

1. Consider the following statements about the Indian National Army (INA):
  1. The idea of INA was first conceived by Mohan Singh, an officer of the British Indian army.
  2. Recruits were sought only from Indian prisoners of war and ex-army men in British forces.
  3. INA was headquartered in Calcutta.
 Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
  - (a) 1 and 2 only
  - (b) 1 only
  - (c) 2 and 3 only
  - (d) 1, 2 and 3
  
2. Consider the following statements about Congress Socialist Party:
  1. It was founded by the efforts of Jayaprakash Narayan, Minoo Masaani and others.
  2. It worked within the Congress Party and accepted Congress as the primary body leading the National Movement.
 Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
  - (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
  
3. Which of the following was/were the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1935?
  1. It proposed an All India Federation.
  2. It provided for the abolition of dyarchy at the provincial level.
  3. It provided residuary powers to the Viceroy.
 Select the correct answer using the code given below.
  - (a) 1 and 2 only
  - (b) 2 and 3 only
  - (c) 1 and 3 only
  - (d) 1, 2 and 3
  
4. The Chiang Mai Initiative, sometimes seen in the news, is a
  - (a) financial swap mechanism among ASEAN countries.
  - (b) an initiative to develop partnerships for the Belt and Road Initiative by China.
  - (c) regional initiative to promote tourism in the East and Southeast Asian region.
  - (d) an annual naval exercise of Pacific rim countries led by China.
  
5. Consider the following statements about the Cripps Mission proposals, 1941:
  1. It outrightly rejected the demand for a separate Pakistan put forward by Muslim League.
  2. It proposed that a constitution-making body after the second world war would be set up.
 Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
  - (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
  
6. Consider the following statements about 1937 elections:
  1. Only provincial elections were held and no elections were held at the federal level.
  2. Congress Ministries were formed in all the provinces except Bengal and Punjab.
 Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
  - (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

7. With reference to Genetically Modified Crops (GM crops) in India, often seen in the news, consider the following statements:
1. They are regulated in India by the National Biodiversity Authority (NBA).
  2. Bt cotton is the only GM crop allowed for commercial cultivation in India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

8. Consider the following statements with regard to the development of means of communication in the 19th century:

1. The railways were primarily laid to promote the linkage of backward regions with the presidencies.
2. The postage stamps in India were introduced by Lord Dalhousie.
3. The first telegraph line in India, which was an experimental line, was established between Calcutta and Diamond Harbour.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 1 and 3 only

9. Consider the following statements with reference to All India States' People's Conference (AISPC):

1. Its objective was to coordinate political activities and to raise demands for constitutional changes in the Princely States.
2. It was headquartered at Lucknow.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

10. Who among the following was called 'Lokahitavadi'?

- (a) Keshub Chandra Sen
- (b) Mahatma Phule
- (c) Ishwar Vidyasagar
- (d) Gopal Hari Deshmukh

11. Consider the following tribal movements:

1. Santhal rebellion under Sidhu and Kanhu
2. Munda rebellion under Birsa Munda
3. Uprising by Kols of Chhotanagpur

Which of the following is the correct chronological sequence of the above-given movements?

- (a) 1-2-3
- (b) 2-3-1
- (c) 1-3-2
- (d) 3-1-2

12. In the context of revolutionary activity during the freedom struggle, consider the following pairs:

<i>Freedom fighter</i>	<i>Conspiracy case</i>
1. Bhagat Singh	: Lahore Conspiracy case
2. Ramprasad Bismil	: Kakori Conspiracy case
3. Rajguru	: Kanpur Bolshevik Conspiracy case

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

13. What was the purpose behind issuing Delhi Manifesto in 1929?

- (a) To organise military coups against the British empire through military revolt.
- (b) To safeguard the political rights of Muslims in British India.
- (c) To sever ties with Britain and demand complete independence for India.
- (d) To demand implementation of 'Dominion Status' in the Round Table Conferences.

