## Offline Handwritten Mathematical Symbols Recognition using CNN

Image Processing WS: 2021/2022 Kristian Hildebrand

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### **Outline**

- Dataset
- Sample size
- Tools used
- Model1
- Evaluation
- Prediction
- Model2
- Evaluation
- Prediction
- Results

#### **Dataset**

There are 82 classes of mathematical symbols including characters and digits that makes 375974 images.

special chars ---> '!' '(' ')' '+' ',' '-' ,'=','[' ']','{','}'

numbers ---> '0' '1' '2' '3' '4' '5' '6' '7' '8' '9'

Capital Letters ---> 'A','C','G' 'H' 'M' 'N' 'R' 'S' 'T' 'X'

Small Letters ---> 'b' ,'d','e','f','j' 'k' 'l', 'o' ,'p','q','u', 'v', 'w','y','z'

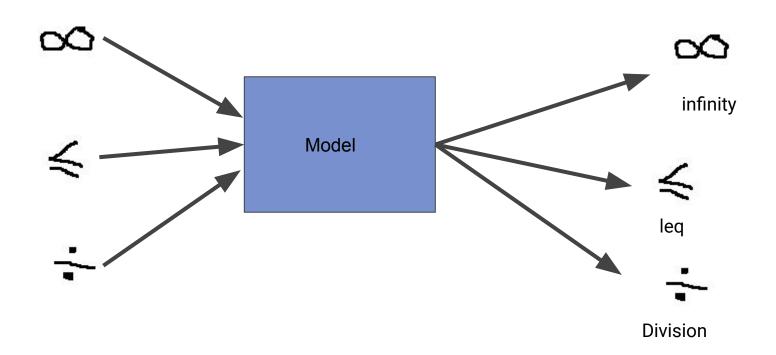
Maths symbol---> 'alpha', 'ascii\_124','beta', 'cos','exists','forall','forward\_slash','gamma', 'geq', 'gt','in', 'infty', 'int','lambda','ldots', 'leq', 'lim', 'log', 'lt', 'mu', 'neq','lambda','ldots','leq', 'lim','log', 'lt', 'mu','neq','rightarrow', 'sigma', 'sin', 'sqrt', 'sum', 'tan', 'theta', 'times'



# Sample size

forward_slash : 199 int : 2742 y : 9340 leq : 973 sqrt : 8908 gamma : 409 5 : 3545 sigma : 201 infty : 1783 + : 25112 6 : 3118 ldots : 609 } : 377 q : 1230 X : 26594	pi : 2332 ascii_124 : 1339 forall : 45 pm : 802 7 : 2909 gt : 258 { : 376 cos : 2986 ( : 14294 T : 3274 1 : 26520 o : 449 [ : 778 C : 5802 sum : 2689 V : 1558 H : 1464	0:6914 =:13104 in:47 u:1269 A:12367 e:3003 times:3251 beta:2025 2:26141 k:3074 alpha:2546 R:2671 S:1413 G:1692 4:7396	rightarrow: 1703 ): 14355 i: 5140 !: 1300 exists: 21 z: 5870 prime: 329 w: 556 8: 3068 M: 2476 lambda: 109 mu: 177 div: 868 theta: 2796 sin: 4293 Delta: 137	I: 1017 ]: 780 lim: 1675 N: 10862 log: 2001 f: 3712 geq: 693 d: 4852 9: 3737 neq: 558 p: 2680 phi: 355 j: 1536 -: 33997 3: 10909 tan: 2450
It : 477	H : 1464	, : 1906	b : 8651	tan : 2450

## Recognition



### Tools used

Google colab + kaggle + github

## Model 1- Training from scratch

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 44, 44, 32)	416
activation (Activation)	(None, 44, 44, 32)	0
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )	(None, 22, 22, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 21, 21, 32)	4128
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 21, 21, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)	(None, 10, 10, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 9, 9, 64)	8256
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 9, 9, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D)	(None, 4, 4, 64)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 1024)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	65600
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 64)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 82)	5330
activation_4 (Activation)	(None, 82)	0

Total params: 83,730

Trainable params: 83,730 Non-trainable params: 0

#### Accuracy:

loss: 0.3292 - accuracy: 0.8944 - val\_loss:

0.1657 - val\_accuracy: 0.9512

EPOCHS = 50

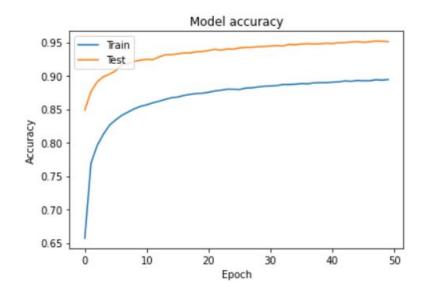
BS = 100 #Batch size

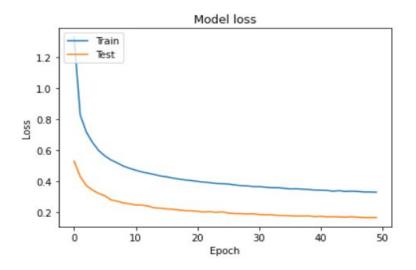
LR = 1e-3 #Learning rate 0.001

 $img_dim = (45,45,3)$ 

Time taken: 130 mins total

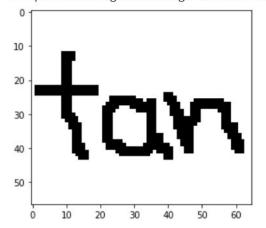
### Evaluation



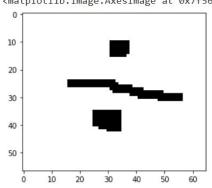


### Prediction

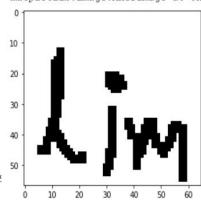
This Symbol is : t a n with probability match 97.76% <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f56817d7810>



