PROJECT REPORT

Project

- It is a work plan devised to achieve a specific objective with specified period of time.
- A project has a single set of objectives, and when these objectives are reached the project is completed.
- A sequence of tasks that must be completed to attain a certain outcome.
- The three basic attributes are:-
- 1. Course of action
- 2. Specific objectives
- 3. Definite time perspective

Project objectives

- Project objectives are concerned with defining in a precise manner what the project is expected to achieve and to provide a measure of performance for the project as a whole.
- Requirements for project objectives are:-
- Specific, not general
- Not complex
- Measurable, tangible and verifiable
- Consistent with organizational plans, policies and procedures.

Aspects		Concerned with		
		I. Preliminary		
Product/Service	(i)	Choice of a product/service		
	(ii)	Technical characteristics of the product/service		
	(iii)			
Marketing	(i)	Consumer preferences		
	(ii)	Nature of competition		
	(iii)	Potential aggregate demand		
	(iv)	Likely share of the project		
Technical	(i)	Location		
	(ii)	Scale of operation		
	(iii)	Manufacturing process		
	(iv)	Plant and machinery		
	(v)	Plant layout		
	(vi)	Work schedule		
Financial	(1)	Outlay on fixed assets		
	(ii)	Current assets		
	(iii)	Working capital		
	(iv)	Short and long-term finance		
	(v)	Bills etc.		
Economic	(1)	Utility to society		
	(ii)	Employment generation		
	(iii)	Ancillary development		
	(iv)	Scope for area development		
	(v)	Social benefits		
		II. Feasibility		
Financial viability	(i)	Costs and benefits		
	(ii)	Risk characteristics		
	(iii)	Viability		
	(iv)	Internal rate of return (IRR)		
Profitability	(1)	Revenues, earnings		
	(11)	Costs		
	(iii)	Profits		
	(iv)	Break-even level of operations		
Pinancial Projections	(1)	Proforma balance sheet		
	(11)	Sources and use of funds		
Socio-economic desirability	(1)	Social goals		
	(11)	Desirability of the project from the larger social angle		
CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE	(iii)	Maximum Returns.		

Project report

- Soon after the identification of a project and its implementation, the project report is formulated.
- Project report assessed the demand of the proposed product to be produced, works out the cost of investment as well as the operational cost and thus estimates the expected profitability of the proposed investment.

- A project report incorporating relevant data of a project serves as a guide to management and records merits and demerits in allocating resources to production of specific goods and services.
- In other words, Project Report or Business Plan is a Written Document of what an Entrepreneur proposes to take up & his course of action to establish his Enterprise.
- The Project Report serves like a Road Map to reach the Destination determined by the Entrepreneur. Thus, a Project Report can best be defined as a well evolved course of action devised to achieve the Specified Objectives within a specified period of time
- Project report is prepared by an expert after detailed study and analysis of various aspects of a project

- Parties interested in project report are financial corporations, banks for getting loans etc.
- Scope of a project report:-
- The project report should able to present justifications for investment on the basis of,
- 1. Economic aspects- present analysis of the market for the product to be manufactured.
- 2. Technical aspects
- 3. Financial aspects
- Production aspects- description of the product selected for manufacturer and reasons for such selection.
- 5. Managerial aspects

Content of project report

- 1. Objectives and scope of report
- 2. Products characteristics
- 3. Market position and trends
- Raw material
- 5. Manufacture
- 6. Plant and machinery
- 7. Land and building
- 8. Financial implication
- 9. Marketing channel
- 10. Personnel

Proforma of a Project Report

We give here a proforma of the Project report.

Proforma for	a Project	Scheme	for the	Manufacture of	
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₹
orted machine allowances (for
freight)
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(i) Non-recurring expenditure				
(a) Working capital for 3 months		₹		
Total:		~		
(1) Total Cost of Production.		-		
(i) Total recurring expenditure		_		
(iii) Depreciation on machinery and equipment		2		
(10) Depreciation on building (10) Maintenance charges		-		
(v) Interest on total investment		₹		
(vi) Welfare for staff		₹		
(vii) Office stationery and postage, etc.		~		
Total:		~		
(m) Profit and Loss Account:		-		
(i) By sale of (qty.) of (a)		_		
ex-factory exclusive of applicable taxes		3		
(n) Cost of production (1)		*		
(iii) Profit (i) - (iii) Approx, percentage of the total	1			
Capital employed		₹		
Total:		₹		
3. Profitability and Projections				
(generally for about 5 to 10 years)				
Phase of activity				
Profitability of phases				
4. Infrastructure				
(i) Locational advantage				
(ii) Availability of material/power/water/labour				
(iii) Government policy		₹		
Break-Even Point				
(i) Fixed Costs:				
(Executive salaries/depreciation/rent/interest				
on investment and administration costs)		~		
(iii) Variable costs (direct labour/direct material/inco	xme-tax/			
commission and administration costs)		₹		
	Fixed +	Variable	Total	
Item of Cost	₹.		7	
Materials	₹	7	₹	
Labour	7	-	-	
Other Expenditure	-		10.000	
F				
$Q = \frac{F}{P - V}$				
Where Q = Break-even Quantity				
F = Fixed Cost				
V = Variable Cost per unit				
P = Sales Price per unit				
5. Names and Addresses of Suppliers				
(i) Raw Materials				
(i) Read Participant				
(iii) Machinery and Equipment				
6. Remarks (Sion	(Signature of the Consultant)			
Seal and Date (Sign	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.			