- 14.** Consider the following pairs:
- | <i>Newspaper</i>        | <i>Associated personality</i> |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Amrita Bazar Patrika | : Sisir Kumar Ghosh           |
| 2. Sudharak             | : Dadabhai Naoroji            |
| 3. Voice of India       | : Gopala Krishna Gokhale      |
- Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?
- (a) 1 and 2 only  
(b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 1 only  
(d) 2 only
- 15.** Tianwen 1 mission to Mars was recently launched by
- (a) European Union  
(b) China  
(c) Japan  
(d) South Korea
- 16.** In the last quarter of the nineteenth century, which of the following were the demands of the members of the Indian National Congress?
1. Indianization of civil services
  2. Reduction of import duties on textile imports.
  3. The right to bear arms.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 1 and 3 only  
(c) 2 and 3 only  
(d) 1, 2 and 3
- 17.** The main reason for the launch of Khilafat movement was to:
- (a) Demand for greater political representation of Muslims in the legislature and executive.  
(b) Agitate against the discrimination being meted out to the Indian Muslims.  
(c) Protest against the treatment meted out to the Ottoman Empire by Britain.  
(d) Show dissent against government's decision to go back on partition of Bengal.
- 18.** Who among the following was the founder of the 'Young Bengal Movement' in the 1820's?
- (a) David Hare  
(b) Keshub Chandra Sen  
(c) Henry Vivian Derozio  
(d) Dwarkanath Tagore
- 19.** Which of the following contributions are made by Bal Gangadhar Tilak to the cause of Indian National Movement?
1. Started the practice of using the traditional religious festival to propagate nationalist ideas.
  2. Associated with the Home Rule League movement.
  3. Concluded the Lucknow Pact which provided for Hindu-Muslim unity in the nationalist struggle.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only  
(b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 1 and 3 only  
(d) 1, 2 and 3
- 20.** 'India Energy Modeling Forum' was recently launched by India jointly with
- (a) Germany  
(b) Russia  
(c) Japan  
(d) The United States of America
- 21.** What was the main demand of the Bardoli Satyagraha organized under the leadership of Vallabhbhai Patel?
- (a) Writing off peasant debts  
(b) Granting land ownership right to tiller  
(c) Release of the Political prisoner arrested during Non-Cooperation Movement  
(d) Withdrawal of enhanced land revenue

22. ASEEM platform, launched recently by the government, aims to
- enable faster clearances of environmental impact assessments of infrastructure projects.
  - monitor real time power consumption across Indian cities.
  - bridge demand-supply gap of skilled workforce across sectors.
  - provide handholding services to attract foreign investment in strategic sectors.
23. Consider the following statements with reference to police reforms during the Governor Generalship of Lord Cornwallis:
- Lord Cornwallis established circles or thanas which were headed by European darogas.
  - The zamindars were relieved of their police functions.
  - In the villages, the policing duties were continued by the village watchmen.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- 1 and 3 only
  - 2 only
  - 2 and 3 only
  - 1, 2 and 3
24. Which of the following correctly describes the term 'lunar maria', recently seen in the news?
- A thin layer of atmospheric gases released by radioactive degassing.
  - Craters and volcanic features on the surface of the moon.
  - Optical halo rings around the moon formed by ice-crystal.
  - A short-lived change in the color and appearance of the Moon.
25. In the context of Salt Satyagraha, consider the following statements:
- Mahatma Gandhi broke the salt law at Dandi.
  - K. Kelappan led a salt march to Vedaranyam on the Tanjore coast.
  - Sarojini Naidu participated in the non-violent march to Dharasana salt works.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- 3 only
  - 1 and 2 only
  - 1 and 3 only
  - 1, 2 and 3
26. Consider the following pairs:
- | <i>Place in the news</i> | <i>Located in</i> |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Hagia Sophia          | : Turkey          |
| 2. Bhashan Char Island   | : Indonesia       |
| 3. Pasakha               | : Bhutan          |
- Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?
- 1 only
  - 2 and 3 only
  - 1 and 3 only
  - 1, 2 and 3
27. Which of the following leaders was the first *satyagrahi* to offer Individual Satyagraha in 1940?
- Vinoba Bhave
  - Mahatma Gandhi
  - Jawahar Lal Nehru
  - Brahma Dutt
28. Which of the following countries are the members of Quadrilateral Security Dialogue (QUAD), often seen in the news?
- India
  - Japan
  - Russia
  - USA
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1, 2 and 4 only
  - 2 and 3 only
  - 1 and 4 only
  - 1, 2, 3 and 4

