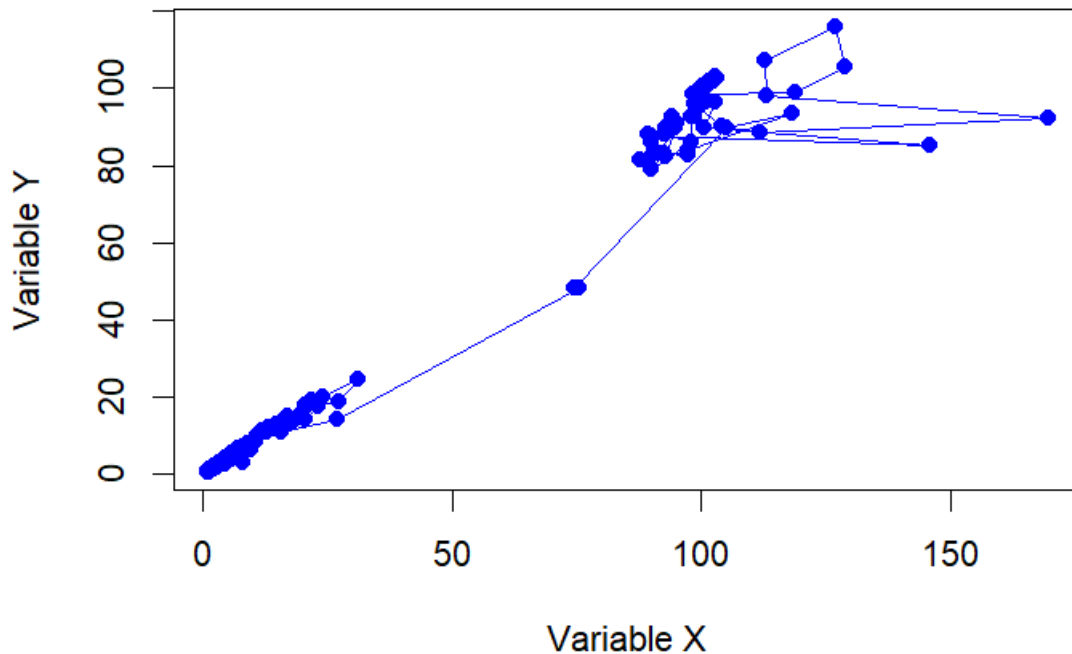
```
> boxplot(data$adjclose,  
+         main = "Box Plot of Variable 3",  
+         ylab = "Variable 3",  
+         col = "lightgreen")
```



Line Graph between Two Variables

```
> plot(data$high, data$low,  
+      main = "Line Graph between Variable X and Variable Y",  
+      type = "o",  
+      lty = 1,  
+      pch = 19,  
+      col = "blue",  
+      xlab = "Variable X",  
+      ylab = "Variable Y")
```

Line Graph between Variable X and Variable Y



3. Find
the summary of at least 3 numeric variables.

Summary of Three Numeric Variables

```
> summary(data$open)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
  0.73   2.85   14.40   49.06  100.20  132.70

> summary(data$high)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
  0.749  2.900  15.600  49.789  100.265  169.800

> summary(data$adjclose)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
  0.719  2.665  13.900  48.949  100.200  123.600
```

4. Find
the following for any one of the variable

(1) 2, 4 and 6 decile.

(2) 5, 75, and 85
percentile

(3) All the quartiles

Calculate Deciles, Percentiles, and Quartiles

Deciles

```
> deciles <- quantile(data$open, probs = c(0.2, 0.4, 0.6))
> print(deciles)
      20%      40%      60%
2.206  5.820 99.000
```

Percentiles

```
> percentiles <- quantile(data$open, probs = c(0.05, 0.75, 0.85))
> print(percentiles)
      5%      75%      85%
0.9093 100.2000 100.8000
```

Quartiles

```
> quartiles <- quantile(data$open, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75))
> print(quartiles)
      25%      50%      75%
2.85  14.40 100.20
```

Analysis Report

1. Description of the Dataset

The dataset used for this analysis contains stock market data for a company, with variables such as open, high, low, and adjclose. These variables represent the opening price, highest price, lowest price, and adjusted closing price of the stock on specific days. The data consists of numeric variables that help analyze stock trends over time.

