

* Spring MVC:

→ The MVC design pattern that consists of three modules:

(i) model

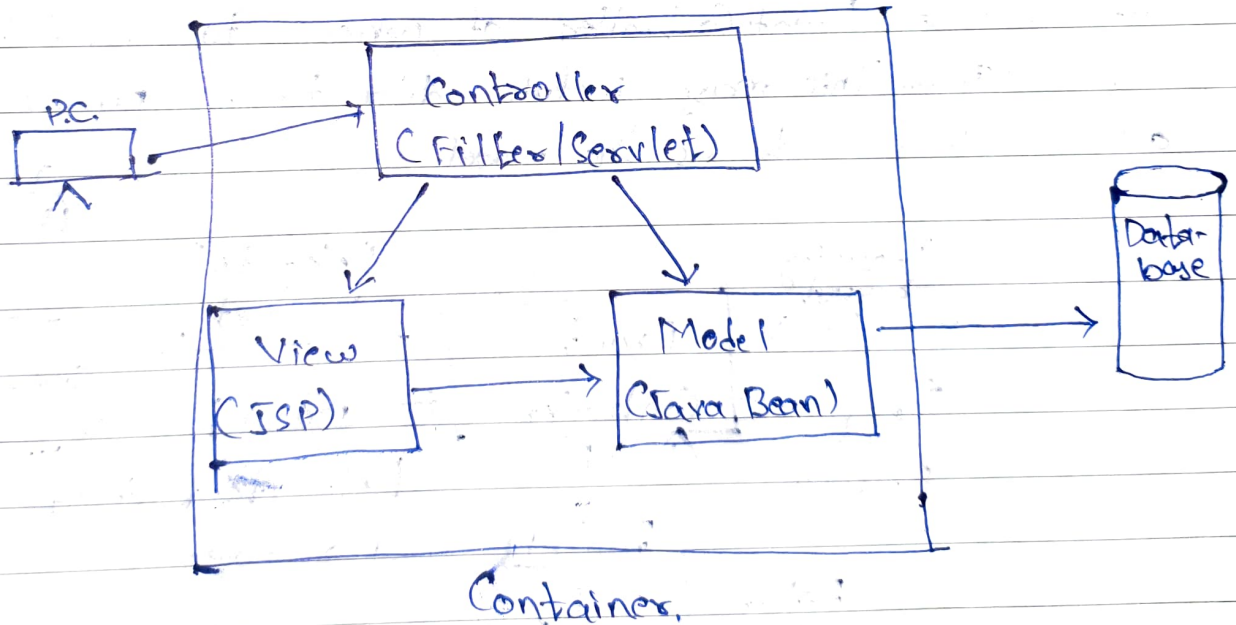
(ii) view & controller

(iii) Controller.

(i) Model: The model represents the state (data) & business logic of the application.

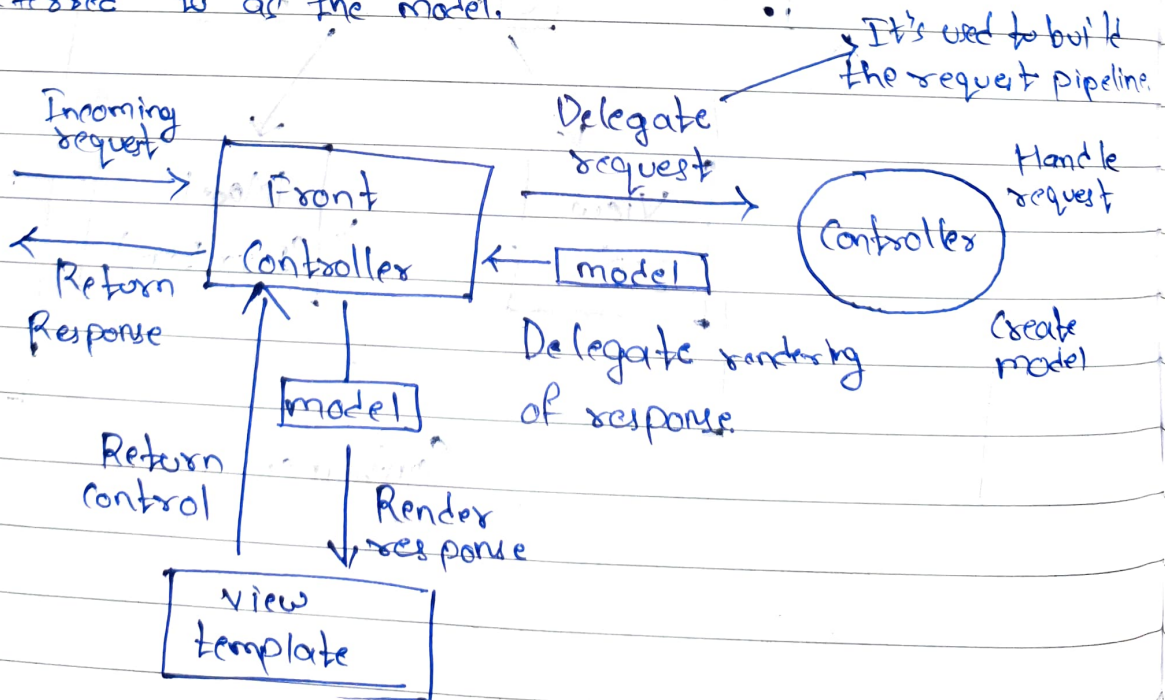
(ii) View: The view is responsible for displaying data i.e. it represents the presentation.

(iii) Controller: The controller acts as an interface between the view & model. It intercepts all the requests to both a view or to the model.



* Front Controller in Spring:

- The Spring Web Model-view-controller (MVC) framework is designed around a `DispatcherServlet` that dispatches request to handlers with configurable handler mappings.
- The `DispatcherServlet` follows the Front Controller pattern, providing a single point of entry into an application.
- Wildcarded URLs all go through a single controller that delegates to sub controllers to get all the core application beyond (Model).
- The response from the sub controller to the Front Controller informs the Front Controller of where to dispatch to next i.e. a view. This may include data to be passed to the view also referred to as the model.



servlet engine.
(e.g. Tomcat).

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* Objectives of MVC:

- A Java web application development framework based on the model-view-controller pattern.
- Originally needed because the Java EE MVC arch., called Model 2, which used vanilla servlets/JSP, had many shortcomings.
Shortcomings: (i) In model 1, the ~~model~~ MVC they could all talk to each other. That was cleaned up to represent what we know as MVC model 2.
(ii) ~~With model 2,~~
- Goals of MVC: (i) ~~Simply~~ Simplify the task of creating web application.
(ii) Encourage good architecture by providing a strong MVC framework with clear separation of roles.
(i.e. controller, model, view)
(iii) Integrate ~~as~~ easily with the rest of Spring.