29. Consider the following passage:  
The nationalists were totally dissatisfied with the Act. They saw in it a mockery of their demands. They now demanded a majority for non-official elected members with the right to vote on the budget and, thus, to the public purse. They raised the slogan 'no taxation without representation.' Which of the following act is being referred to in the above passage?  
(a) Indian Councils Act 1909  
(b) Indian Councils Act of 1892  
(c) Government of India Act 1919  
(d) Indian Councils Act of 1861
30. PRAGYATA guidelines were recently issued by the government in the context of  
(a) facilitating digital education.  
(b) preventing cyber-attacks.  
(c) regulating foreign funding.  
(d) incentivizing start-ups.
31. Consider the following statements about All-India Kisan Sabha:  
1. All India Kisan Sabha (AIKS) was established in 1936 under the presidentship of Jawahar Lal Nehru.  
2. Faizpur Session, 1936-37 was the first session of Congress to be held in a village, under the influence of AIKS.  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
32. With reference to recently launched Accelerate Vigyan Scheme, consider the following statements:  
1. It aims at creating a single platform for high-end scientific research by scholars and students.  
2. It is an initiative of NITI Aayog.  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
33. Consider the following statements about Public Safety Bill:  
1. Its aim was to give the Government power to deport 'undesirable' and 'subversive' foreign nationals to stop the spread of socialist and communist ideas.  
2. The bill was opposed by *Swarijists* but supported by the *Capitalists* & *Liberals* in the Legislative Council.  
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?  
(a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
34. Who of the following was/were economic critic of colonialism in India?  
1. G.K. Gokhale  
2. G.V. Joshi  
3. Syed Ahmed Khan  
Select the correct answer using the code given below.  
(a) 1 only  
(b) 1 and 2 only  
(c) 2 and 3 only  
(d) 1, 2 and 3
35. Arrange the following events of the Indian freedom movement in correct chronological sequence:  
1. Second Round Table Conference  
2. The foundation of All-India Students' Federation  
3. The first Independence (Swarajya) day was celebrated.  
Select the correct answer using the code given below.  
(a) 1-2-3  
(b) 1-3-2  
(c) 3-1-2  
(d) 3-2-1



36. Which of the following personalities were associated with the Mahalwari System in India?

1. Holt Mackenzie
2. Robert Martins Bird
3. Francis Hastings

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

37. With reference to the revolt of 1857, consider the following pairs:

<b>Leader</b>	<b>Centre of the 1857 Revolt</b>
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- |                 |            |
|-----------------|------------|
| 1. Nana Saheb   | : Kanpur   |
| 2. Khan Bahadur | : Faizabad |
| 3. Kunwar Singh | : Bihar    |
| 4. Begum Hazrat | : Lucknow  |

Mahal

Which of the pairs given above are correctly matched?

- (a) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

38. 'Cooling Emissions and Policy Synthesis Report' was recently published by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and

- (a) International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA)
- (b) World Economic Forum (WEF)
- (c) International Energy Agency (IEA)
- (d) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

39. MANODARPAN, an initiative by the government, aims to

- (a) provide forum for women to file real time complaint against cyber bullying.
- (b) provide counselling support to prisoners.
- (c) expedite development of digital infrastructure in underserved and remote areas.
- (d) provide psychosocial support to students for their mental health and well-being.

40. With reference to the socio-political and educational organizations set up during the colonial rule in India, consider the following pairs:

**Organization**

**Founder**

1. Scientific Society : Syed Ahmed Khan
2. East India Association : Dadabhai Nauroji
3. Madras Mahajan Sabha : Subramaniya Siva

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

41. In the 1930s, Karshak Sanghams was well known for leading peasant movements in which of the following regions?

- (a) Malabar region
- (b) United Provinces
- (c) Central Provinces
- (d) Mysore

42. Who among the following were the founders of the "Labor-Swaraj Party of Indian National Congress" established in 1925?

