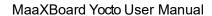
NVNET

MaaXBoards

(iMX8M, iMX8mini and iMX8nano)

Yocto Kirkstone 5.15

User Manual





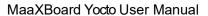
Revision History	
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Rev.	Description	Author	Date
V0.0	Initial version	Mitsuki	12142022



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Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Brief Introduction

This document demonstrate how to get started with a successful Yocto Kirkstone 5.15 build for the Avnet MaaXBoards(MaaXboard, MaaXboard mini and MaaXboard nano).

The Yocto Project (YP) is an open-source collaboration project that helps developers create custom Linux-based systems regardless of the hardware architecture. The project provides a flexible set of tools and a space where embedded developers worldwide can share technologies, software stacks, configurations, and best practices that can be used to create tailored Linux images for embedded and IOT devices. For more information on Yocto project, see the Yocto project page: www.yoctoproject.org/.

This document will be focus on metadata/inputs and build system (source files).

1.2 General workflow

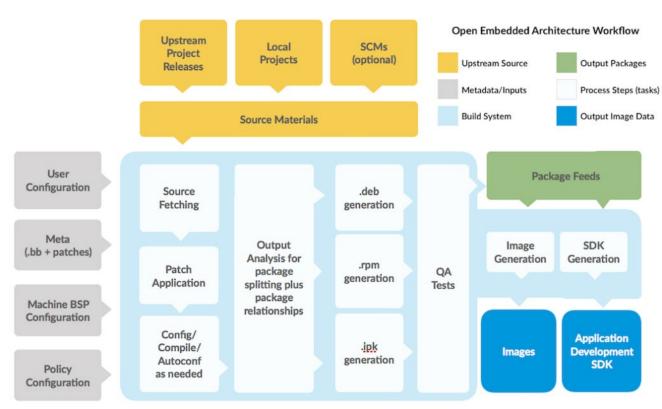


Image 1.1 Yocto build workflow



1.3 Metadata/input

The layers to be use in this document will be all the layers described in the NXP documentation (IMX_YOCTO_PROJECT_USERS_GUIDE) and the meta-maaxboard layer which contains MaaXBoards specific recipes, such as firmware, connectivity for Bluetooth and Wi-Fi. You can find all the meta-maaxboard layers on Avnet's github here.

MaaXborard	Description	Path
maaxboard-ddr4-2g-sdcard.conf	enable dcss hdmi maaxboard	meta-maaxboard\conf\machine\
MaaXboard mini	Description	Path
maaxboard-mini-ddr4-2g-sdcard.conf	enable usb maaxboard mini	meta-maaxboard\conf\machine\
MaaXboard nano	Description	Path
maaxboard-nano-ddr4-2g-sdcard.conf	enable mipi dsi maaxboard nano	meta-maaxboard\conf\machine\
Common	Description	Path
local.conf	contains all the local user configurations for your build environment	meta-maaxboard\conf\
bblayers.conf	defines layers, which are directory trees, traversed (or walked) by BitBake	meta-maaxboard\conf\
layer.conf	holds configuration files for the layer	meta-maaxboard\conf\

1.4 Build system (source files)

In order to customizes the MaaXboards configurations we need to locate the most important files for our kernel and bootloader, the needed files are listed below:

Kerne/linux-imx:

MaaXborard	Description	Path
maaxboard-dcss-hdmi.dts	enable dcss hdmi maaxboard	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-dcss-mipi.dts	enable dcss mipi maaxboard	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-lcdif-mipi.dts	enable lcd mipi maaxboard	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-dual-display.dts	enable dual display maaxboard	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-usb0-device.dts	enable usb maaxboard	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-dsi-common.dtsi	display serial interface maaxboard	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-extended-gpio.dtsi	gpios functionality maaxboard	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard.dtsi	device tree source include, SoC level definitions maaxboard	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard_defconfig	to retain a known set of kernel configurations	linux-imx/arch/arm64/configs/
MaaXboard mini	Description	Path
maaxboard-mini-device.dts	enable usb maaxboard mini	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-mini-mipi.dts	enable mipi dsi maaxboard mini	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-mini-extended-gpio.dtsi	gpios functionality maaxboard mini	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-mini.dtsi	device tree source include, SoC level definitions maaxboard mini	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard_mini_defconfig	to retain a known set of kernel configurations	linux-imx/arch/arm64/configs/
MaaXboard nano	Description	Path
maaxboard-nano-mipi.dts	enable mipi dsi maaxboard nano	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-nano-extended-gpio.dtsi	gpios functionality maaxboard nano	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard-nano.dtsi	device tree source include, SoC level definitions maaxboard nano	linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
maaxboard_nano_defconfig	to retain a known set of kernel configurations	linux-imx/arch/arm64/configs/