2. Aim/Objective

The objective of this analysis is to:

1. Visualize the data using histograms, pie charts, box plots, and line graphs.
 2. Summarize key numeric variables to understand the distribution and trends in the dataset.
 3. Compute statistical measures such as deciles, percentiles, and quartiles for one variable.
 4. Interpret the findings to derive insights into stock market behavior.
-

3. Results and Visualizations

3.1 Histogram

- **Code Used:**

```
hist(data$open,  
      main = "Histogram of Variable 1",  
      xlab = "Variable 1",  
      col = "lightblue",  
      border = "black")
```

- **Result:** The histogram shows the frequency distribution of the stock's opening prices (open). The majority of the values are clustered in the lower price range, indicating the stock's opening prices are typically low.
-

3.2 Pie Chart

- **Code Used:**

```
table_var2 <- table(data$high)  
pie(table_var2,  
     main = "Pie Chart of Variable 2",  
     col = rainbow(length(table_var2)),  
     labels = paste(names(table_var2), "(", table_var2, ")", sep = ""))
```

- **Result:** The pie chart represents the distribution of the stock's highest prices (high). Each segment corresponds to the frequency of specific high values in the dataset. The larger segments signify prices that occurred more frequently.
-

3.3 Box Plot

- **Code Used:**

```
boxplot(data$adjclose,  
         main = "Box Plot of Variable 3",  
         ylab = "Variable 3",  
         col = "lightgreen")
```

- **Result:** The box plot highlights the distribution of the stock's adjusted closing prices (adjclose). It identifies potential outliers, the median value, and the interquartile range. Most adjusted closing prices are concentrated in the lower range.
-

3.4 Line Graph

- **Code Used:**

```
plot(data$high, data$low,  
     main = "Line Graph between Variable X and Variable Y",  
     type = "o",  
     lty = 1,  
     pch = 19,  
     col = "blue",  
     xlab = "Variable X",  
     ylab = "Variable Y")
```

- **Result:** The line graph illustrates the relationship between the stock's highest (high) and lowest (low) prices. The trend shows how fluctuations in the stock's highest prices correlate with its lowest prices over time.
-

4. Summary of Variables

- **Summary of open:**

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
0.73	2.85	14.40	49.06	100.20	132.70

- **Summary of high:**

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
0.749	2.900	15.600	49.789	100.265	169.800

- **Summary of adjclose:**

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
0.719	2.665	13.900	48.949	100.200	123.600

5. Statistical Measures

- **Deciles (for open):**

20%	40%	60%
2.206	5.820	99.000

- **Percentiles (for open):**

5%	75%	85%
----	-----	-----

0.9093 100.2000 100.8000

- **Quartiles (for open):**

25% 50% 75%

2.85 14.40 100.20

6. Interpretation

1. **Histogram Interpretation:** The histogram shows that the opening prices of the stock are skewed towards the lower end, with only a few occurrences of higher prices.
2. **Pie Chart Interpretation:** The pie chart reveals which stock's highest prices occurred most frequently, indicating the stock's popular trading ranges.
3. **Box Plot Interpretation:** The box plot identifies outliers and suggests that the adjusted closing prices are mostly concentrated below the median, reflecting a potentially undervalued stock.
4. **Line Graph Interpretation:** The line graph demonstrates a positive correlation between the stock's highest and lowest prices. When the highest prices increase, the lowest prices tend to increase as well.
5. **Statistical Measures Interpretation:** The deciles, percentiles, and quartiles provide insights into the distribution of the stock's opening prices. For example, 20% of the stock's opening prices are below 2.206, while 75% of the prices are below 100.200.

7. Conclusion

This analysis provides a comprehensive understanding of the stock's price distribution and trends. The visualizations and statistical measures show that the stock has frequent low prices, but there are outliers at the higher end. These insights can help traders and investors in making informed decisions.