

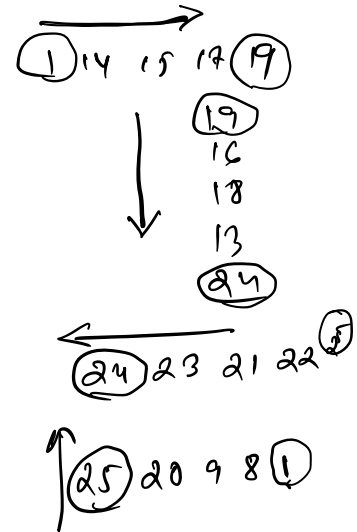
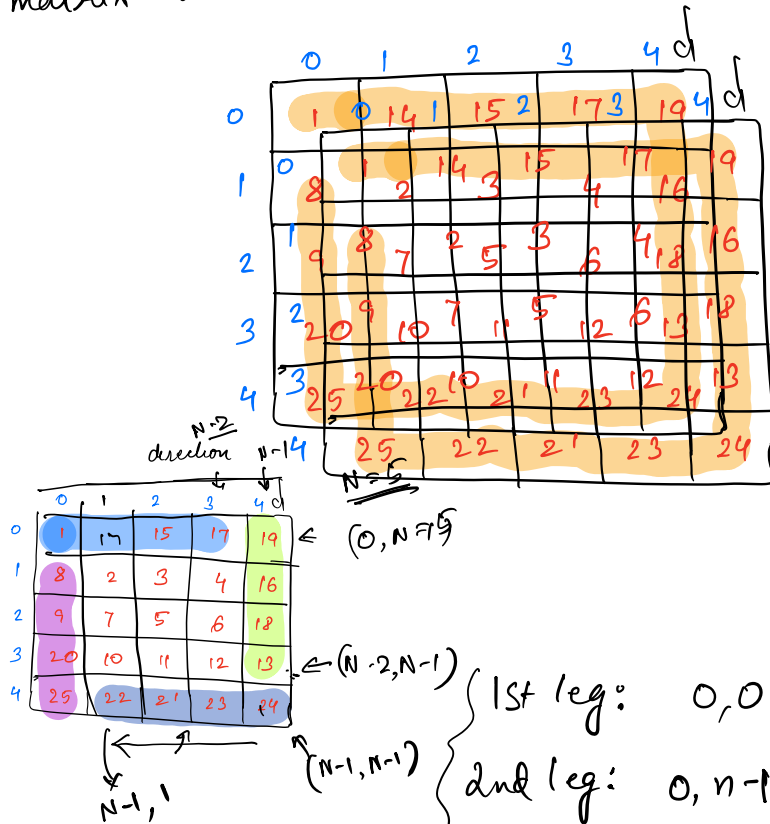
Some more Array Problems

About Me:

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- * Software Engineer @ cohesity
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Q. 1

Given a mat $[N][N]$, print the boundary of the matrix in clockwise direction.



$N-1$

Observations:

1. Each leg of the boundary will have $N-1$ elements.
2. Once we are done with printing 1st leg, (with variables i, j), these become equal to the indices of start of next leg.

	0	1	2	3	4
0	1	17	15	17	19
1	8	2	3	4	16
2	9	7	5	6	18
3	20	10	11	12	13
4	25	22	21	23	24

$i=0, j=0$ ✓

1, 14, 15, 17

$i=0, j=0$

1, 14, 15, 17

(0,3)

(0,4)

$i=0?$
 $j=4?$

19 16 18 13

$i=4$
 $j=4$

24 23 21 22

End. $i=4$
 $j=4$

$i=4$
 $j=0$

25 20 9 8

$i=0$
 $j=0$

```

i = 0, j = 0 ✓
while (N > 1):
    for k in range(0, N-1):
        print(mat[i][j]) ✓
        j += 1 ✓

```

N=5

(0, N-1) ⇒ (0, 4)
 // Runs n-1 times
 (4)

$O(N)$

// i = 0, j = 4 (N-1)

```

for k in range(0, N-1):
    print(mat[i][j])
    i += 1

```

(0,0) 1 14 15 17
 K i j
 1 0 1
 2 0 2
 3 0 3
 4 0 4
 (5)
 $O(N)$

// i = 4, j = 4

```

for k in range(0, N-1):
    print(mat[i][j])
    j -= 1

```

// i = 4, j = 0

```

for k in range(0, N-1):
    print(mat[i][j])
    i -= 1

```

// i = 0, j = 0 ←

i += 1, j += 1 ✓
 N = N - 2

4 (O(N))

= O(N)