BSP/u-boot-imx:

MaaXborard	Description	Path
maaxboard folder	DDR, SPL and maaxboard init functions	u-boot-imx/board/embest/
maaxboard.dts	device tree source for maaxboard	u-boot-imx/arch/arm/dts/
maaxboard.h	maaxbaord configuration board	u-boot-imx/include/configs/
maaxboard_defconfig	to retain a known set of bootloader configurations	u-boot-imx/configs/
uEnv-mq.txt	to make the kernel configurable	N/A
MaaXboard mini	Description	Path
maaxboard_mini	DDR, SPL and maaxboard mini init functions	u-boot-imx/board/embest/
maaxboard-mini.dts	device tree source for maaxboard mini	u-boot-imx/arch/arm/dts/
maaxboard_mini.h	maaxbaord mini configuration board	u-boot-imx/include/configs/
maaxboard_mini_defconfig	to retain a known set of bootloader configurations	u-boot-imx/configs/
uEnv-mini.txt	to make the kernel configurable	N/A
MaaXboard nano	Description	Path
maaxboard_nano	DDR, SPL and maaxboard mini init functions	u-boot-imx/board/freescale/
maaxboard-nano.dts	device tree source for maaxboard mini	u-boot-imx/arch/arm/dts/
maaxboard-nano-extended-gpio.dtsi	to configure the gpios	u-boot-imx/arch/arm/dts/
maaxboard_nano.h	maaxbaord mini configuration board	u-boot-imx/include/configs/
maaxboard_nano_defconfig	to retain a known set of bootloader configurations	u-boot-imx/configs/
uEnv-nano.txt	to make the kernel configurable	N/A
Common	Description	Path
embest_env.h	to make the kernel configurable	u-boot-imx/include/configs/
embest_fdt_overlay.h	to make the kernel configurable	u-boot-imx/include/configs/
imx8m	add config board definitions	u-boot-imx/arch/arm/mach-imx/imx8m/



Chapter 2 Setup project

This chapter will introduce the setup host and Yocto project build as described in NXP documentation.

2.1 Host setup

2.1.1 Operating system

These instructions assume that you are using one of these versions of standard desktop Ubuntu:

- Ubuntu 18.04 LTS supported version for Yocto Kirkstone.
- Ubuntu 20.04 LTS supported version for Yocto Kirkstone
- Ubuntu 22.04 LTS supported version for Yocto Kirkstone

These instructions also assume that you are using the default Bash shell that comes with Ubuntu.

2.1.2 Host packages

Install the following packages

~\$ sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install -y gawk wget git-core diffstat unzip texi nfo gcc-multilib build-essential chrpath socat libsdl1.2-dev xterm sed cvs subversion co reutils texi2html docbook-utils python-pysqlite2 help2man make gcc g++ desktop-file-util s libgl1-mesa-dev libglu1-mesa-dev mercurial autoconf automake groff curl lzop asciidoc u-boot-tools cpio sudo locales

2.1.3 Install the repoutility

Repo is a tool built on top of Git that makes it easier to manage projects that contain multiple repositories, which do not need to be on the same server



2.2 Yocto setup

This section will introduce all the needed setup we will need in order to build the MaaXboards recipes we choose.

2.2.1 Configure GIT

List present configuration

~\$ git config --list

If the above command demonstrates that you already have a username and email configured, then you can skip the remainder of this section and continue with configuring Repo.

Configure Git

```
~$ git config --global user.name "Firstname Lastname"
~$ git config --global user.email "EmailAddress@Domain.com"
```

Confirm that Git is configured properly

~\$ git config --list

You should see at least these two lines with your name and email address

```
user.name=Firstname Lastname
user.email=EmailAddress@Domain.com
```



2.2.2 Download meta layers from NXP

The very first thing you need to do is to create your work directory:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/

Create a new directory called imx-yocto-bsp. We'll be downloading the board support package (BSP) and other meta layers here:

Workdirectory/maaxboard\$ mkdir imx-yocto-bsp
Workdirectory/maaxboard\$ cd imx-yocto-bsp
Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp\$

Install the i.MX BSP repo and download the Yocto Project Layers. I'll be using Kirkstone here:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp\$ repo init -u https://github.com/nxp-imx/imx-manifest -b imx-linux-kirkstone -m imx-5.15.71-2.2.0.xml
Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp\$ repo sync

You should now see the following folders / files

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp\$ 1s
imx-setup-release.sh
README

README-IMXBSP setup-environment

sources



2.2.3 Setup the yocto build enviroment

First some Yocto definitions

MACHINE=<machine>

Use EVK names for <machine> listed in Yocto Project Users Guide, section 5.1 "Build configurations" DISTRO=fsl-imx-<backend> where <backend> refers to the graphics type:

xwayland = Wayland with X11 support - default distro

wayland = Wayland only

fb = Framebuffer (not supported for imx8)

