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## 1 Task 1: Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) and Business Insights

- 1.0.1 1. Perform EDA on the provided dataset.
- 1.0.2 2. Derive at least 5 business insights from the EDA.

Write these insights in short point-wise sentences (maximum 100 words per insight).

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import seaborn as sns

[3]: # Load the datasets
  customers = pd.read_csv('Customers.csv')
  products = pd.read_csv('Products.csv')
  transactions = pd.read_csv('Transactions.csv')
```

```
[4]: # Merge datasets for comprehensive analysis

df = pd.merge(transactions, customers, on='CustomerID')

df = pd.merge(df, products, on='ProductID')
```

```
[5]: # Basic EDA
print(df.info())
print(df.describe())
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 13 columns):

| # | Column                  | Non-Null Count | Dtype   |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|---------|
|   |                         |                |         |
| 0 | TransactionID           | 1000 non-null  | object  |
| 1 | CustomerID              | 1000 non-null  | object  |
| 2 | ProductID               | 1000 non-null  | object  |
| 3 | ${\tt TransactionDate}$ | 1000 non-null  | object  |
| 4 | Quantity                | 1000 non-null  | int64   |
| 5 | TotalValue              | 1000 non-null  | float64 |
| 6 | Price_x                 | 1000 non-null  | float64 |
| 7 | CustomerName            | 1000 non-null  | object  |
| 8 | Region                  | 1000 non-null  | object  |
| 9 | SignupDate              | 1000 non-null  | object  |

```
10ProductName1000 non-nullobject11Category1000 non-nullobject12Price_y1000 non-nullfloat64
```

dtypes: float64(3), int64(1), object(9)

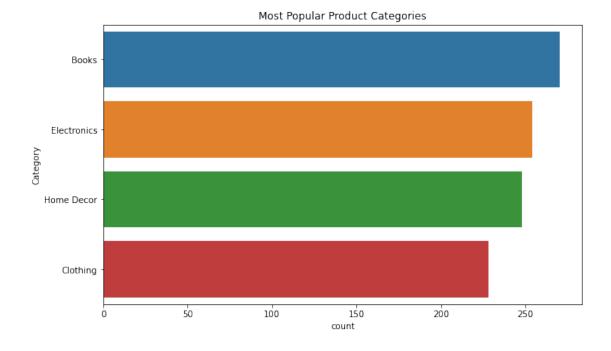
memory usage: 109.4+ KB

None

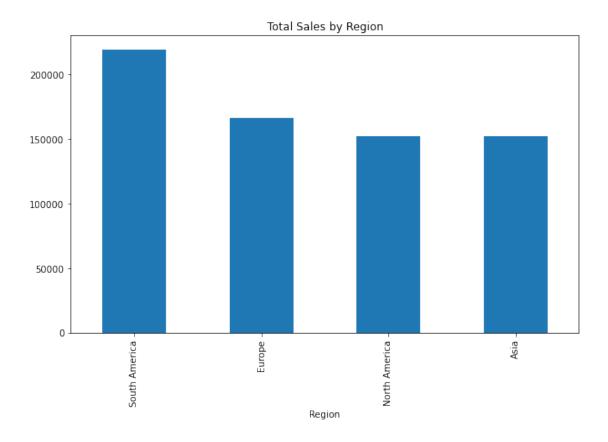
|       | Quantity    | TotalValue  | Price x    | Price_y    |
|-------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| count | 1000.000000 | 1000.000000 | 1000.00000 | 1000.00000 |
| mean  | 2.537000    | 689.995560  | 272.55407  | 272.55407  |
| std   | 1.117981    | 493.144478  | 140.73639  | 140.73639  |
| min   | 1.000000    | 16.080000   | 16.08000   | 16.08000   |
| 25%   | 2.000000    | 295.295000  | 147.95000  | 147.95000  |
| 50%   | 3.000000    | 588.880000  | 299.93000  | 299.93000  |
| 75%   | 4.000000    | 1011.660000 | 404.40000  | 404.40000  |
| max   | 4.000000    | 1991.040000 | 497.76000  | 497.76000  |