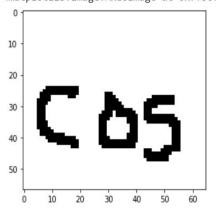
This Symbol is : d i v with probability match ! <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f5613e76990>



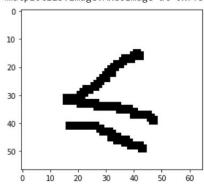
This Symbol is: 1 i m with probability match 99.99% <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f146f9ce2d0>



This Symbol is : t a n with probability match 80.35 <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f56faa29ed0>



This Symbol is: 6 with probability match 20.50% <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f56fbb54810>



### Results

Recognized positive: 20 Recognized Negative: 62

#### Conclusion:

Balanced data
More training Data
More GPU power
more epochs to get best fit

#### Model 2 - Pretarined on MobileNetV2

base\_model=tf.keras.applications.MobileNetV2( include\_top=**False**, input\_shape=(128,128,3), pooling='max', weights='imagenet')

#### Last layer modified:

BatchNormalization

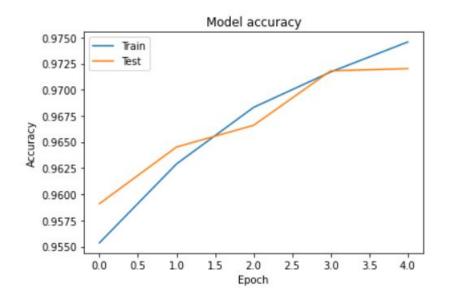
Dense

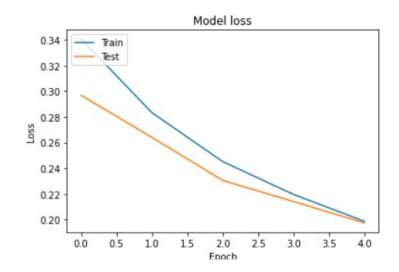
Dropout

Fully connected layer

Epoch: 5
Time:60 mins for each epoch learning\_rate=.001

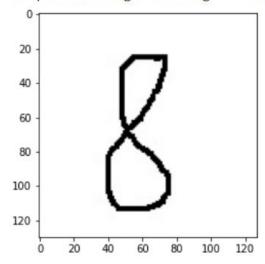
### **Evaluation**





### Prediction

```
4.18%
This Symbol is : - with probability match ('-', '4.18%')
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2e5f92a090>
```



Quite low prediction probability Not comparable Not able to achieve a expected prediction

## Model 3 - Training from Scratch

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 45, 45, 32)	832
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2 )	2D (None, 22, 22, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 18, 18, 48)	38448
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPoolin 2D)	ng (None, 9, 9, 48)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	76864
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPoolin 2D)	ng (None, 2, 2, 64)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 256)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 256)	65792
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 84)	21588
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 82)	6970

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Total params: 210,494 Trainable params: 210,494 Non-trainable params: 0

#### **Training Accuracy:**

loss: 0.3323 - accuracy: 0.8979 - val\_loss: 0.3079 - val\_accuracy: 0.9053

#### Model Evaluation:

loss: 0.3079 - accuracy: 0.9058 0.3079117238521576 0.9057754278182983

Epoch: 3

Image dim: (45,45,1)

learning\_rate = 5e-4 = 0.0005

Time taken: 30 mins for each epoch

#### Prediction

```
image1_path = '/content/sample_data/zero.png'
p1 = prediction(image1_path)
print(p1)
```

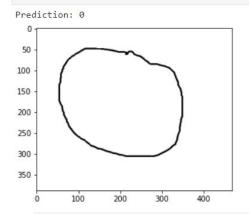
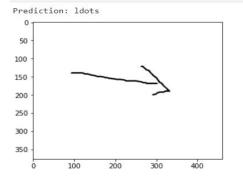


image3\_path = '/content/sample\_data/rightarrow.jpg'
p3 = prediction(image3\_path)
print(p3)



```
image3_path = '/content/sample_data/left_curve.png'
p3 = prediction(image3_path)
print(p3)
```

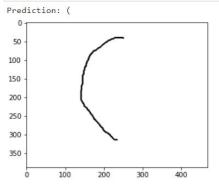
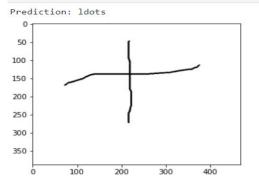


image2\_path = '/content/sample\_data/plus.png'
p2 = prediction(image2\_path)
print(p2)



### Summary:

- Trained from scratch model recognized better than pretrained model.
- Pretrained model using MobileNetV2 (weights imagnet) not quite good prediction.
- The higher dimension images not performed well during predictions.
- Model with 3 Conv layers worked better.
- More GPU power to try with different hyperparameters.
- Google colab often disconnects the session it's problematic for training.
- Drawback faced, saving a model and weights directly into Github not possible.

# Thank You

#### References

- https://www.tensorflow.org/guide/keras/writing\_a\_training\_loop\_from\_scratch
- https://towardsdatascience.com/creating-a-trashy-model-from-scratch-with-tensorflow-2-an-example-with-an-anomaly-detection-27f0d1d7bd00
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- https://www.kaggle.com/xainano/handwrittenmathsymbols
- https://github.com/ThomasLech/CROHME\_extractor
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/67266161/how-to-train-amd-test-dataset-of-images-downloaded-fro m-kaggle
- https://github.com/RichmondAlake/tensorflow\_2\_tutorials/blob/master/13\_lenet-5.ipynb