

## Assignment – 12<sup>th</sup> (Strings in Java)

### 1. Write a simple String program to take input from user.

**Ans:** - Here is a simple program in Java that takes input from the user and stores it as a string:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Please enter your name: ");

        String name = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Hello, " + name + "!");
    }
}
```

#### OUTPUT

```
Please enter your name: Rahul Kumar
Hello, Rahul Kumar!

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

### 2. How do you concatenate two strings in Java, Give an example?

**Ans:** - Concatenate two strings by using the '+' operator & '*concat*' method. Here's an example:

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String fname = "Rahul";
        String lname = "Kumar";

        // String result = fname + lname;
        String result = fname.concat(lname);
        System.out.println(result);
    }
}
```

#### OUTPUT

```
Rahul Kumar

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

### 3. How do you find the length of a string in Java, Explain with an example.

**Ans:** - We can find the length of a string using the '*length()*' method of the String class. The '*length()*' method returns the number of characters in the string.

```

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String str = "Rahul Kumar!";
        int length = str.length();

        System.out.println("String is: " + length);
    }
}

```

#### OUTPUT

```

The length of the string is: 12

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

```

#### 4. How do you compare two strings in Java, Give an example?

Ans: - We can compare two strings using the `equals()` method of the `String` class or the `equalsIgnoreCase()` method to compare strings without considering case sensitivity. Here's an example:

```

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String str1 = "Hello";
        String str2 = "Hello";

        // Using the equals() method

        if (str1.equals(str2)) {
            System.out.println("The strings are equal.");
        }
        else {
            System.out.println("The strings are not equal.");
        }

        // Using the equalsIgnoreCase() method:

        // if (str1.equalsIgnoreCase(str2)) {
        //     System.out.println("The strings are equal.");
        // }
        // else {
        //     System.out.println("The strings are not equal.");
        // }

    }
}

```

#### OUTPUT

```

The strings are equal.

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

```

**5. Write a program to find the length of the string “refrigerator”.**

**Ans:** - Here is a program in Java to find the length of the string "refrigerator":

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String string = "refrigerator";  
        int length = string.length();  
        System.out.println("The length of the string is: " + length);  
    }  
}
```

**OUTPUT**

```
The length of the string is: 12  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```

**6. Write a program to check if the letter ‘e’ is present in the word “Umbrella”.**

**Ans:** - Here's a Java program to check if the letter 'e' is present in the word "Umbrella":

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String word = "Umbrella";  
        boolean isPresent = word.contains("e");  
  
        if (isPresent) {  
            System.out.println("The letter 'e' is present in the word  
'" + word + "'.");  
        }  
        else {  
            System.out.println("The letter 'e' is not present in the  
word '" + word + "'.");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**OUTPUT**

```
The letter 'e' is present in the word Umbrella.  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```

**7. Write a program to delete all consonants from the string "Hello, have a good day"**

**Ans:** - Here's a Java program to delete all consonants from the string "Hello, have a good day":

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        String str = "Hello, have a good day";  
        String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU";  
        StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {  
            char c = str.charAt(i);  
  
            if (vowels.indexOf(c) != -1){  
                sb.append(c);  
            }  
        }  
        System.out.println("Resultant string after deleting  
consonants: " + sb.toString());  
    }  
}
```

### OUTPUT

```
Resultant string after deleting consonants: eoaeaoaa  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.
```