5, 3, 1

if (N is odd):
 print arr [N/2][N/2]

i, j = 1, 1

N/2

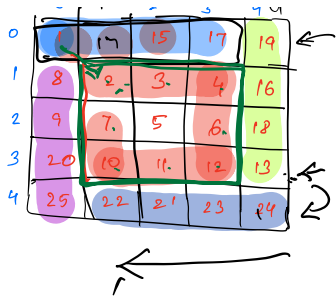
→ N-3

N-1 elements

0 1 2 3 4

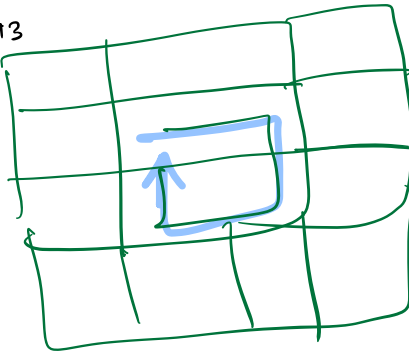
5//2 = 2 (0, 4) (1, 3)

XN → N-2 x N-2



$i++, j$

$i=2, j=2$



no
centre
element.

(N), (





Break
Till 10:15

Q.

Max no. of consecutive 1's.

Given a binary string, at most
replace a 0 with a 1.
Find max no. of consecutive 1's.

0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0

1
↓
6

3

0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
4 6 5 3

1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1
← L 3 → R 4
7 2 4 6
3
8

$$L + R + 1$$

Pseudo code:

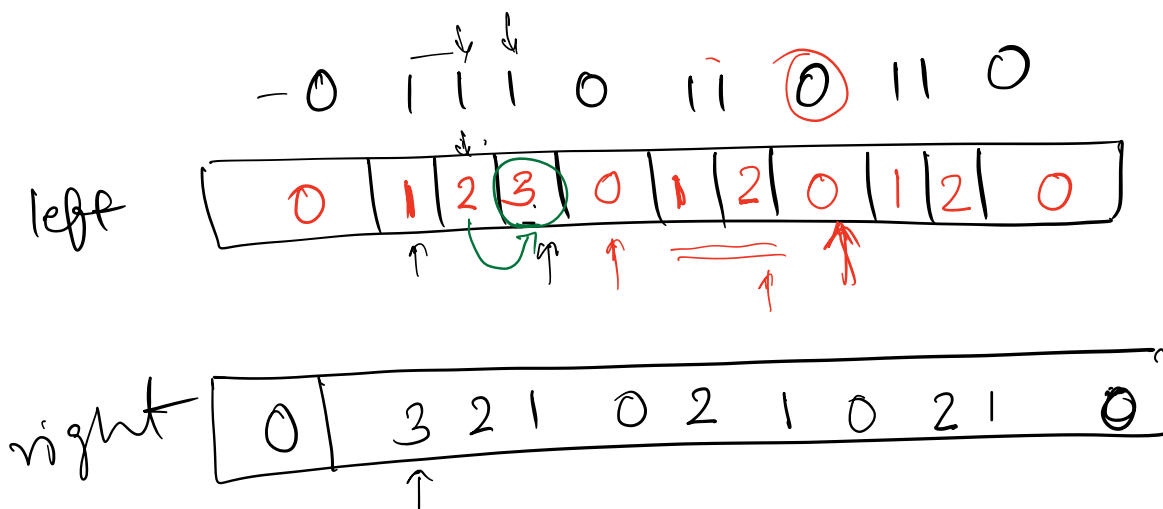
string s;
ans = 0
for i in range(0, n):
 if s[i] == '0':
 L = consecutive 1's to the left
 R = consecutive 1's to the right
 total = L + R + 1
 ans = max(ans, total)
return ans

on times {
time taking {

Prefix arrays and suffix arrays

Left[i] → no. of consecutive 1's upto this point from left

Right[i] → " " " " from right




```

if s[0] == '0':
    left[0] = 0
else:
    left[0] = 1
for i in range(1, n):
    if s[i] == '0':
        left[i] = 0
    else:
        left[i] = left[i-1] + 1

```

$\text{left}[0] = s[0]$
 \uparrow
 char
 \times
 $\text{left}[0] = \text{int}(s[0])$
 $\text{int}('0')$
 $\times 0$
 $\times 8$
 $\text{left}[0] = (s[0] - 48)$
 $\text{ord}()$

```

right[n-1] = int(s[n-1])
for i in range(n-2, -1, -1):
    if s[i] == '0':
        right[i] = 0
    else:
        right[i] = right[i+1] + 1

```

\checkmark $\text{ans} = 0$ \rightarrow count = // No. of 1's in the array.
 if count == n:
 return count.

```

for i in range(0, n):
    if s[i] == '0':

```

```

{
    L = i == 0 ? 0 : left[i-1]
    R = i == n-1 ? 0 : right[i+1]
    total = L + R + 1
    ans = max(ans, total)
}

```

return ans.

1. ~~0~~ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \rightarrow (1)
↑

2. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 \rightarrow Corrections = 9
↓ 0

