# 21CS304PC COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE

L T P C

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and the basic architectural concepts.
- It begins with basic organization, design, and programming of a simple digital computer and introduces simple register transfer language to specify various computer operations.
- Topics include computer arithmetic, instruction set design, microprogrammed control unit, pipelining and vector processing, memory organization and I/O systems, and multiprocessors

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

# After Completion of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Interpret the Functional Architecture of Computing Systems.

CO2: Demonstrate the Register Transfer Language and Implementation of Microoperations.

CO3: Impart the Knowledge on microprogramming.

CO4: Explore Data Representation Process and Arithmetic Algorithms.

CO5: Explore Memory, Control and I/O Functions.

CO6: Analyze Concepts of Parallelism and Multiprocessing Systems.

### UNIT - I

**Digital Computers:** Introduction, Block diagram of Digital Computer, Definition of Computer Organization, Computer Design and Computer Architecture.

**Register Transfer Language and Micro operations:** Register Transfer language, Register Transfer, Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, logic micro operations, shift micro operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit.

**Basic Computer Organization and Design:** Instruction codes, Computer Registers Computer instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, input – Output and Interrupt.

## **UNIT - II**

**Microprogrammed Control:** Control memory, Address sequencing, micro program example, design of control unit.

**Central Processing Unit:** ALU, General Register Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control, data-path, control unit.

# UNIT - III

**Data Representation:** Data types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation.

**Computer Arithmetic:** Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – point Arithmetic operations. Decimal Arithmetic unit, Decimal Arithmetic operations.

### **UNIT - IV**

**Input-Output Organization:** Input-Output Interface (Interrupt and DMA mode), Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access.

**Memory Organization:** Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, secondary storage, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory.

#### UNIT - V

Reduced Instruction Set Computer: CISC Characteristics, RISC Characteristics.

**Pipeline and Vector Processing:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processor.

**Multi Processors:** Characteristics of Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures, Interprocessor arbitration, Interprocessor communication and synchronization, Cache Coherence.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, Third Edition, Pearson, 2007.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 2. William Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2016.
- 3. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Structured Computer Organization, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2016.