Note: Each build folder can only support a single DISTRO

Setup the Yocto build environment

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp\$ MACHINE=imx8mqevk DISTRO=fsl-imx-xwayland source imx-setup-release.sh -b maaxboard-wayland

This operation will generate two conf files under the path maaxboard-wayland

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/maaxboard-wayland/conf\$ ls

local.conf

bblayer.conf



2.2.4 Clone meta-maaxboard git repository

All the needed files to build the kernel and universal bootloader can be downloaded from github:

HinoAM/meta-maaxboard: Yocto meta-layer for MaaXBoard/Mini/Nano (github.com)

Go to sources folder

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp\$ cd sources

Clone the meta-maaxboard layer

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/sources\$ git clone https://github.com/HinoAM/meta-maaxboard.git

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/sources\$ cd meta-maaxboard

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/sources/meta-maaxboard\$ git checkout kirkstone

At the end of this steps, you will have some repository like below:

```
Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/sources/meta-maaxboard$ ls

conf README.md recipes-connectivity replace-conf.sh

docs recipes-bsp recipes-kernel
```

You will need to modify local.conf and bblayer.conf (created before by the imx-setup-release.sh) files according to your settings. Inside meta-maaxboard folder you will find a script that you can run and replace the files. You need to put the folder destination and the type of maaxboard desktop you want, for example:

```
Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/sources/meta-maaxboard$ ./replace-conf.sh maaxboard d-wayland maaxboard bblayers.conf maaxboards copied ... [OK] local.conf maaxboard copied ... [OK] Done
```



2.2.5 Source files and bbappend files

Inside of the meta-maaxboard folder, you will find the folder structure and files needed to replace the files in kernel and universal bootloader, this is possible with the bbappend files, after bitbake downloaded the source code from the repositories the bbappend files will replace the needed source files in order to build the kernel and universal bootloader for MaaXboards.

u-boot path:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/sources/meta-maaxboard/recipes-bsp/u-boot\$ ls files

u-boot-imx_2020.04.bbappend
uenv_1.1.bb

linux path:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/sources/meta-maaxboard/recipes-kernel/linux\$ ls files

linux-imx_5.4.bbappend



2.2.6 Build Yocto

The Yocto Project provides some images that are available on different layers. Poky provides some images, meta-freescale and meta-freescale-distro provide others, and additional image recipes are provided in the meta-imx layer. The following table lists various key images, their contents, and the layers that provide the image.

Image name	Target	Provided by layer
core-image- minimal	A small image that only allows a device to boot.	poky
core-image-base	A console-only image that fully supports the target device hardware.	poky
core-image-sato	An image with Sato, a mobile environment and visual style for mobile devices. The image supports a Sato theme and uses Pimlico applications. It contains a terminal, an editor and a file manager.	poky
imx-image-core	An i.MX image with i.MX test applications to be used for Wayland backends. This image is used by our daily core testing.	meta-imx/meta-sdk
fsl-image- machine-test	An FSL Community i.MX core image with console environment - no GUI interface.	meta-freescale-distro
imx-image- multimedia	Builds an i.MX image with a GUI without any Qt content.	meta-imx/meta-sdk
imx-image-full	Builds an opensource Qt 6 image with Machine Learning features. These images are only supported for i.MX SoC with hardware graphics. They are not supported on the i.MX 6UltraLite, i.MX 6UltraLiteLite, i. MX 6SLL, i.MX 7Dual, i.MX 8MNanoLite, or i.MX 8DXL	meta-imx/meta-sdk

Image 2.1 Build targets

Is highly recommend fetching the sources first:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/maaxboard-wayland\$ bitbake imx-image-full --runall fetch

Then run bitbake:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/maaxboard-wayland\$ bitbake imx-image-full



2.2.7 Build output

Once it's done building, the build output is located under path:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/maaxboard-wayland/tmp/deploy/images/maaxboard-ddr4-2g-sdcard\$

You will find a wic file which is the needed file to flash into the SD card.

2.2.8 Returning to this project at later date

Bitbake will not run if the environment is not configured. If you close the present shell (terminal) then you will lose the environment set up by imx-setup-release.sh. To set up our environment again:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp\$ source setup-environment maaxboard-wayland

2.2.9 Wi-Fi and Bluetooth

Maaxboard include an Azure Wave which include the wi-fi and ble, the embedded zip already has the needed files the enable the features, the firmware comes in binary and blob we just need to tell bitbake where to put them in order to use them.

linux firmware path:

Workdirectory/maaxboard/imx-yocto-bsp/sources/meta-maaxboard/recipes-kernel/linux-firmware\$ ls

files

linux-firmware_%.bbappend