## 2 Business Insights

```
[6]: # Insight 1: Most popular product categories
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(y='Category', data=df, order=df['Category'].value_counts().index)
plt.title('Most Popular Product Categories')
plt.show()
```



[7]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Total Sales by Region'}, xlabel='Region'>



```
[8]: # Insight 3: Customer signups over time

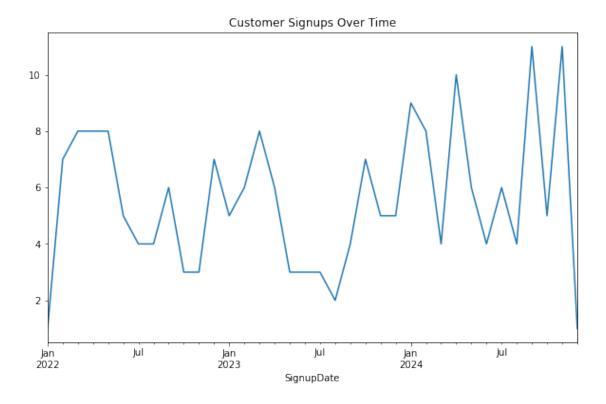
customers['SignupDate'] = pd.to_datetime(customers['SignupDate'])

customers.set_index('SignupDate', inplace=True)

customers.resample('M').size().plot(figsize=(10, 6), title='Customer Signups

→Over Time')
```

[8]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Customer Signups Over Time'}, xlabel='SignupDate'>



```
[9]: # Insight 4: Average transaction value by product category

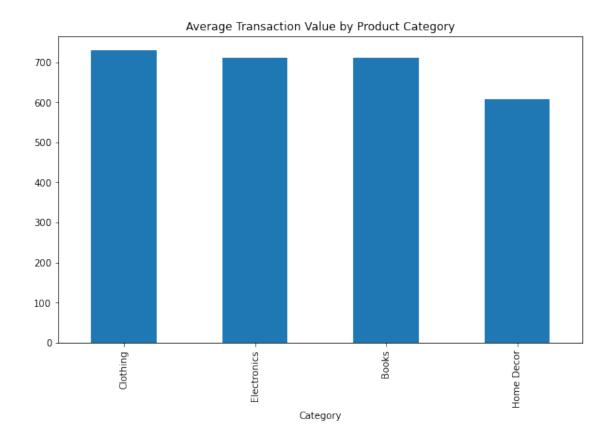
avg_transaction_value = df.groupby('Category')['TotalValue'].mean().

sort_values(ascending=False)

avg_transaction_value.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6), title='Average

Transaction Value by Product Category')
```

[9]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Average Transaction Value by Product Category'},
 xlabel='Category'>



```
[10]: # Insight 5: Customer lifetime value (CLV) by region

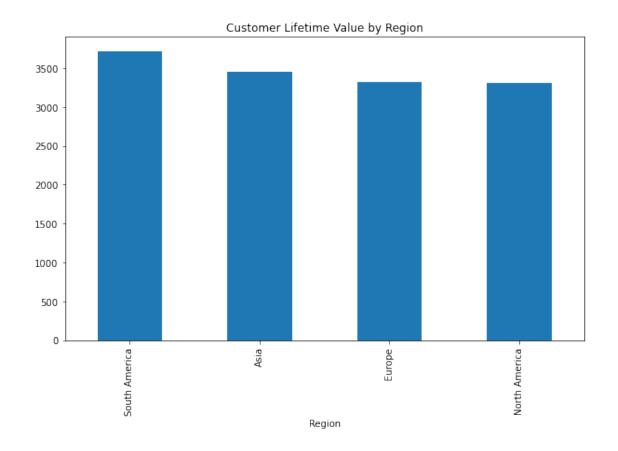
clv = df.groupby('CustomerID')['TotalValue'].sum().reset_index()

clv = pd.merge(clv, customers.reset_index()[['CustomerID', 'Region']],

on='CustomerID')

clv.groupby('Region')['TotalValue'].mean().sort_values(ascending=False).

oplot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6), title='Customer Lifetime Value by Region')
```



[]: