Reproducible Analysis of RNA-Seq Data – SRP033351

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June 21, 2020

1 Overview

Use RNA-Seq data from SRA study SRP033351 as an example.

The goal of taffeta is to preform reproducible analysis and validation of RNA-Seq data, as a part of RAVED pipeline 1:

- Download SRA .fastq data
- Perform preliminary QC
- Align reads to a reference genome
- Perform QC on aligned files
- Create a report that can be used to verify that sequencing was successful and/or identify sample outliers
- Perform differential expression of reads aligned to transcripts according to a given reference genome
- Create a report that summarizes the differential expression results

Generate LSF scripts in each step for HPC use.

2 Informatics Tools

RNA-Seq data analysis is performed on HPC. Directly use softwares that are already installed.

Check and load pre-installed softwares. For example:

module avail
module load Trimmomatic-0.32

Unintalled softwares or those that need re-configuration will be installed locally.

2.1 Raw reads process

2.1.1 NCBI toolkit E-utilities

• usage: query data from NCBI

- version: Use esearch and efetchlocation: /home/mengykan/edirect
- tutorial: Entrez Direct: E-utilities on the UNIX Command Line ²

sh -c "\$(curl -fsSL ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/entrezdirect/install-edirect.sh)"

2.1.2 SRA Toolkit

- usage: download fastq files from the SRA repository, if the data are not available in SRAdb R package.
- version: Use fastq-dump (2.9.6)
- location: /home/mengykan/.local/bin/

```
cd $HOME/softwares
wget http://ftp-trace.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/sdk/2.9.6-1/sratoolkit.2.9.6-1-ubuntu64.tar.gz
tar -zvxf sratoolkit.2.9.6-1-ubuntu64.tar.gz
ln -s /home/mengykan/softwares/sratoolkit.2.9.6-1-ubuntu64/bin/* /home/mengykan/.local/bin/
```

2.1.3 trimmomatic

• usage: trim raw reads

• version: trimmomatic-0.32

• location: /opt/software/Trimmomatic/0.32/trimmomatic-0.32.jar

2.1.4 FastQC

Needs re-configuration. Use a customized contaminant_list.txt with updated adapter and primer sequences.

• usage: report reads quality

• version: FastQC v0.11.7

• location: /home/mengykan/.local/bin/

• local installation:

cd ~/softwares
wget https://www.bioinformatics.babraham.ac.uk/projects/fastqc/fastqc_v0.11.7.zip
unzip fastqc_v0.11.7.zip
cd FastQC/
chmod 775 fastqc
ln -s /home/mengykan/softwares/FastQC/fastqc /home/mengykan/.local/bin/



Important

Prepare for the **contaminant_list.txt** in FastQC configuration with most updated adapter and primer sequences. We provide a list of sequences in **template_files/rnaseq_adapter_primer_sequences.txt**. Add the last two columns (i.e. Description and Sequence without header line) to the FastQC configuration file

 \sim /softwares/FastQC/Configuration/contaminant_list.txt. Users can also add the sequences from their own protocol.

2.2 Align and mapping

2.2.1 STAR

• usage: align and mapping RNA-Seq reads

• version: STAR/2.7.1a

• location: /opt/software/STAR/2.7.1a/bin/STAR

2.2.2 samtools

• usage: sort, index, statistics

version: 1.8 (the current version has multi-thread option for .bam file index and sort)

• location: /home/mengykan/.local/bin

• local installation:

```
cd ~/softwares
wget https://github.com/samtools/samtools/releases/download/1.8/samtools-1.8.tar.bz2
tar xvjf samtools-1.8.tar.bz2
cd samtools-1.8
./configure --prefix=/home/mengykan/.local # local installation
make
make install
```

2.3 Bam file QC metrics

2.3.1 bamtools

• usage: manipulate bam files

• version: 2.3.0

• location: /opt/software/bamtools/2.3.0/bin/bamtools. Add bamtools library path /opt/software/bamtools/2.3.0/lib to LD_LIBRARY_PATH in .bashrc if it is not there, otherwise will get the error *error while loading shared libraries: libbamtools.so.2.3.0: cannot open shared object file: No such file or directory*

2.3.2 picard

• usage: stats of RNA metrics and insertsize metrics in RNA-Seq data

• version: picard-tools-1.96

• location: /opt/software/picard/picard-tools-1.96

2.4 Gene and transcript-level quantification

2.4.1 HTseq

· usage: count mapping reads for DESeq2 DE identification

- version: HTSeq-v0.11.2
- location: /home/mengykan/.local/bin/htseq-count
- local installation using conda:

cd ~/softwares
conda install -c bioconda htseq
ln -s /home/mengykan/miniconda2/bin/htseq-count /home/mengykan/.local/bin/

2.4.2 kallisto

- · usage: pseudoalign and quantify transcript
- version: 0.44.0
- location: /project/bhimeslab/kallisto_linux-v0.42.3/kallisto (symbolic to ~/.local/bin/kallisto)

cd /project/bhimeslab/softwares
wget https://github.com/pachterlab/kallisto/releases/download/v0.44.0/kallisto_linux-v0.44.0.tar.gz
tar zxvf kallisto_linux-v0.44.0.tar.gz
cd kallisto_linux-v0.44.0
ln -s /project/bhimeslab/softwares/kallisto_linux-v0.44.0/kallisto /home/mengykan/.local/bin/kallisto

2.5 DE analysis

2.5.1 sleuth

- sleuth R package usage: identify differential expressed genes and visualize results
- version: 0.30.0, dependency rhdf5 2.22.0
- location: /home/mengykan/.local/R-3.4/libs

local installation

1. set R local environment

install.packages("devtools")

add R enviromental path in .bashrc

export R_LIBS=/home/mengykan/.local/R-3.4/libs

2. install rhdf5

source("http://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")
biocLite("rhdf5")

3. install devtools

4. install sleuth

R library(devtools) devtools::install_github("pachterlab/sleuth")

2.5.2 DESeq2

• usage: Gene-based DE analysis and results visualization

• version: 1.18.1

• location: \$HOME/.local/R/libs

1. pre-install r package RcppArmadillo [optional]



Install DESeq2 first to check if this package is installed already. The latest version 0.7.500 requires g++ version 4.6 or greater. Check module avail and load a higher g++ version module load gcc/6.2.1

2. local installation

source("http://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R") biocLite("DESeq2")

Other R packages 2.6

Required R packages include:

- R CRAN: DT, dyplr, ggplot2, gplots, RColorBrewer, rmarkdown, tidyr, pander
- Bioconductor: biomaRt, DESeq2, viridis

Reference Genome 3

3.1 Human genome reference files

- indexed reference genome with ERCC spike-in: hg38/genome.ERCC.fa and hg38/genome.ERCC.fa.fai
- known gene/transcript annotations:
 - ► hg38/genes.gtf (human genes)
 - ► ERCC92.gtf (ERCC spike-in)
 - ▶ hg38/genes.ERCC.gtf (human genes with ERCC spike-in by concatenating the above two)
- rRNA annotations: hg38/rRNA_hg38.gtf
- refFlat format ³ position file used through Picard command to generate RNA-Seq metrics: hg38/refFlat.txt

3.2 STAR index creation

Create reference genome index for STAR if it does not exist. STAR tutorial ⁴ recommended to remove all files from the genome directory before running the genome generation step. Create a new directory STAR_index under previous reference folder.

mkdir /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38/STAR_index
cd mkdir /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38/STAR_index
STAR --runThreadN 12 --runMode genomeGenerate --genomeDir /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38/STAR_index --genomeFastaFiles /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38/genes.ERCC.fa --sjdbGTFfile /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38/genes.ERCC.gtf

- 15 files generated: chrLength.txt, chrNameLength.txt, chrName.txt, chrStart.txt, exonGeTrInfo.tab, exon-Info.tab, geneInfo.tab, Genome, genomeParameters.txt, SA, SAindex, sjdbInfo.txt, sjdbList.fromGTF.out.tab, sjdbList.out.tab, transcriptInfo.tab
- --sjdb0verhang defalt is 100

3.3 Kallisto index

Create reference genome index for kallisto if it does not exist. Kallisto indexing is very fast.

cd /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38 kallisto index -i hg38_new.idx /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38/Homo_sapiens.GRCh38.re179.cdna.all.fa

4 RNA-Seq Pipeline

4.1 GitHub structure

- pipeline_scripts: Python scripts should be added in an executable search path.
- **template_files:** Rmd template and other text files used in the pipeline. Put into a template directory specified as template_dir.
- example_files: output phenotype file, RMD scripts and output HTML report for this example.
- miscellaneous: random useful scripts and files not specify in this pipeline



Edit **pipeline_scripts/rnaseq_userdefine_variables.py** with user-defined variables before add it to an executable search path.

4.2 SRA download and fastqc

4.2.1 run command line

pipeline_scripts/rnaseq_sra_download.py: download .fastq files from SRA.

Read in **template_files/rnaseq_sra_download_Rmd_template.txt** from specified directory template_dir to create a RMD script.

Ftp addresses for corresponding samples are obtained from SRA SQLite database using R package SRAdb.

If .fastq files with the same names exist in the directory, skip downloading.

```
mkdir -p /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/SRAdownload
cd /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/SRAdownload
rnaseq_sra_download.py --geo_id GSE52778 --path_start /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351 --project_name SRP033351 --template_dir /hom\
e/mengykan/Projects/shared_files/RNASeq --fastqc
```

4.2.2 script options

The option --pheno_info refers to using user provided SRA ID for download which is included in the SRA_ID column in the provided phenotype file. If the phenotype file is not provided, use phenotype information from GEO. SRA_ID is retrieved from the field relation.1.

The option -- fastqc refers to running FastQC for downloaded .fastq files.

4.2.3 submit LSF script

Generate LSF scripts for each download .fastq file. Submit LSF jobs on HPC that enables to run in parallel.

```
for i in *_download.lsf; do bsub < $i; done

cat SRR1039508_1_download.lsf

#!/bin/bash
#BSUB -L /bin/bash
#BSUB -J SRR1039508_1_download
#BSUB -q normal
#BSUB -o SRR1039508_1_download_%J.out
#BSUB -e SRR1039508_1_download_%J.screen
#BSUB -M 36000
#BSUB -N 1
wget ftp://ftp.sra.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/fastq/SRR103/008/SRR1039508_1.fastq.gz -o /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP03
3351/SRR1039508
```



Check the error (.screen) files to see if the ftp address is available. For example, SRR1039513_3.fastq.gz is in sqlite database but not in the ftp://ftp.sra.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/fastq/SRR103/003/SRR1039513

4.2.4 output files

Output files are saved in ~/Projects/SRP033351/SRP033351_SRAdownload:

- GEO phenotype GSE52778_withoutQC.txt
- SRA download information SRP033351_sraFile.info
- The RMD and corresponding HTML report files:
 - ► SRP033351_SRAdownload_RnaSegReport.Rmd
 - ► SRP033351_SRAdownload_RnaSeqReport.html
- Raw .fastq files downloaded from SRA
- FastQC results are saved under each sample folder

4.3 User-tailored phenotype file preparation

The sample info file used in the following steps should be provided by users.

4.3.1 required columns

- 'Sample' column containing sample ID
- 'Status' column containing variables of comparison state
- 'R1' and/or 'R2' columns containing full paths of .fastq files

4.3.2 other columns

'Treatment', 'Disease', 'Donor' (i.e. cell line ID if <i>in vitro</i> treatment is used), 'Tissue', 'ERCC\Mix' (i.e. ERCC mix ID if ERCC spike-in sample is used), 'protocol' designating sample preparation kit information.

4.3.3 Index column

'Index' column contains index sequence for each sample. If provided, trim raw .fastq files based on corresponding adapter sequences.

If use data from GEO, most GEO phenotype data do not have index information. However, FastQC is able to detect them as *Overrepresented sequences*. Users can tailor the 'Index' column based on FastQC results. We provide a file with most updated adapter and primer sequences for FastQC detection.

For **Illumina UD indexes** with dual indexes i7 and i5, use the format of i7+i5 (e.g. AGTACTCC+AACCTGTT).

4.3.4 Sample file

An example phenotype file can be found here **example_files/SRP033351_Phenotype_withoutQC.txt**. Use this file in the following steps.

SRA_ID	Sample	Index	GEO_ID	Donor	Tissue	Treatment	ERCC_Mix	Protocol

SRX3843	45 SRR1039508	CGATGT	GSM1275862	N61311	ASM	untreated	-	TruSeq_RNA_Sample
SRX3843	46 SRR1039509	TGACCA	GSM1275863	N61311	ASM	dex	-	TruSeq_RNA_Sample
SRX3843	47 SRR1039510	ACAGTG	GSM1275864	N61311	ASM	alb	-	TruSeq_RNA_Sample
SRX3843	48 SRR1039511	GCCAAT	GSM1275865	N61311	ASM	alb_dex	-	TruSeq_RNA_Sample
SRX3843	49 SRR1039512	CAGATC	GSM1275866	N052611	ASM	untreated	-	TruSeq_RNA_Sample

Table continued

Status	R1	R2
healthy_untreated	/path_to_file/SRR1039508_1.fastq.gz	/path_to_file/SRR1039508_2.fastq.gz
healthy_dex	/path_to_file/SRR1039509_1.fastq.gz	/path_to_file/SRR1039509_2.fastq.gz
healthy_alb	/path_to_file/SRR1039510_1.fastq.gz	/path_to_file/SRR1039510_2.fastq.gz
healthy_alb_dex	/path_to_file/SRR1039511_1.fastq.gz	/path_to_file/SRR1039511_2.fastq.gz
healthy_untreated	/path_to_file/SRR1039512_1.fastq.gz	/path_to_file/SRR1039512_2.fastq.gz



Important

Column naming is rigid for the following columns: 'Sample', 'Status', 'Index', 'R1', 'R2', 'ERCC_Mix', 'Treatment', 'Disease', 'Donor', because pipeline scripts will recognize these name strings, but the column order can be changed.

4.4 Align and quantification

4.4.1 run command line

Run pipeline_scripts/rnaseq_align_and_qc.py to: 1) trim adapter and primer sequences if index information is available, 2) run FastQC for (un)trimmed .fastq files, 3) align reads and quantify reads mapped to genes/transcripts, and 5) obtain various QC metrics from .bam files.

Edit **pipeline_scripts/rnaseq_userdefine_variables.py** with a list user-defined variables (e.g. paths of genome reference file, paths of bioinformatics tools, versions of bioinformatics tools), and save the file under an executable search path.

If perform adapter trimming, read in template_files/rnaseq_adapter_primer_sequences.txt from specified directory template_dir used as a reference list of index and primer sequences for various library preparation kits.

BASH

mkdir -p /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/align

cd /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/align

rnaseq_align_and_qc.py --project_name SRP033351 --samples_in /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/files/SRP033351_Phenotype_withoutQC.t\ xt --aligner star --ref_genome hg38 --library_type PE --index_type truseq_single_index --strand nonstrand --path_start /home/mengyka\ n/Projects/SRP033351 --template_dir /home/mengykan/Projects/shared_files/RNASeq

4.4.2 script options

The --library_type option refers to PE (paired-end) or SE (single-end) library.

The --index_type option refers to index used in sample library preparation. The index types provided in template-_files/rnaseq_adapter_primer_sequences.txt are:

- truseq_single_index (TruSeq Single Indexes)
- illumina_ud_sys1 (Illumina UD indexes for NovaSeq, MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500)
- illumina_ud_sys2 (Illumina UD indexed for MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq 3000/4000)
- prepX (PrepX for Apollo 324 NGS Library Prep System)

template_files/rnaseq_adapter_primer_sequences.txt:

- · contains four columns (i.e. Type, Index, Description, Sequence). Sequences in the Index column is used to match those in Index column in sample info file. This column naming is rigid.
- based on the following resources:
 - illumina adapter sequences ⁵
 - ► PrepX RNA-Seq Index Primers and Sequences ⁶
- If users provide new sequences, add the new index type in the 1st column 'Type' and specify it in index_type.

The --strand option refers to sequencing that captures sequences from non-specific strands (nonstrand) or from specific strand i.e. the 1st synthesized strand (reverse) or the 2nd synthesized strand (forward) of cDNA. If the 2nd strand is synthesized using dUTP, this strand will extinct during PCR amplification, thus only 1st (reverse) strand will be sequenced.



Important

Read sample preparation protocal carefully. Reads not in the specified strand will be discarded. Double check proprotion of reads mapped to no feature category in QC report. If a lot of reads are mapped to 'no feature', the strand option setting is likely incorrect.

4.4.3 submit LSF script

LSF scripts are generated for each sample. Submit LSF jobs on HPC that enables to run in parallel.

	BASH BASH				
for i in *_align.lsf; do bsub < \$i; done					
Check one sample LSF					
cat SRR1039508_align.lsf					
	OUTPUT				
#!/bin/bash					
#BSUB -L /bin/bash					
#BSUB -J SRR1039508_align					
#BSUB -q normal					

```
#BSUB -e SRR1039508_align_%J.screen
#BSUB -M 36000
#BSUB -n 12
cd /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/
java -Xmx1024m -classpath /opt/software/Trimmomatic/0.32/trimmomatic-0.32.jar org.usadellab.trimmomatic.TrimmomaticP
E -phred33 /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRP033351_SRAdownload/SRR1039508_1.fastq.gz /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP0
33351/SRP033351_SRAdownload/SRR1039508_2.fastq.gz /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_R1_Trimmed.
fastq R1_Trimmed_Unpaired.fastq /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_R2_Trimmed.fastq R2_Trimmed_U
npaired.fastq ILLUMINACLIP:/home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_adapter.fa:2:30:10 MINLEN:40
fastqc -o /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/ /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_R1_Tr
immed.fastq /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_R2_Trimmed.fastq
cat /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_R1_Trimmed.fastq | awk '((NR-2)%4==0){read=$1;total++;cou
nt[read]++}END{for(read in count){if(count[read]==1){unique++}};print total,unique,unique*100/total}' > /home/mengyka
n/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_ReadCount
cat /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_R2_Trimmed.fastq | awk '((NR-2)%4==0){read=$1;total++;cou
nt[read]++}END{for(read in count){if(count[read]==1){unique++}};print total,unique,unique*100/total}' >> /home/mengyk
an/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_ReadCount
mkdir /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/star_out
cd /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/star_out
STAR --genomeDir /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38/STAR_index --runThreadN 12 --outReadsUnmapped Fastx --outMultimapp
erOrder Random --outSAMmultNmax 1 --outFilterIntronMotifs RemoveNoncanonical --outSAMstrandField intronMotif --outSAM
type BAM SortedByCoordinate --readFilesIn /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_R1_Trimmed.fastq /h
ome/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508_R2_Trimmed.fastq
mv Aligned.sortedByCoord.out.bam accepted_hits.bam
mkdir /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/htseq_out/
samtools view accepted_hits.bam | htseq-count -r pos --stranded=no - /project/bhimeslab/Reference/hg38/genes.ERCC.gtf
> /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/htseq_out/SRR1039508_counts.txt
samtools sort accepted_hits.bam -@12 -T SRR1039508.tmp -o SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bam
samtools index -@12 SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bam
samtools idxstats SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bam > SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.stats
bamtools stats -in SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bam > SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bamstats
java -Xmx2g -jar /opt/software/picard/picard-tools-1.96/CollectRnaSeqMetrics.jar REF_FLAT=/project/bhimeslab/Referenc
e/hg38/refFlat.txt STRAND_SPECIFICITY=NONE VALIDATION_STRINGENCY=LENIENT INPUT=SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bam OU
TPUT=SRR1039508_RNASeqMetrics
echo "Junction Spanning Reads: " $(bamtools filter -in SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bam -script /home/mengykan/Pro
jects/SRP03351/SRR1039508/cigarN.script | bamtools count ) >> SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bamstats
java -Xmx2g -jar /opt/software/picard/picard-tools-1.96/CollectInsertSizeMetrics.jar VALIDATION_STRINGENCY=LENIENT HI
STOGRAM_FILE=SRR1039508_InsertSizeHist.pdf INPUT=SRR1039508_accepted_hits.sorted.bam OUTPUT=SRR1039508_InsertSizeMetr
rm accepted_hits.bam
```

4.4.4 output files

#BSUB -o SRR1039508_align_%J.out

Various output files will be written for each sample in directories structured such as:

- Sample-level directory /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRR1039508/SRR1039508
- Trimemd and FastQC files are:
 - ► SRR1039508_R1_Trimmed.fastq
 - ► SRR1039508_R2_Trimmed.fastq
 - ► SRR1039508_R1_Trimmed_fastqc.zip
 - ▶ SRR1039508_R2_Trimmed_fastqc.zip
 - ▶ SRR1039508__ReadCount
- Aligned .bam and QC metrics files are saved in

- ▶ star_out/
- Quantification results are saved in
 - ▶ htseq_out/

4.5 Summary report of QC metrics

4.5.1 run command lines

Run **pipeline_scripts/rnaseq_align_and_qc_report.py** to create an HTML report of QC and alignment summary statistics for RNA-seq samples.

Read in **template_files/rnaseq_align_and_qc_report_Rmd_template.txt** from specified directory template_dir to create a RMD script.

This script uses many output files created in align and quantification step, converts these sample-specific files into matrices that include data for all samples, and then creates an Rmd document.

```
mkdir -p /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/qc_report
cd /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/qc_report
rnaseq_align_and_qc_report.py --project_name SRP033351 --samples_in /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/files/SRP033351_Phenotype_with\
outQC.txt --aligner star --ref_genome hg38 --library_type PE --strand nonstrand --path_start /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351 --tem\
plate_dir /home/mengykan/Projects/shared_files/RNASeq
```

4.5.2 submit LSF script

Generate a single LSF script SRP033351_qc.lsf. This is a single-node analysis, but we recommend running it on HPC as the step of count normalization for PCA plots takes a lot of memory.

```
bsub < SRP033351_qc.lsf

cat SRP033351_qc.lsf

#!/bin/bash
#BSUB -L /bin/bash
#BSUB -J SRP033351_qc
#BSUB -q normal
#BSUB -q normal
#BSUB -o SRP033351_qc_%J.out
#BSUB -e SRP033351_qc_%J.screen
#BSUB -M 36000
#BSUB -n 1
cd /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRP033351_Alignment_QC_Report_star/; echo "library(rmarkdown); rmarkdown::render
('SRP033351_QC_RnaSeqReport.Rmd')" | R --no-save --no-restore
```

4.5.3 output files

Output files are saved in ~/Projects/SRP033351/SRP033351_Alignment_QC_Report_star

The RMD and corresponding HTML report files are:

- SRP033351_QC_RnaSeqReport.Rmd
- SRP033351_QC_RnaSeqReport.html

4.6 Gene-based DE analysis

4.6.1 run command lines

Run **pipeline_scripts/rnaseq_de_report.py** to perform DE analysis and create an HTML report of differential expression summary statistics.

Read in **template_files/rnaseq_de_report_Rmd_template.txt** from specified directory template_dir to create a RMD script.

```
mkdir -p /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/deseq2
cd /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/deseq2
rnaseq_de_report.py --project_name SRP033351 --samples_in /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/files/SRP033351_Phenotype_withQC.txt --c\
omp /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/files/SRP033351_comp_file.txt --de_package deseq2 --ref_genome hg38 --path_start /home/mengyka\
n/Projects/SRP033351 --template_dir /home/mengykan/Projects/shared_files/RNASeq
```

4.6.2 script options

The <code>--samples_in</code> option specifies user provided phenotype file for DE analysis (e.g. <code>example_files/SRP033351_Phenotype_withQC.txt</code>). The columns are the same as <code>example_files/SRP033351_Phenotype_withoutQC.txt</code> but with an additional column <code>QC.Pass</code> designating samples to be included (QC_Pass=1) or excluded (QC_Pass=0) after QC. This column naming is rigid which will be recoganized in pipeline scripts, but column order can be changed. In the current example, all samples pass QC.

The --comp option specifies comparisons of interest in a tab-delimited text file with one comparison per line with three columns (i.e. Condition1, Condition0, Design), designating Condition1 vs. Condition2. The DE analysis accommodates a *paired* or *unpaired* option specified in Design column. For paired design, specify the condition to correct for that should match the column name in the sample info file - e.g. paired:Donor. Note that if there are any samples without a pair in any given comparison, the script will automatically drop these samples from that comparison, which will be noted in the report.

Find the example comp file here **example_files/SRP033351_comp_file.txt**.

Condition1	Condition0	Design	
alb	untreated	paired:Donor	
dex	untreated	paired:Donor	
alb_dex	untreated	paired:Donor	

4.6.3 submit LSF script

Generate a single LSF script SRP033351_deseq2.lsf. This is a single-node analysis, but we recommend running it on HPC as the steps of count normalization for pairwise comparisons take a lot of memory.

```
bsub < SRP033351_deseq2.lsf

cat SRP033351_deseq2.lsf

#!/bin/bash
#BSUB -L /bin/bash
#BSUB -J SRP033351_deseq2
#BSUB -q normal
#BSUB -q normal
#BSUB -o SRP033351_deseq2_%J.out
#BSUB -e SRP033351_deseq2_%J.screen
#BSUB -m 36000
#BSUB -n 1
cd /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/SRP033351_deseq2_out/; echo "library(rmarkdown); rmarkdown::render('SRP033351_DE Seq2_Report.Rmd')" | R --no-save --no-restore
```

4.6.4 output files

Output DE results are saved in ~/Projects/SRP033351/SRP033351_deseq2_out:

- Pairwise DE comparisons
 - e.g. SRP033351_healthy_dex_vs_healthy_untreated_full_DESeq2_results.txt
- Normalized counts in samples for each pairwise comparison
 - e.g. SRP033351_healthy_dex_vs_healthy_untreated_counts_normalized_by_DESeq2.txt
- Normalized counts for all samples
 - SRP033351_counts_normalized_by_DESeq2.txt

The RMD and corresponding HTML report files are:

- SRP033351_DESeq2_Report.Rmd
- SRP033351_DESeq2_Report.html

5 Miscellaneous

5.1 Check completeness of SRAtools download

If fastq files are downloaded using the fastq-dump function in SRAtools, check message in standard output to confirm the completeness of this step.

A short report will be returned with the number of spots (reads) read/written for a particular sample if the running is completed

Use the following bash commands to check:

```
all_samps=`cut -f2 /projects/shared/RNASeq/SRP033351/SRP033351_SRAdownload/GSE52778_withoutQC.txt | grep -v "Sample\"`
for samp in $all_samps; do num=`grep "Written" /home/mengykan/Projects/SRP033351/scripts/SRAdownload/$samp"_downloa\d"*.screen | grep -c "spots for"`; echo $samp $num; done
```

if fastq-dump is completed, the return value will be 1 for each sample

5.2 Strand option

To run rnaseq_align_and_qc.py, --strand option needs to be specified, which refers to either stranded or unstranded data produced by RNA-seq library construction kits.

Use --strand nonstrand if cDNA sequences will be amplified without specific strands (nonstrand), --strand reverse if the 1st cDNA strand will be amplified, and --strand forward if the 2nd cDNA strand will be amplified.

This option is comparable to options in other tools, including htseq-count --stranded option, Picard tools STRAND-_SPECIFICITY option, and TopHat --library-type. Find this table for strand related settings for RNA-seq tools ⁷

A widely used method, dUTP-based method, incorporates dUTP into the second cDNA strand for stranded RNA sequencing, and adds dAMP to the 3 ends of the resulting dscDNA, thus only 1st cDNA will be produced and sequenced.

Library preparation kits for --strand option:

- reverse: TruSeq Stranded mRNA Sample Prep Kit protocol, KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit (dUTP-based methods), PrepX RNA-Seq for Illumina Library kit (Takara Bio USA)
- nonstrand: TruSeq RNA Sample Prep Kit v2

References

```
    [RAVED pipeline]
https://github.com/HimesGroup/raved
```

- 2. [Entrez Direct: E-utilities on the UNIX Command Line] https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK179288/
- 3. [refFlat format]
 https://genome.ucsc.edu/FAQ/FAQformat.html
- 4. [STAR tutorial]
 https://github.com/alexdobin/STAR/blob/master/doc/STARmanual.pdf
- 5. [illumina adapter sequences] https://support.illumina.com/content/dam/illumina-support/documents/documentation/chemistry_documentation/experiment-design/illumina-adapter-sequences-1000000002694-07.pdf

6. [PrepX RNA-Seq Index Primers and Sequences] https://genome.med.harvard.edu/documents/illumina/IntegenX_Apollo324_mRNA_Seq_Protocol_ 10012012.pdf

7. [table for strand related settings for RNA-seq tools] https://github.com/griffithlab/rnaseq_tutorial/blob/master/manuscript/supplementary_tables/

supplementary_table_5.md