

Variable and Data Types in Java

Variable is a name of memory location.

There are three types of variables: Local, Instance and Static.

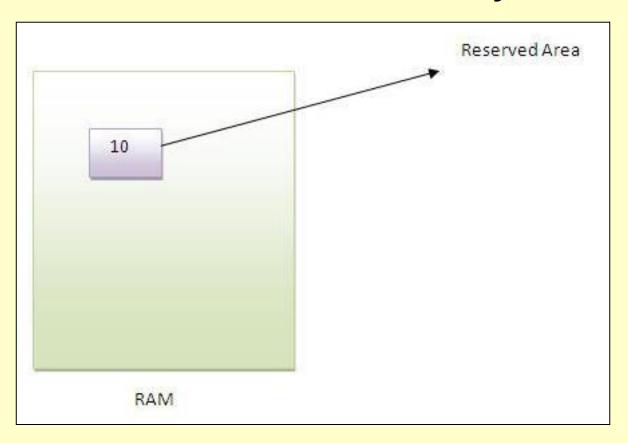
There are two types of data types in Java, Primitive and Non-primitive.



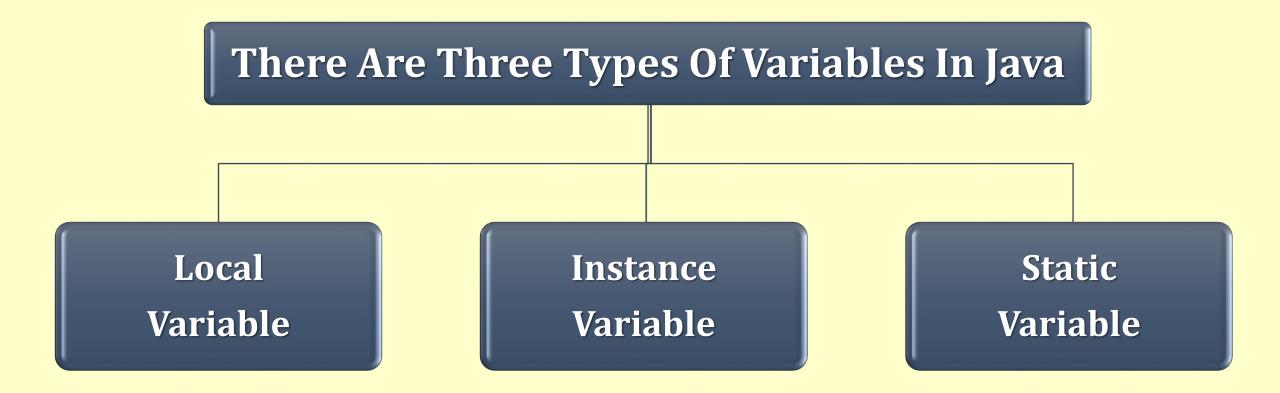
Variable:

Variable is name of reserved area allocated in memory.

int data=50;//
Here data is variable









Local Variable:

A variable that is declared inside the method is called local variable.

Instance Variable:

A variable that is declared inside the class but outside the method is called instance variable. It is not declared as static.

Static Variable:

A variable that is declared as static is called static variable. It cannot be local.

We will have detailed learning of these variables in next chapters.



Example to understand the types of variables

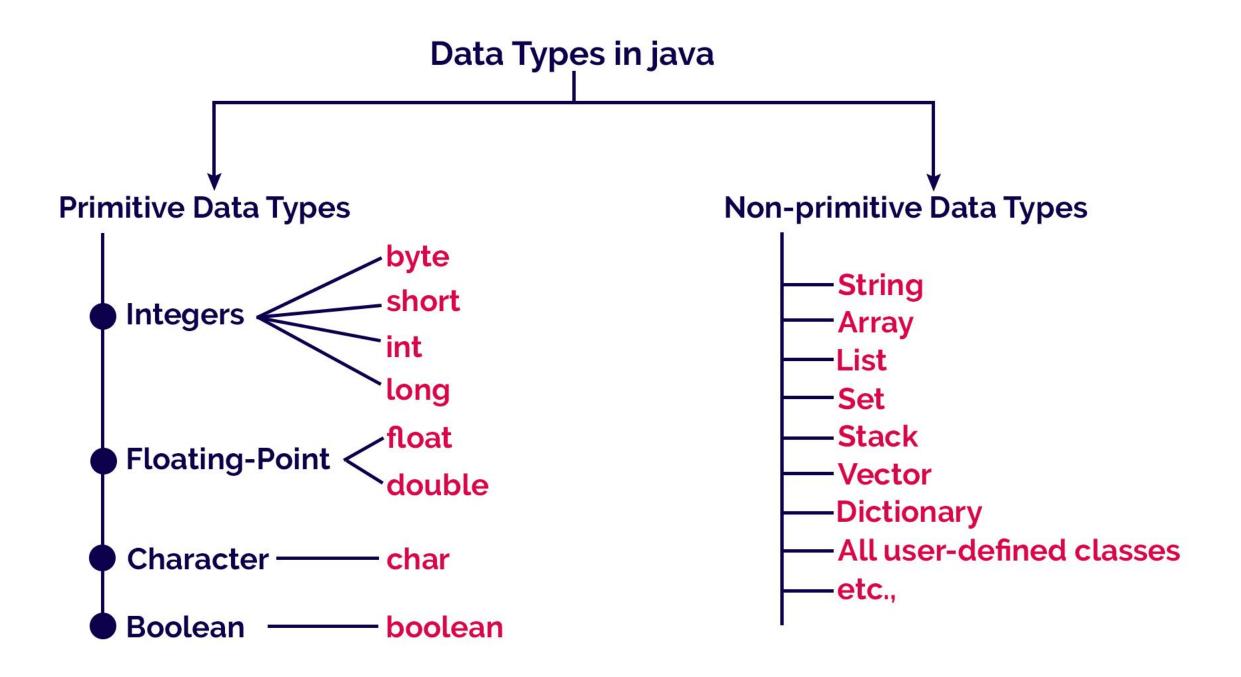
```
class A{
int data=50;//instance variable
static int m=100;//static variable
void method() {
int n=90;//local variable
}//end of class
```



Data Types in Java

In Java, There are Two Types of Data Types Primitive Data Types

Non-Primitive
Data Types





Data Type	Default Value	Default Size
boolean	false	1 bit
char	'\u0000'	2 byte
byte	0	1 byte
short	0	2 byte
int	0	4 byte
long	0L	8 byte
float	0.0f	4 byte
double	0.0d	8 byte

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