- (a) Jawahar Lal Nehru, Subhash Chandra Bose and M.A. Ansari
- (b) B. Krishna Pillai, E.M.S. Namboodiripad and K.C. George
- (c) Muzaffar Ahmed, Qazi Nazrul Islam and Hemanta Kumar Sarkar
- (d) Motilal Nehru, C.R. Das and Lala Lajpat Rai

43. Consider the following statement with reference to the Government of India Act of 1858?

1. It is known as an Act for the Better Government of India.
2. The post of viceroy was abolished under this Act.
3. The secretary of state made under the Act was directly responsible to the British Parliament.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

44. Consider the following statements with reference to the Consumer Protection Act, 2019:

1. The definition of consumer under the Act includes a person who obtains a good for resale or for any commercial purpose.
2. It provides for product liability under which a product manufacturer or service provider has to compensate a consumer for any harm caused by a defective good or deficient service.
3. The Act does away with Mediation as a mechanism of dispute resolution between parties.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1 and 2 only

45. With reference to Vaccine-derived polioviruses (VDPVs), consider the following statements:

1. It is a rare strain of poliovirus that has genetically mutated from the strain contained in the oral polio vaccine.
2. Currently, it is the only source of polioviruses in the world.
3. It is an incurable form of poliovirus.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

46. Consider the Gandhian movements given below and the associated Indian National Congress session in which the resolution for the movement was passed:

<b>Movement</b>	<b>Session</b>
1. Non-Cooperation Movement	: Nagpur Session
2. Civil Disobedience Movement	: Karachi Session
3. Quit India Movement	: Calcutta Session

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

47. Who were called as the "responsivists" during the Indian national movement?

- (a) A group which was influenced by socialist and communist ideas.
- (b) A group which wanted to organise an armed revolt against the colonial government.
- (c) A group which promoted communal harmony.
- (d) A group which offered support to the government for the protection of Hindu interests.

48. He was a Vaishnava saint and poet, renowned for his devotion to Rama and as the author of the Hindu epic Ramcharitmanas, retelling the Sanskrit Ramayana in Awadhi. He was a contemporary of Akbar. He is also known to have started the Ramlila plays.

Which of the following saint is being described in the above passage?

- (a) Valmiki
- (b) Tulsidas
- (c) Ved Vyasa
- (d) Kampan

49. Which of the following statements is **not** correct with regard to the Ryotwari settlement?

- (a) It was introduced initially in the south and south-western India.
- (b) The settlements under the system were revised periodically.
- (c) The tax revenue was paid by the peasant to the state through an intermediary.
- (d) The system was introduced in 1820 by Sir Thomas Munro.

50. Which of the following is/are correct with reference to the Code on Wages Act, 2019?

- 1. It provides that different floor wages may be fixed for different geographical areas.
- 2. It provides that employees working in excess of a normal working day will be entitled to overtime wage, which must be at least twice the normal rate of wages.
- 3. The wage period will be fixed by the respective state governments as either - daily, weekly, fortnightly, or monthly.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

51. Consider the following statements with regard to Pitt's India Act, 1784:

- 1. Under this Act, for the first time, the term 'British possessions in India' was used.
- 2. The company monopoly of Indian and Chinese trade remained intact.
- 3. For political matters related to India, a Board of Control was created under the Act.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 1 and 3 only

52. Which of the following is/are correct with reference to the Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019?

- 1. It recognizes the right to self-perceived gender identity and does away with the need for certification from a District Magistrate.
- 2. It offers reservations for the transgender under government educational institutions and in public employment.
- 3. It provides for a National Council for Transgender persons (NCT) with Union Minister of Social Justice and Empowerment as Chairman.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3



53. Consider the following statements regarding Turtle Survival Alliance:

1. It is an initiative of Indo-Pacific Rim countries to conserve the population of turtles.
2. It recently launched the KURMA mobile application for creating a turtle digital database.

Which of the statements given above is are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

54. Who among the following is associated with Independence for India League?

1. Mahatma Gandhi
2. Jawaharlal Nehru
3. Subhash Chandra Bose

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

55. Which of the following is **not** correct with reference to English East India Company (EIC)?

- (a) It was granted by Queen Elizabeth a Royal Charter and the exclusive privilege to trade in the East.
- (b) Jahangir was the first Mughal emperor to grant a farman to EIC.
- (c) The company opened its first factory at Hugli.
- (d) It opened new markets for Indian products and manufactures.

56. Consider the following statements with regard to Permanent settlement:

1. It was introduced in Bengal and Bihar by Warren Hastings.
2. The zamindars were made the owner of the whole land.
3. The rights of the zamindars were hereditary and transferable.

Which of the statements given above is are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only

57. In the 19th century, which of the following economic policies of the British led to the collapse of Indian handicrafts?

1. High import duties on Indian goods in Britain.
2. Import of cheaper machine-made textiles from Britain
3. Absence of patronage for Indian artisans

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

58. With reference to Lichens, consider the following statements:

1. Lichens are a symbiotic association between bacteria and protozoa.
2. They can be used as bio-indicators to assess environmental pollution.
3. India's first lichen park has recently been developed in the Western Ghats.

Which of the statements given above is are correct?

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

59. With reference to British rule in India, the 'Downward filtration theory' was used in the context of which of the following?
- Army
  - Police Reforms
  - Health
  - Education
60. This national park was first established as Wildlife Sanctuary. It is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. It is the biggest habitat of one-horned rhinoceros. It was recently in news over the devastating floods causing the death of many wild animals. Which of the following national parks is being described in the above passage?
- Manas National Park
  - Valmiki National Park
  - Kaziranga National Park
  - Periyar National Park
61. Who among the following gave the slogan "no religion, no caste and no God for mankind"?
- Sri Narayana Guru
  - Raja Rammohan Roy
  - Swami Dayanand
  - Sahadran Ayyapan
62. Consider the following statements with reference to Revolt of 1857:
- Most of the rulers of princely states took part in the revolt actively.
  - The revolt started in the form of a mutiny in Meerut.
  - Bahadur Shah Zafar was proclaimed as the Emperor of Hindustan during the revolt.
- Which of the statements given above are correct?
- 1 and 2 only
  - 2 and 3 only
  - 1 and 3 only
  - 1, 2 and 3
63. Ripon's resolution of 1882 pertained to:
- Financial devolution to local bodies
  - Improvement of labour conditions
  - Shifting the capital of British India
  - Strictly regulating the vernacular press
64. Which of the following were part of the Gandhi-Irwin Pact of 1931?
- Right to make salt for personal consumption
  - Release of political prisoners who were not convicted for violence
  - Public inquiry into police excesses
  - Right to peaceful picketing
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1 and 3 only
  - 3 and 4 only
  - 1, 2 and 4 only
  - 1, 2, 3 and 4
65. With reference to Vernacular Press Act (1878), which of the following statements is/are correct?
- The Act aimed to restrict the freedom of both Indian language and English newspapers in India.
  - Under this Act the district magistrate was all-empowered to take punitive actions, which cannot be appealed in the court of law.
  - The Act was repealed by Lytton in 1882.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1 and 3 only
  - 2 only
  - 2 and 3 only
  - 1, 2 and 3

**66.** Battle of Buxar was one of the most decisive battles of Indian history. In this context, which of the following are correct with reference to consequences of Battle of Buxar?

1. The Company secured the diwani rights of entire Mughal India.
2. Bengal came under dual system of administration.
3. The battle ended with the signing of the Treaty of Allahabad.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**67.** Rogan painting refers to:

- (a) a hand-painted fabric art in the Kutch region of India.
- (b) a miniature art practiced in Rajasthan.
- (c) ritualistic mural art practiced by local tribal women in Jharkhand.
- (d) a three-color cotton painting in Telangana.

**68.** Consider the following statements with reference to Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry (FICCI):

1. It was established through the efforts of Indian capitalists like G.D. Birla and Purshottamdas Thakurdas.
2. The FICCI remained as a trade union organization and effectively restricted itself from intervening in politics.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**69.** Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the Congress Benares session of 1905 ?

1. It was presided by Dadabhai Naoroji.
2. Self government or Swaraj was declared as the goal of Congress at this session.
3. At the session it was decided to extend the Swadeshi movement outside Bengal.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) None

**70.** Which of the following best describes the strategy of Indian national movement from 1920s to 1940s?

- (a) Struggle-truce-struggle
- (b) Struggle till the freedom
- (c) Struggle within the constitutional sphere
- (d) Struggle without harming the British rule

**71.** With reference to the recently launched National Initiative for School Heads' and Teachers' Holistic Advancement (NISHTHA), consider the following statements:

1. It is a capacity-building programme for improving the learning outcomes of students through the integration of technology.
2. It has been initiated by the National Council of Educational Research and Training.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

72. With reference to the MSME Emergency Response Programme, recently in news, consider the following statements:

1. It is an initiative by the International Monetary Fund.
2. It aims to increase the flow of finance into the hands of MSMEs which are severely impacted by the COVID-19 crisis.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

73. Which of the following correctly describes the phenomenon of 'Helium Flash'?

- (a) The illuminated tail of a comet when it passes through the inner Solar System.
- (b) A thermonuclear phenomenon to generate power from nuclear fusion reactions.
- (c) The natural light display caused by solar wind disturbances in the magnetosphere.
- (d) A lithium enrichment stage in the evolution of star caused by the rise in temperature and pressure.

74. He joined Anushilan Samiti and was tried in the Lahore Conspiracy Case. He died after his 63 days prolonged hunger strike demanding better treatment for political prisoners'. He was

- (a) Jatin Das
- (b) Batukeshwar Dutt
- (c) Surya Sen
- (d) Sachindra Nath Sanyal

75. "The movement occurred in the Eastern Bengal. The peasants organised agrarian leagues to resist increased rents by zamindars. The main form of struggle was legal resistance. After the uprising, the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 was passed to protect the tenant's rights."

Which of the following movements is being described in the above-given passage?"

- (a) Tebhaga movement
- (b) Pabna revolt
- (c) Indigo revolt
- (d) Eka movement

76. Which of the following organizations/movements was/were reformist in nature?

1. Tatvabodhini Sabha
2. Rehnumai Mazdayasan Sabha
3. Deoband Movement

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

77. "He was the Principal of the Sanskrit College in Bengal. He raised his voice in favor of the Widow Remarriage Act 1855. As a Government Inspector of schools, he organized thirty-five girl's schools."

The above passage refers to which of the following social reformers?

- (a) Debendranath Tagore
- (b) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
- (c) Jagan-nath Shankar Seth
- (d) Karsondas Mulji

- 78.** The 1907 Surat session of Indian National Congress is significant in the history of the freedom movement, because:
- (a) Congress accepted separate electorate for Muslims.
  - (b) Congress split into moderate and extremist groups.
  - (c) Swadeshi movement was launched.
  - (d) "Swaraj" was adopted as the goal of the Indian National Congress.
- 79.** Which of the following leaders founded the "Harijan Sevak Sangh" in 1932?
- (a) Mahatma Gandhi
  - (b) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
  - (c) Jawahar Lal Nehru
  - (d) K. Kelappan
- 80.** Consider the following statements with respect to the Simon Commission:
1. No Indian was a member of the Simon Commission.
  2. The report of the Simon Commission recommended for the Dominion Status for India.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 81.** Consider the following statements with reference to the changes in the army after 1858:
1. The proportion of the Europeans to Indians in the army was reduced.
  2. The European troops were kept in key geographical and military positions.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 82.** Which of the following events happened in the Lahore session of the Indian National Congress (1929)?
1. Resolution on National Economic Programme
  2. Resolution to reject the two-nation theory
  3. Poorna Swaraj Declaration
  4. Resolution on Fundamental rights
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
  - (b) 3 only
  - (c) 3 and 4 only
  - (d) 1, 3 and 4 only
- 83.** In the context of Indigo revolt of the 19th century, consider the following statements:
1. The revolt occurred in the western regions of the United Provinces.
  2. The rebellion against the European planters later turned into a movement against the colonial government.
  3. The Indigo Commission appointed to inquire into the problem, found that the indigo cultivation system is oppressive.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 and 2 only
  - (b) 3 only
  - (c) 2 and 3 only
  - (d) 1 and 3 only
- 84.** Consider the following statements regarding the Congress sessions and princely states' participation in freedom struggle:
1. The Nagpur Session of 1920 allowed the people of the States for the first time to initiate political activities in the name of Indian National Congress.
  2. The Haripura Session of 1938 extended the call for freedom struggle to the people of the States.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2



**85.** With reference to disqualification of legislators under the anti-defection law, recently seen in the news, consider the following statements:

1. When a member is disqualified under the anti-defection law, he can be immediately appointed a minister and will get six months to get re-elected.
2. Resigning as an MLA and subsequently joining another party does not attract disqualification.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**86.** Consider the following statements regarding the Battle of Plassey:

1. It was fought with British East India Company on one side and the Nawab of Bengal and French force on the other side.
2. After the battle, Mir Jafar was made the Nawab of Bengal.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**87.** Which of the following was/were the demands of the Nehru Report of 1928?

1. It sought reservations for Muslims in all the provincial governments.
2. It recommended universal adult suffrage and dissociation of state from religion.
3. It demanded complete independence for India.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**88.** During the Civil Disobedience Movement, a powerful agitation against 'Cunningham Circular' was launched in Assam because it

- (a) imposed censorship on national and regional press.
- (b) forbade industrial workers to form trade unions.
- (c) prohibited students from participating in political activities.
- (d) provided for imprisonment without trial.

**89.** Which of the following parties were a part of Boycott of the Simon Commission in 1928?

1. Liberal Federation
2. Bahishkrita Hitakarini Sabha
3. Indian Industrial and Commercial Congress
4. Hindu Mahasabha

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

**90.** Portuguese were the first to arrive in India and had established monopoly of eastern trade for nearly a century. Yet they were unable to maintain dominions in India because:

1. Their merchants enjoyed less power than landed aristocrats.
2. As compared to other European powers they lagged in the development of shipping.
3. They followed a policy of religious intolerance.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**91.** During the nineteenth century in British India, which of the following objectives guided the colonial economic policies?

1. Transformation of colonies into a supplier of foodstuffs and raw materials to the metropolis.
2. A market for the metropolitan manufacturers
3. A field for the investment of British capital.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 1 only

**92.** Consider the following statements with regard to civil services in India:

1. Lord Cornwallis introduced the covenanted civil services and the uncovenanted civil services.
2. Lord Wellesley established the college of Fort William at Calcutta to educate recruits for civil services
3. The Charter Act of 1853 provided for an open competitive examination for the recruitment of civil servants.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**93.** Bhagat Singh, a revolutionary socialist leader, was associated with which of the following organizations?

1. Hindustan Socialist Republican Association
2. Naujawan Bharat Sabha
3. Workers' & Peasants Party

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**94.** With reference to the recently launched scheme 'Agriculture Infrastructure Fund', consider the following statements:

1. It aims to finance projects related to the improvement of post-harvesting infrastructure.
2. It is a centrally sponsored scheme.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**95.** With reference to Anti-Chowkidara Movement, consider the following statements:

1. Anti-Chowkidara movement became a part of the Civil Disobedience Movement.
2. Chowkidara was a tax levied on the villages by the Panchayats.
3. It was prominent in various parts of Southern & North Western India.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**96.** Which of the following is/are correct with reference to the UN Convention Against Torture (UNCAT)?

1. It prevents the extradition of criminals to a country where there is a danger of torture.
2. India has signed and ratified the convention.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**97.** In the context of the Indian freedom movement, Khudai Khidmatgars organised

- (a) a peasant movement in Punjab
- (b) a movement for upliftment of tribals in Gujarat
- (c) non violent resistance movement in North-West Frontier Province
- (d) international political movement to overthrow British rule in India.

**98.** With reference to Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (API), consider the following statements:

1. API is a biologically active component of a drug product required for making medicines.
2. India is the largest producer and exporter of APIs in the world.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**99.** Consider the following statements:

1. The early nationalists actively demanded industrial worker's rights.
2. Sasipada Banerjee brought out the journal Bharat Sramjeebi to educate the workers.
3. Narayan Meghajee Lokhanday started the Bombay Mill and Millhands' Association in 1890.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**100.** The 'Post War Economic Development Committee,' set up in 1942 drafted the Bombay Plan. The Bombay Plan provided for which of the following?

1. Comprehensive land reform
2. Cooperativization of production
3. Series of workers' welfare schemes
4. Complete nationalization

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4